

ESTABLISHED 1833.

FORT WAYNE, IND., WEDNESDAY, MAY 22 1901.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

MAKE SOME GAINS

STRIKING MACHINISTS ARE
WINNING DEMANDS.

NUMBER NOW OUT IS 40,000

CINCINNATI AND PACIFIC COAST
STORM CENTERS.

THE SCOTTS GIVE OUT HINT

BUT WARSHIPS MUST BE BUILT
ON PACIFIC COAST.

Washington, May 22.—President O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists, estimates that the number of machinists engaged in the strike today is 40,000. He claims to be satisfied with the situation and has confidence in the result.

"By next Monday morning," he said, "probably 80 per cent. of the men who went out will be back at work, with their demands granted. The other 10 per cent. are mostly on the Pacific coast and in several Ohio cities. San Francisco is the only place where we look for a protracted strike. The situation there is unchanged and the strike may cover several weeks. No important developments are reported at Cincinnati, though about fifteen small firms have signed the agreements.

The situation also is unchanged at Hamilton, Dayton and Alliance, Ohio, and Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. Reports from all other sections indicate that negotiations are progressing and that agreements are in sight."

President Mulholland, of the Allied Metal Trades association, comprising the semi-skilled men in machine shops, has notified the machinists' headquarters here that he is ready to order out his men whenever the latter body deems it necessary. The strike leaders, however, do not care to involve any more men in the movement than is necessary, and the indications are that there will be no general augmentation of the force of the strikers by the allied men.

Kansas City advises indicate that nine firms there signed today, leaving approximately 300 men still out. All of the fourteen firms in Hoboken, N. J., have signed. In Buffalo twenty-two firms are reported as having made agreements with the strikers. At Sharon, Pa., the Continental Iron company has signed and the Hazleton Iron works and the Janesville Iron works at Hazleton, Pa., have made concessions.

Mr. O'Connell will not attend the conference in New York tonight between District No. 2, National Metal Trades association (the employers organization, and District No. 15, of the machinists' association.

THE SCOTTS GIVE A HINT.

San Francisco, May 22.—Absolute order has so far obtained in the strike of machinists here. Thirteen shops have so far granted the workmen's demands. The Fulton and McCormick Iron works have been virtually closed by the strike of the molders employed in those places.

Molders in other shops did not strike because they say the movement has not yet received the sanction of their national body in Cincinnati.

Bishop Nichols, of the Episcopal church, at the request of the labor leaders, called on President Scott, of the Union Iron works; Capt. W. H. Taylor, president of the Biscan Iron works, and one or two more of the employers, with a view to arbitration, but his mission was unsuccessful.

Secretary Wisler, who represents the international associations, expressed the belief, however, that a peaceful solution of the difficulty is in sight.

Henry T. Scott, of the Union Iron works, declared that the employers are ready and willing to hold a conference with the men who are employed by the Union Iron works, or other places affected, but added this significant statement:

"We are not bound to build the armored cruisers California and the South Dakota at our yards. It is possible for us to have both these ships built at Bath, Cramps, Newport News or a dozen other ship yards where the men have not struck. The strike may result in the government withholding contracts for ships."

WHAT THE LAW SAYS.

Washington, May 22.—The navy department continues to receive word from shipyards where warships are building, concerning the pendency of strikes. In this connection it appears that the Union Iron works, at San Francisco, has under construction

two armored cruisers, the California and the South Dakota. These are built under the acts of 1899 and 1900, each of which acts has a provision reciting: "The aforesaid vessels shall be built on or near the coast of the Pacific ocean, or in the waters connected therewith," provided their cost is not 4 per cent above the lowest accepted bid for the other vessels provided for in the acts.

The contract states that the vessels shall be constructed in accordance with the provisions of these acts of congress. It also contains a provision "that this contract shall not, nor shall any interest herein be transferred by the party of the first part to any other person or persons."

TALKS OF REVELATIONS.

An error in The Sentinel yesterday caused it to be announced that Rev. W. E. Wight, of Kalamazoo, would lecture on the book of Revelations at the Berry Street M. E. church last evening. It should have been the First Baptist church, where Rev. Wight will lecture this evening. The subject tonight will be "Trusts and Secret Societies;" Thursday evening, "The Company in Heaven," and Friday evening, "The Final Harvest." There are Bible studies each afternoon, to which all sincerely interested persons are invited.

WILLIAM R. NELSON IN TOWN
FORT WAYNE NEWSPAPER MAN
OF FORMER DAYS.

Now Owner of the Kansas City Star—
His Present Visit of a Purely
Social Nature.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Nelson and daughter, Miss Laura Nelson, of Kansas City, arrived in the city today and are registered at the Wayne. Mr. Nelson will be well remembered by the older residents of Fort Wayne, and years ago he was associated with Samuel Morris in the ownership of The Sentinel. Mr. Nelson is now the owner of the Kansas City Star, one of the most valuable newspaper properties in the west.

In his room at the Wayne this afternoon Mr. Nelson received a reporter for The Sentinel most kindly, though he protested his inability to say anything that would be of interest. "I have just reached the city," said he, "and have not yet had time to look around."

Asked as to the nature of his visit Mr. Nelson replied that he came with his family solely to meet his sisters, Miss Eva R. Nelson, of this city, and Mrs. Henry W. Bond, of Boston, who is now here, as well as his sister-in-law, Mrs. DeGroot Nelson, and that he would probably remain several days.

"I have looked forward to this visit with a great deal of pleasure and I mean to get about as much as possible," continued Mr. Nelson. "Ordinarily people are interested in the changes—what has been torn down and rebuilt, but what interests me is that which has not been torn down, and I protest against the rebuilding," he remarked with a smile. "It has been twenty-one years since I left Fort Wayne," said Mr. Nelson, "and even in the short trip from the station to the hotel I can see that a marvelous change has come over the city."

A number of old friends who learned of Mr. Nelson's presence in the city called upon him at the hotel today.

PASS WEATHER BUREAU ACT.
Mamla, May 22.—The Philippine commission has passed the weather bureau act and has also voted a loan of \$2,500 for each province to help pay the expenses till the land taxes are available. These loans are payable at the end of 1902. The commission has imposed a registration tax of one peso annually on all males over eighteen, excepting soldiers. Non-payment of the tax disqualifies from voting and involves a penalty of 100 per cent, which can be enforced by the sale of the delinquent's goods and chattels. The provincial treasurers have been made land registrars pending the enactment of the system of land registration. Deputies and clerks appointed by the provincial officers are exempted from civil service rules till March.

Dr. A. H. MacBeth has gone to Buffalo, N. Y., and expects to return home on Friday.

Miss Stella Gregg has returned from a visit with Miss Lizzie Wunderlich at Columbia City.

Mrs. A. Spangle, of 188 Calhoun street, has gone to the sanitarium at Battle Creek, Mich., for treatment.

A KING'S ESCAPE

EDWARD VII. IN WRECK OF THE
SHAMROCK II.

HER RIGGING SWEEP AWAY

CUP CHALLENGER CAUGHT IN
FURIOUS SQUALL.

HIS MAJESTY WAS QUITE COOL

GREAT DAMAGE TO LIPTON'S
NEW RACER.

Southampton, May 22.—The cup challenger, with King Edward and a party on board, was totally dismasted today by a squall, off Cowes, Isle of Wight. The king, who was on deck, had a miraculous escape. The top mast, main mast and bowsprit were broken short off.

London, May 22.—3:55 p. m.—During the race between the two Shamrocks and the Sybarite, in the Solent today, a sudden squall struck the yachts. The top mast of the Shamrock II. was carried away and then her main mast went by the board, carrying all her sails with it and leaving her practically a wreck. The top sail of the Shamrock I. was also carried away in the squall. King Edward, who was the guest of Sir Thomas Lipton of board the Shamrock II. at the time, had a narrow escape.

No one was injured on board the yachts.

OVER A TRIANGULAR COURSE.

Ryde, Isle of Wight, May 22.—The yachts were to be sent today reaching over a triangular course similar to one of the Americas cup series. The entrance into the race of the yawl Sybarite (about ninety nine feet over all) added to the interest taken in the contest, and especially as the fresh weather and reaching course were both in favor of the yawl, placing the captains of the two Shamrocks under the necessity of driving their boats at full speed in order to make any creditable showing against the outside, and promising King Edward an opportunity of witnessing what promised to be the smartest race of the series.

There was a fine, fresh, easterly breeze driving a short, white-topped sea up the channel when the three yachts set their club-topsails shortly after noon and proceeded to the starting point.

There was some delay in establishing a starting line. The wind freshened considerably and blew twelve to thirteen knots, with the prospect of magnificent racing.

King Edward, desiring to take a more active part in the proceedings than was possible from the deck of the Erin, was taken on board the challenger, accompanied by Sir Thomas Lipton and two ladies.

The preliminary starting signal was given from the Erin. While the yachts were maneuvering for the start a squall came within the slightest warning and the bowsprit of the challenger was carried away short. The extra strain thus thrown on the topmast proved too much for the spar. It whipped, broke and bowed off to leeward, carrying the whole weight of the jackyard and gear over the side in a terrible tangle. Almost as the topmast fell, the great steel mainmast, weighing more than two tons and carrying spars and gear weighing an additional three or four tons, swayed for a moment and then, almost by a miracle, plunged over the side and into the water, with the ripping, tearing sound of breaking wire and tearing gear in the air.

The members of the royal party were seated on deck, close to the companion-way.

The king was showing keen pleasure watching the fight which Captain Sycamore was making for the advantage at the start. The yacht was racing along at a formidable angle, and the sloping deck, with a mere fringe of rail, seemed a rather perilous place for the accommodation of the visitors.

SITUATION WAS GRAVE.

As the wreckage swept the deck it was astonishing that no one was injured. For a moment or two the situation appeared to be very grave. The king maintained his composure. Most of the head men went overboard.

Within five seconds of the disaster the Shamrock I. bore around to render assistance, when she in turn was caught by the squall and her gaff

and topsail spars collapsed, leaving her helplessly crippled.

The press tug following the racers ranged alongside the helpless yachts and a torpedo boat, which was in the vicinity, and the Sybarite sent boats to the scene.

But, in answer to a hail, Captain Sycamore sent the reassuring message that all on board had escaped without injury.

ROYAL PARTY TAKEN OFF.
As quickly as possible the king and the royal party were transferred to the Erin and later the king, accompanied by Sir Thomas Lipton, landed in Southampton, from which place his majesty will proceed to London.

In the meanwhile the crews of the racers set about clearing away the wreckage. Owing to the unwieldy nature of the spars and gear it was found impossible to get them on board and they were cut away and allowed to sink. After buoys had been placed to mark the places where the wreckage sank, the yachts were then towed back to Hythe, there to await a decision as to what should be done towards repairing them.

THE KING'S INTEREST.

Southampton, May 22.—The interest shown in the event by King Edward added special zest to what was to be today's trial of the Shamrocks. His majesty, who was accompanied only by his personal attendants, was met at the pier by Sir Thomas Lipton and W. G. Jamieson. They entered a launch and proceeded to the Erin.

The visit was quite informal, a few additional policemen on the pier being the only evidence of anything unusual. Although it was originally intended that the king should sail on board the challenger, it was pointed out that there was a considerable element of danger when a lightly-built racer was hard driven, and it was decided that his majesty should witness the race from the Erin, though he later went aboard the new challenger.

Immediately after the king boarded the Erin she started in the wake of the yachts, which were already en route for the starting line.

FIVE CADETS ARE DISMISSED

DRASTIC ACTION IN WEST POINT
CASES.

Secretary of War Expels Mutinous
Cadets and Suspends Six—No
Court Martial.

Washington, May 22.—The names of the cadets who have been dismissed from the military academy as the result of the recent disturbances there are as follows:

Henry L. Bolby, John A. Cleveland, Traugott F. Teller, Raymond A. Linton, Birkie O. Mahaffey. All these cadets are of the second class.

The dismissed cadets are from the following states:

Bolby, Nebraska; Cleveland, Alabama; Teller, New York; Linton, Michigan; Mahaffey, Texas.

The following cadets have been suspended:

Olan C. Alshire, Illinois; Benj. F. McClellan, Mississippi; James A. Shannon, Minnesota; Charles Telford, Utah. All are of the second class.

Also Thomas N. Gypertling, of Ohio, and Harry Hawley, of New York, of the third class.

These cadets are suspended without pay until April 1, 1902.

The order of dismissal is signed by Secretary Root and states that it is issued by direction of the president, upon recommendation of the superintendent of the military academy.

The same language is used regarding the suspensions. There was no court martial of these cadets, but under the law the secretary has the power to dismiss or suspend cadets upon recommendation of the superintendent.

A board of officers in this particular case was appointed, which made a thorough examination of the disturbance. The board reported the facts to the superintendent and the superintendent made his report and recommendations to the secretary of war, and upon this report the secretary acted.

GREETING FROM DIAZ.

Buffalo, May 22.—The following telegram from President Diaz, of Mexico, was received today by Mr. Buchanan, director general of the Pan-American exposition:

"Permit me to be one of the first to present my congratulations through you to the worthy people of Buffalo and justly to felicitate them upon their activity in inaugurating the first exposition with which American civilization salutes the twentieth century."

SWEPT BY FLOODS

TENNESSEE RIVERS BOOMING
OUT OF THEIR BANKS.

SEVERAL PERSONS DROWNED

MANY HOUSES SWEEP AWAY AT
ELIZABETHTOWN.

PROPERTY DAMAGE A MILLION

AN UNPRECEDENTED RUSH OF
ANGRY WATERS.

Elizabethtown, Tenn., May 22.—A flood from the Dee and Watauga rivers swept through the low lying section of Elizabethtown during the night, drowned three persons, carried away sixty-two dwellings, and caused damage in the rich farming district of Carter county estimated at \$1,000,000. Nearly every farmhouse for some distance along both rivers was destroyed or washed from its foundations and it is possible the loss of life will be greatly increased when full reports are received.

The known dead are:
Mrs. Gregg.
Mrs. Finley.
Negro, known as Souchong.

With a rush unprecedented in the history of this section the waters tore down through the Dee and Watauga channels last night, carrying away dozens of bridges and small buildings. When the flood reached Elizabethtown it made quick work of sixty-two small dwellings along the river banks, where were sheltered 250 persons. Three were drowned in their efforts to escape.

Several others are reported missing. All means of communication was destroyed and news of the disaster did not reach outside points until late in the morning.

MANY STREAMS IN FLOOD.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—Many streams in eastern Tennessee are reported out of their banks and five persons are reported to have lost their lives.

A bridge over the Watauga near Bristol was wrecked last night, stopping traffic to the east on that route over the Southern railway. At Embreeville the Southern railway bridge also was partially wrecked, stopping traffic on the Embreeville branch.

The Tennessee river is rising rapidly. Those reported dead are:

Unknown man, dropped dead from fright at Elizabethtown.
Three Hill children at Ripley's island, drowned in the destruction of their home.
Thomas Jerald, at Tate Hill, believed to have been drowned in the flood from the Chucky river, which carried away his store.

CHANGES ON POLICE FORCE

SERGEANT STEVENS DROPS TO
RANKS.

Takes Reduction at His Own Request

—Officer Phipps Promoted

to Vacancy.

The board of safety held an important meeting last night and transacted more business than has been transacted at any one session for some months. Sergeant Stevens, at his own request, was reduced from his rank to that of patrolman, being assigned to the beat made vacant by the death of Officer Madden. For some months Sergeant Stevens has been contemplating such a move on account of his health, believing that the benefit he would derive from day employment and rest at night would more than compensate him for the difference in salary. Patrolman Ora A. Phipps was appointed sergeant in his stead, the change to become effective on June 1. Officer Phipps won his stripes on merit only, there being a number of older men on the force, some of whom expected to be in line for promotion at the first opportunity. Officer Phipps has been on the force about four years, is intelligent, has made an excellent record, returns a clean report and is a testator on and off duty. His appointment gives general satisfaction and there is not the same kicking as there would have been several years ago when promotions were made for the man who had the strongest "pull." Sherman Lavanway, who has been acting as extra policeman for nearly a year and a half, was appointed a regular policeman, and in

his past experience he has proven himself thoroughly competent. The matter of appointing additional patrolmen in accordance with the recommendations of Mayor Scherer and Superintendent Gorsline was taken up and discussed, resulting in the board deciding to ask the city council for an appropriation of \$900. This sum will pay the salaries of two patrolmen until December 31, when the new appropriations for the next year will be determined upon.

M. A. Reinhardt has been given permission to erect two houses on Woodlawn avenue at a cost of \$3,000. Mayor Berghoff this morning received a letter from the president of the relief association at Jacksonville, Fla., stating that 10,000 people were rendered homeless and destitute by the recent fire there and asking for financial assistance from the people of this city. Mayor Berghoff requests The Sentinel to announce that he will receive contributions and personally see to it that they reach the proper authorities in the stricken city.

SUSPECTED MAN SUICIDES

FRED C. FOSTER SHOTS HIM-
SELF FATAALLY.

Was Under Suspicion of Dynamiting
the Cambridgeport (Mass.)
National Bank.

Cambridge, Mass., May 22.—Fred C. Foster, of Cambridgeport, who was under suspicion of the police in connection with the explosion which wrecked the Cambridgeport National bank yesterday, committed suicide by shooting today in the presence of a police officer who had called on Mr. Foster to make inquiries in connection with the case. Foster was forty-three years of age.

Foster had a wife and three children. He had been under surveillance, the police say, since yesterday afternoon, when it became known that he had presented a check at the bank calling for \$1,100, for which he had no funds in the bank.

IN JUSTICES' COURTS.

The three-cornered fight on Columbia street the other morning, in which somebody was supposed to have been stabbed with a pair of ice tongs, has been unraveled and affidavits were filed in Bullerman's court last evening. William Menary and Grant Shipley were arrested for assaulting Alfred Russell, and Russell was arrested for assaulting Shipley. The cases will be heard this evening by Justice Bullerman, and meantime Menary and Shipley are out on bail, while Russell is sojourning with Sheriff Stout.

The three cases charging larceny against William Mencer are being heard in France's court this afternoon. Mencer is the party brought back from Missouri last week by Sheriff Stout.

The case of the state vs. O'Ryan for assault and battery on Becker, driver for the Buckeye brewery, has been venued from Huser's to Tancey's court and is on trial as The Sentinel goes to press. The fight occurred over a dog fight.

TROOPS LEAVE PEKIN.

Pekin, May 22.—The last of the American troops here, with the exception of the legion guard, left Pekin at 7 o'clock this morning. The headquarters staff departed at 1 o'clock. In spite of the early hour and the long distances they had to march, all the bands of the British troops escorted the Ninth United States infantry from the Temple of Agriculture to the depot, where a Japanese band awaited the troops. All the British generals and their staffs and all the officers off duty were present. The scene was one of great enthusiasm. As the latter train left a great crowd was present to wish General Chaffee farewell.

NORTHERN EDITORS MEET.

Logansport, Ind., May 22.—The northern division of the Independent Editorial association met here yesterday. Among the important matters discussed was the question regarding "patent insiders," used by many papers. It was the sentiment that the firms which furnish this matter are members of a trust, thus being in a position to force editors to their terms, frequently taking undue advantage. The papers are now paying twelve cents a quire, whereas they claim nine cents would be sufficient, and favor discontinuance of the "patent insiders."

Miss Cora Kurrle spent Sunday with her parents at Kendallville.

TOTS BEAR'S PREY

THREE CHILDREN DEVoured
BY WILD BEAST.

WANDERED INTO A FOREST

HORRIBLE STORY FROM WEST
VIRGINIA.

MANGLED REMAINS FOUND

THE BEAR DISCOVERED AND
SLAUGHTERED.

Pittsburg, May 22.—A Job, W. Va., special says:
To be crushed to death in the embrace of a monstrous black bear and their little bodies afterward mangled and partly devoured was the frightful fate that befell the three young children of E. H. Porterfield, a mountaineer residing about twelve miles southeast of this place.

The remains were found yesterday by a searching party, which had been out since Sunday evening. The party included John Weldon, a Maryland hunter, who, within a few moments after the discovery of the bodies, shot and killed the bear in a neighboring thicket.

The children were Mary, aged three; Willie, aged five, and Henry, aged seven.
Shortly after noon Sunday they left home to gather flowers in a clearing near their home. Nothing more is known, but it is supposed that they wandered into the woods and becoming lost continued on their way until they were overtaken by the bear in the dense forest three miles from their parents' home.

The bear feasted off all three of the bodies. The bones of the children had been crushed like straws and the flesh stripped off with teeth and claws.

The party divided and began a search. Within a few minutes Weldon discovered the bear in a thick clump of hemlock saplings near a small stream. A single shot ended its life.

It was declared to be the largest bear ever seen in this neighborhood. The bodies of the children, which presented a sickening sight, were carried home in sacks. The parents of the children are almost crazed with grief, their bereavement leaving them childless.

MR. MACKWITZ IS IN CONTROL

BUYS A MAJORITY OF FREE
PRESSE STOCK.

German Daily Will Continue as Independent, But Leaning Toward Democracy.

Herman Mackwitz, who has been managing editor of the Fort Wayne Freie Presse, has made a purchase of eighty-six shares of stock in the Freie Presse company, giving him a controlling interest in the publication. Mr. Mackwitz announced today that the newspaper will continue as an independent journal, but with democratic tendencies.

Heretofore republicans have held a controlling interest in the stock and the Freie Presse was regarded as republican. Nearly all the republican stockholders are now out of it. A rumor that the purchase had been made in the interest of some well known democrats is denied by Mr. Mackwitz, who insists that he was acting solely for himself.

CLAIM AGENTS MEET.

Cleveland, May 22.—The annual convention of the National Association of Claim Agents opened at the Colonial hotel in this city today, with about seventy-five delegates in attendance. The members of the association are railway claim agents, general solicitors, claim attorneys and claim workers, representing all the more important lines of the United States and Canada. The first session of the convention was largely devoted to welcoming addresses and responses, annual reports of officers and other business of a routine nature.

GLOVER ESCAPED FLOOD.

Victor, Col., May 22.—Former Congressman John M. Glover, of St. Louis, who was reported to have been drowned in the flood which swept down the West Beaver valley, escaped and made his way home on foot, having lost his horse in the rush of waters.

DR. HARTMAN'S ADVICE

Sought by Female Sufferers From Ocean to Ocean.

Mrs. F. W. Goulder, 1808 Fourth avenue, Rock Island, Illinois, writes:

"I was afflicted for five or six years with catarrhal difficulties and was growing worse all the time. I began taking your Peruna with a marked improvement from the first. Independent of curing that, the Peruna has greatly improved my general health."

"Every bottle of Peruna is worth its weight in gold; especially to me, for I owe my present good health to it."

All over the country there are women who have been invalids for many years, suffering with female derangements.

What a boon to such women is Dr. Hartman's free advice! So famous has his skill made him that hardly a hamlet or town in the country but knows his name. He cures tens of thousands, and he offers to every woman who will write to him her symptoms and a history of her trouble, free advice and treatment.

The medicines he prescribes can be obtained at any drug store, and the cost is within the reach of any woman. He describes minutely and carefully just what she shall do and get to make a healthy, robust woman of herself.

Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, for a free copy of "Health and Beauty."

M. App.

Nothing more up-to-date can be had in FOOTWEAR than our SPRING Styles

...IN...

Patent Vici Kid
Patent Calf Skin

Button or lace
Boot or Oxford.

M. App,

106 Calhoun St.

You Need Money

WE HAVE IT.

\$10. \$15. \$25. \$75
Or any amount you may want on your piano, household goods, horses and wagons and other like security. In fact we loan on all kinds of personal property. Everything is left in your possession and you have the use of both money and goods. All our dealings are confidential, upright and courteous. Persons momentarily embarrassed who wish advance everything due to avoid publicity are the ones we desire especially to serve. You can have from one month to one year to pay it in and our payments are so small that any one can meet them. You will save money by dealing with us as our rates are the lowest and terms easiest. It will cost you nothing to get our rates.

Indiana Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home phone 905.
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8:30.

Money to Loan to Salaried People.

Salaried people holding permanent positions with responsible and well-established concerns or corporations can get money on their own name without endorsement. No publicity. Loans also made on furniture, pianos, etc.

Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home phone 906.
Open Saturday nights from 7 to 8:30.

THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH.

Vocal and Instrumental
PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,
120 CALHOUN STREET.
COME IN AND HEAR.

HAS FILED PAPERS

NEW BAKING CONCERN FORMED IN FORT WAYNE.

WAYNE BISCUIT COMPANY

SOON TO BEGIN MANUFACTURE OF CRACKERS.

AN INDEPENDENT CONCERN

NUMBER OF TRAVELING SALES- MEN ARE INTERESTED.

The Wayne Biscuit company, with a capital stock of \$20,000, has been organized to establish a new cracker manufactory in Fort Wayne, and the articles of incorporation were filed with the county recorder yesterday.

James C. Craig, formerly with the Wayne Baking company, and later with the Fox branch of the National Biscuit company, is at the head of the new enterprise and has been quietly working upon the matter for the past three weeks. The organization meeting was held several evenings ago at the offices of Moellering Bros. & Millard, on Columbia street. The directors are James C. Craig, Marcus B. Singleton, John B. Spatz, William F. Moellering and James B. Harper.

Charles Curtis and a number of other traveling salesmen, as well as some of the wholesale houses in the city, are also interested in the new enterprise, and within a short time a location will be selected, up-to-date machinery installed and the manufacture of crackers upon a large scale will be commenced.

It is stated that it is not the purpose of the new concern to make a fight against the National Biscuit company, but it is pointed out that a large amount of the baked goods of outside companies are sold in Fort Wayne and the adjacent trade territory, and it is believed this can all be held at home instead of going to outside factories. The fact that several of the stockholders in the new concern are traveling salesmen, who will push the sale of the Wayne company's goods, will be an additional guarantee of the success of the new enterprise. Mr. Craig, who has been chiefly interested in forming the new company, is a cracker man of long experience.

PIONEER RESIDENT IS DEAD

MRS. SOPHIA DOTHAGE PASSES AWAY AT 87.

Lived in Allen County Since 1842—

Death of Mrs. Alphonse Lomont—
—Other Mortuary Matters.

Mrs. Sophia Dothage, a resident of Allen county for nearly seventy years, died at 4 o'clock this morning from old age, at the home of her niece, Mrs. Henry Kleebe, 23 Wilt street.

Mrs. Dothage was born in Line, Westphalia, Germany, eighty-seven years ago. She came to America in girlhood and since 1842 has lived in Allen county. Her husband died thirty-one years ago, and for some time she had been making her home with Mrs. Kleebe. A brother and a sister in Germany are the only immediate relatives.

LOMONT.

Mrs. Victoria Lomont, wife of Alphonse Lomont, one of the most prominent farmers in Jefferson township, died Tuesday evening at St. Joseph's hospital, at the age of 54 years.

Since last December Mrs. Lomont had been suffering from fibroid tumors, and one week ago was brought to St. Joseph's hospital, where an operation was performed as the only hope of relief. The enfeebled constitution could not rally, however, and the patient passed away last evening. Mrs. Lomont was the daughter of the aged Mrs. Rose Gladioux, residing at Zulu.

She was born in Starke county, Ohio, but came to Allen county in girlhood, and was married to Alphonse Lomont thirty-five years ago. Eight of the nine children born to Mr. and Mrs. Lomont survive. They are Mrs. Ellen Moury, of Jackson township; Mrs. Ida Maire, of Jefferson township; Justin P. Lomont, Miss Rosella Lomont and John, Clement, Ernest and Clarence Lomont.

The remains were removed to the family home today and funeral services will be held Thursday morning at 10 o'clock from the Catholic church at Besancon.

RODGERS.

Mrs. L. M. Rodgers, for many years a well known resident of New Haven,

died at her home in that place Monday afternoon, at the age of seventy-eight years.

For sixty-three years Mrs. Rodgers had been a resident of Allen county and she was very highly esteemed by all who knew her. Her marriage to L. M. Rodgers occurred in 1840. To this union five children were born, only two of whom survive. They are William F. Rodgers and Mrs. Jessie Hartzell.

Funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon at 1:30 from the M. E. church at New Haven. The pall bearers will be H. F. Schnelker, H. H. Schnelker, F. H. Bauler, L. F. Null, C. W. Bolyea and J. A. Butler.

FRECH.

Mrs. Sophia Frech, seventy-two years of age, died this morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Gnau, 15 Wabash avenue, from old age.

Mrs. Frech has resided in Fort Wayne eighteen years. Her husband died twenty-six years ago, and there are five children—Mrs. Gnau, Mrs. William Zollinger, Mrs. G. Sternberg, Mrs. L. Brech, of Spencer, Ohio, and Henry Neibert, of Louisville, Ky. Funeral services will be held Sunday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence and at 2 o'clock from Concordia Lutheran church.

FUNERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Conroy—Funeral services of Edward F. Conroy will be held Thursday morning at 8:30 from the residence, 42 Melita street, and at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's Catholic church.

Kirbach—Funeral services of Miss Anna Louise Kirbach will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 159 Gay street, and at 2:30 from Zion's Lutheran church.

LOUTTIT TO SIT AS JUDGE

WILL PERFORM DUTIES OF POLICE JUDGE.

Bases His Action on the Decision of Judge O'Rourke—Police- men's Excursion.

There was no police court this morning and had there been Judge Louttit would have officiated, he having notified Justice Huser last evening that his presence would no longer be required. Under the decision of Judge O'Rourke, of the circuit court, yesterday, Mr. Louttit found his justification of assuming the duties of municipal judge, even in the absence of a gubernatorial commission. Judge O'Rourke's decision implied that the voice of the people is supreme and cannot be negated by any act of omission or commission of the governor. Hereafter Judge Louttit will sit as municipal judge and will continue to do so until the act creating the office is sustained or declared unconstitutional.

POLICEMEN'S EXCURSION.

The tickets for the policemen's benefit excursion, June 28, will be distributed among the members of the force this evening. The proceeds of the excursion will be given to the widow of Officer Patrick Madden, who died last week. Mrs. Madden has been ill for a long time and other sickness in the family depleted the family exchequer so that when the death of the husband and father occurred there was little available in the way of assets except the salary due the deceased on the current month. Policemen's excursions in the past have been successful in a financial way when the object for which the excursion was given was less laudable than this one. The committee hopes to be able to turn over to the widow a very respectable sum after the railroad expenses are defrayed; of other expenses there will be very few. The first regiment orchestra of six pieces has been engaged to furnish music for concert and dance during the day and evening and other amusements will be provided. The committee has arranged with the railroad company that tickets will be good on any train going up to 4:15 p. m. and good returning on the regular train which leaves Rome City at 5:31 and on the special leaving at 10 o'clock. The fare will be a dollar for adults and fifty cents for children.

POLICE NOTES.

City Poundmaster John Tremmel lost a bunch of keys this morning between Calhoun street and Swinewalk park. Finder please return same to police station.

Manager Snell of the Standard Oil company, reported to Superintendent Corliss that he last evening lost a pocketbook containing a check for \$61 and \$120 in currency. He supposes that he dropped the purse in the toilet room at the Randall hotel.

A laprobe and a vest, evidently dropped out of some passing vehicle were found on Main street and taken to the police station.

Miss Lizzie Ramp is visiting friends at Columbia City.

AGED MAN IS HURT

JOHN HOFFER STRUCK BY A NICKEL PLATE ENGINE.

WAS THROWN TWENTY FEET

ANKLE CRUSHED, RIBS BROKEN AND HIP FRACTURED.

INJURIES ARE VERY SERIOUS

BAD ACCIDENT AT HARRISON STREET CROSSING.

John Hoffer, seventy-five years of age, was struck by a Nickel Plate switch engine at the Harrison street crossing about 8:30 o'clock this morning and thrown a distance of twenty feet, receiving extensive injuries, the outcome of which is yet in doubt. The police ambulance removed the unfortunate man to his home, 37 Cass street, where Dr. W. D. Calvin attended him.

Mr. Hoffer has resided in Fort Wayne many years, and is widely known. He is quite feeble and partially deaf, but left his home this morning for a walk down town in conformity with his usual custom. Spectators say he was walking northward on the east side of Harrison street, eating a tomato, and reached the Nickel Plate tracks just as switch engine 58 approached from the west.

It is said the crossing gates were down, but that Mr. Hoffer stepped around the gate across the sidewalk and attempted to get across the track ahead of the engine, neither noticing its close proximity to him nor hearing the warning bells. The switchmen saw his peril and called to him, while the engineer made a prompt effort to stop his engine. It was impossible to do this, and the engine hit the aged man with fearful force throwing the unfortunate man a distance of fully twenty feet and against a box car standing upon the siding just east of the crossing.

It required but a moment for an excited crowd to gather at the scene. It was evident the man was very seriously injured, and though suffering intensely he retained consciousness. The police ambulance was quickly called, and Hoffer was hurried to his home on Cass street.

INJURIES ARE EXTENSIVE.

Dr. W. D. Calvin, one of the Nickel Plate surgeons, reached the residence a few minutes later. He found a very bad compound fracture of the right ankle, amounting virtually to a crushing of all the bones of the ankle. Four ribs upon the right side were found to have been fractured, and the large bone of the left hip is also broken, the latter being perhaps the most serious of the injuries. In addition to these there are many superficial injuries, cuts and bruises of a minor character, upon the arms, hands, head and other portions of the body.

Dr. Calvin says that as yet there are no indications of any internal injuries, though it is impossible to foretell what may develop of this character. Mr. Hoffer's advanced age is very much against him, but if he has escaped internal injury the chances for his recovery are regarded as favorable, though he is likely to be permanently crippled by the hip and ankle injuries.

HORMEL-HARTMAN.

The nuptials of Miss Winifred Hartman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Hartman, and Herman Hormel, son of Prof. and Mrs. George Hormel, were solemnized this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, 153 Jackson street. The officiating clergyman was Rev. C. Gross, pastor of Emanuel's Lutheran church. An orchestra played the wedding march from Mendelssohn as the couple entered the parlor. The bride wore a becoming dress of white Persian lawn, trimmed with lace, and veil, and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Augusta Hormel, was attired in Nile green silk. The groomsmen were Theophile Kucher. The double ring ceremony was used, and after the wedding the bridal party and guests, numbering about fifty, repaired to the new home of the couple, at 39 Wilt street, where an elaborate wedding supper was served by Seidel. Mr. and Mrs. Hormel will not take a trip and will be at home to friends at 39 Wilt street after June 5. Out of town guests were Misses Helen and Mamie Brown and Fred Brown, of Defiance, Ohio, and Mrs. Theresa Stewart, of Leavenworth, Kan.

NEW OIL FIELD OPENED.

Delphi, Ind., May 22.—The first oil well near this city was drilled into the Trenton rock at a depth of 812 feet yesterday, and at 4 o'clock last evening oil had risen to a height of 800 feet and was still slowly rising. The product is a heavy lubricating oil, with some petroleum, and a representative of the Standard Oil com-

pany, who has been watching developments, left at once for Lima, Ohio, with a sample for analysis, but said he regarded it the best oil yet discovered in the state. Other wells will be started at once. This well probably will yield thirty barrels daily.

USE ALLENS FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen, aching feet, ingrowing nails, blisters and callus spots. Relieves corns and bunion of all sorts and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Clumsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Boston Store.

Lowest Prices
... Always

New styles in Colored Organdies at 10c; worth 15c.
New styles in Colored Dimities at 10c; worth 15c.
New styles in Colored Dimities at 12½c; worth 17c.
Latest styles in Ladies' Shirt Waists at 50c, 75c and \$1.00.
New styles in Ruffled Muslin Curtains at 60c; worth 85c.
New styles in Ruffled Muslin Curtains at \$1.00; worth \$1.25.
New styles in Ruffled Muslin Curtains at \$1.25; worth \$1.75.
Special low prices on Sun Umbrellas and Parasols.
A lot of Colored Lawns and Dimities at 5c; worth 7c.
Do your trading at the Boston Store, as you can always find great bargains there.

WM. HAHN & COMPANY,

The Boston Store.

WHAT'S

Your Idea about Paint?

LOW PRICE is
LOW QUALITY.

Paint "as good as"

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT

(there's none better) cannot be sold for less than we ask. If less is asked, you know the quality is lower and it's not cheap. It's poorly made, contains poor material, or is short measure. You get what you pay for every time.

SOLD BY

C. C. SCHLATTER & CO.,

RELIABLE HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS.
38 AND 40 E. COLUMBIA ST. FORT WAYNE, IND.



Do You Travel?

With a supply of biscuit in an In-er-seal Patent Package, a man may start from torrid Florida; cross the dusty plains of Texas; climb the snowy mountains of Colorado; brave the drought of the great American Desert; follow the rainy Pacific to frozen Alaska and in the Klondike make a meal on fresh, crisp biscuit. Wherever you go you can have your biscuit fresh and crisp if you get them in the In-er-seal Patent Package.

When you order Soda, Milk, Graham and Oatmeal Biscuit, Ginger Snaps, Vanilla Wafers and Reception Flakes, insist on getting those which come in the In-er-seal Patent Package. Don't take a substitute. Look for the In-er-seal trade mark design at the end of the box.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY



Women Should Seek Relief.

The great proportion of women who suffer never make a serious effort to benefit themselves. The most of them go on paying no attention to their little menstrual disorders, believing they will eventually wear off. But menstrual troubles don't wear off. They grow worse and worse every day. At the period of menstruation a woman is peculiarly susceptible to cold and other external influences and it is also the most favorable time for the development of hidden disease germs which may be lurking in the system. Any physician knows that disordered menstruation, falling of the womb and leucorrhoea are blighting lives in almost every home. No woman should neglect herself a moment after she sees indications of female disease. Almost instant relief can be secured by the use of

WINE OF CARDUI

It will relieve you right in your own home. Will you accept the testimony of Mrs. Beigler and thousands of other women and really seek relief to-day? All druggists sell \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

100 Chicago Street, Fort Wayne, Ind., March 27, 1900.
Your Wine of Cardui has done a world of good for me. I have used five bottles of the Wine and one package of Theodor's Black-Draught. And since I have started to use it I will not be without it in the house. It helped my sister in Toledo, who did not menstruate as she ought. She was sixteen years of age and nothing else helped her. I was in a very bad state myself before I used your medicines, but I found relief in three days. And now I feel like a new woman and do all my housework and washing, which I could not do before I took the Wine of Cardui. I would be very glad to write any poor woman and tell her how I suffered before I used Wine of Cardui.
Mrs. C. P. BEIGLER.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.



"Where there's life there's hope." Never give up, that's the idea; for often the most serious cases take a sudden turn for the better and rapid recovery follows. Perhaps you are very ill now and have a doctor; yet the medicine doesn't seem to go just to the spot. Then why not ask your doctor if he doesn't think that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is what you need. Doctors are very friendly toward this Sarsaparilla, for it is the oldest, safest, and strongest. They say there's more cure in a teaspoonful of it than in a tablespoonful of the ordinary kind. No matter if you have taken other Sarsaparillas and any quantity of other medicine, remember—Where there's Ayer's there's hope.

"I suffered greatly from impure blood. I was treated by a number of physicians, but they did me no good. I tried many kinds of patent medicines, but without effect. But when I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla I got hold of the right thing, for I was soon completely cured."—R. P. Crouse, Attica, N. Y.

One dollar a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The probability is he has prescribed it a great many times and knows just what it will do. Then ask him if he does not think it is precisely the medicine you need this spring. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

FOX-TAGHTMEYER.

The wedding of Miss Mayme Taghtmeyer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Taghtmeyer, and Joseph H. Fox took place last evening at 7 o'clock at the residence of Rev. Father Kroll. The attendants were Miss Minnie Taghtmeyer, a sister of the bride, and Samuel Keiken. The bride looked charming in a wedding costume of white crepe de chine, and she wore lilies of the valley in her hair and on the corsage of her gown. The bridesmaid's costume was of

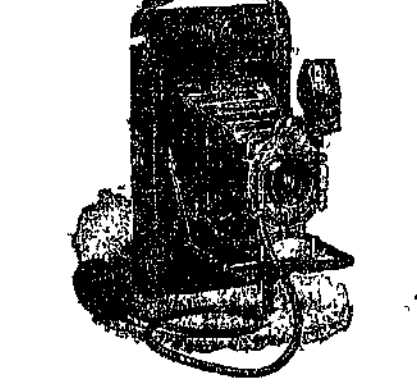
RHEUMATISM.

Why go with your body full of pain or the helplessness of bed? **WRIGHT'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY** has cured 90 per cent of the persons who have taken it. We guarantee to cure you or refund your money. Wright's Rheumatic Remedy is no experiment, the test period is paid. Many cases of Rheumatism and other troubles cured by one bottle of our remedy. Taken internally, once in 24 hours. Don't be a burden upon your family. You can now avoid it. Ask your druggist. If the will acts, apply you and our one dollar bottle.

WRIGHT MEDICINE COMPANY, PEQUIN, ILLINOIS.

KIDNEY CURE.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



Buy An... **Eastman**

THE BEST MADE. 12 W. M. L. Jones, WAYNE ST.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave the property in your possession. Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.

All business strictly confidential. **Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.**, Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St., over Mergentheim's Millinery Store. Opposite Court House.

Money to Loan.

—AT— **FIVE PER CENT.** ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY. **C. B. FITCH,** 65 CLINTON STREET.

pink tulle. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, the rooms being decorated with palms and cut flowers. Music was enjoyed after the wedding supper and later Mr. and Mrs. Fox went east on a wedding trip. They will be at home after June 15 at 93 West Superior street. Out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Fred Barmeyer, of Davenport, Ia.; Mr. and Mrs. Volke, of New York city; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buhlman, of Lima, O.; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Tielking, of Hazelgreen, Ala.; Mr. and Mrs. Albert Weaver, of Auburn; Miss Annie Trentman, of Auburn; Miss Rattie Brumbaugh, of Chicago; Miss Gertrude Goring, of New Haven, and Morton Stults, of Huntington.

KOHLBACHER-DOERHEIMER.

Miss Catherine Doerheimer and John Kohlbacher were united in marriage at St. Mary's Catholic church yesterday morning at 8 o'clock by Rev. Father Oechtering. The attendants were Miss Mamie Doerheimer and a brother of the groom. A wedding feast was served after the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents on East Jefferson street. Mr. and Mrs. Kohlbacher will be at home at 151 East Jefferson street.

COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

The following have been selected members of the committees appointed by St. Paul's and Concordia Lutheran churches to arrange for the Fourth of July celebration: President, Christian Kramer; secretary, Otto Herbst; committee on grounds, Charles Kudo, Louis Bender and John List; committee on bands, Fred Baede, Ernst Niemeyer, William Doshman, Charles Scherer and Henry Gerberding.

The after-effects of late dinners are neutralized at once by a pleasant dose of effervescent Bromo-Pepsin. Your physician will tell you that Bromo-Pepsin has no equal for indigestion, headache, and insomnia. It is absolutely harmless. All druggists, 10c, 25c and 50c per bottle.

LYNDEN, HAYDEN AND APOLLO.

The three great quartets, will give a concert at Bethany Presbyterian church Monday, June 3rd. Tickets now on sale. 21-1f

A SHIRT

Is something a man wants, and he wants it to fit. We sell the "Globe" shirt at 50c, the "Elgin" at \$1.00, the "Star" and "Manhattan" at \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. **REUBEN S. PATTERSON.**

NOTICE.

Before having your carpets cleaned get estimates from the Wayne Pneumatic Carpet Cleaning company. Latest improved up-to-date machinery. Home Phone—Factory, 1555 main; Office, 1146 main. **KOHLINGER & STICKLEY,** 16-1f Proprietors.

LOCAL NEWS.

E. M. Wilson has returned from a business visit in Chicago. Benjamin Johnson has gone to Buffalo to spend a few weeks.

O. L. Bobilya, of Willshire, Ohio, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. Robert Lowry has returned from a visit in Indianapolis.

Mrs. William H. Fleming has returned from a visit in Toledo.

Leon Weathermer, of Ligonier, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Mrs. John McKean will entertain the Mizpah club on Friday afternoon.

Miss Ethel Griswold will give an informal musical Thursday evening.

C. M. Kohlenger, of Huntington, transacted business in the city yesterday.

Next Sunday is to be observed as rally day at the Wayne Street M. E. church.

Mrs. W. H. McClelland will entertain the Athena Thimble club on Thursday afternoon.

Judge James C. Brannan, of Huntington, will deliver the Decoration day address at New Haven.

Architect J. F. Wing is at Plymouth superintending the erection of a handsome new bank building.

The Linden quartet will sing for the commencement exercises of the Kendallville high school on May 31.

Col. and Mrs. William B. Nelson and daughter, Miss Laura, of Kansas City, are the guests of relatives in the city.

Mrs. Charles Converse, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Johnson, and sisters, Mrs. T. C. Warner and Mrs. Belle Baeder.

The annual convention of the Indiana Pharmaceutical association will be held in Muncie June 4, 5 and 6, and several local druggists will be in attendance.

Mrs. D. N. Foster went to Northampton, Mass., today, to visit her daughter, Miss Pearl Foster. The commencement exercises take place June 18 and Mrs. Foster will attend.

Eight prizes will be offered by the Elks' committee for the best and most comical costumes appearing in the mardi gras parade on June 11, the opening night of the Elks' state meeting in this city. The City band will furnish music for the parade, and those in line will be supplied with fireworks free.

At the annual convention of the Tri-State Dental association at Indianapolis June 4, 5 and 6, Dr. W. W. Mungen, of this city, the treasurer of the association, will read a paper on "Some Considerations in Modern Bridge Work," and Dr. George E. Johnson will read a paper on "The Human Face and Articulate Speech."

Mrs. Edith Andrews, who is in charge of the work of compiling the Fort Wayne city directory, expects to have that publication in the hands of the subscribers by June 1. The press work of the volume is very nearly completed, and within a few days the sheets will be in the hands of the binders. Mrs. Andrews says the book will be considerably larger than heretofore. Many new names are added, both in the city and country, and in the country section the rural free delivery address of each person is given.

Mrs. Malqueen's closing dance and reception will take place on the 28th, and a week later she will give a dance at Robison park.

The Ladies' Aid society of Calvary U. B. church will meet at the home of Mrs. C. M. Menefee, 203 Thomas street, Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. M. J. Bernard, of 40 Brackengridge street, has gone to Wessington, S. D., to visit her brother and sister, Alexander and Mary Kirkpatrick.

Rev. and Mrs. Zach Harris will entertain the Ladies' society of the West Creighton avenue Church of Christ at tea this evening, at their home, 228 Fairfield avenue.

The chorus choir of the Baptist church will meet at the home of Miss Lulu Currier, 158 West Berry street, Thursday evening. A full attendance of members is requested.

The ladies' society of the South Congregational church will be entertained at the home of Mrs. P. C. Kantz, 79 West DeWald street, Thursday afternoon and evening.

McPhail Bros., plumbers, were awarded the contract for the plumbing for the new Third Presbyterian church, and a force of men are at work on the contract. The contract for the art glass will be let some time this week.

Mrs. John C. Howell and son Herbert, of Blissfield, Mich., will arrive in the city tomorrow, to be the guest of Mrs. Howell's uncle, Dr. J. D. Chambers. Mr. Howell is editor of the Blissfield Advance and will probably spend Sunday in the city.

The wedding of Miss Mabel Durnell and Archibald Bradley will take place on June 6th and the officiating clergyman will be Rev. J. A. P. McGaw, pastor of the Third Presbyterian church. Mr. Bradley's new residence on Webster street, between Creighton avenue and DeWald street, is nearing completion and will be ready for occupation in a few weeks.

Messrs. Miller, Baker, Rosenberry and Grimes, school trustees of La-Otto, this morning awarded the contract for heating apparatus for the new school at that town to the American Foundry and Furnace company, of Toledo, Ohio, through its agent here, W. I. Work. There were eight bidders. The trustees, accompanied by Architect M. J. Stock, who planned the building, inspected the furnace company's plant at Toledo yesterday.

The operetta, "Miss Storm," by J. Franclyn Boyer, of Elkhart, was successfully produced in the auditorium at South Bend last week and it was a great success. Mr. Boyer was here in January and endeavored to have the piece staged with local talent at the Temple, but met with no encouragement. Mr. Boyer gave a recital of the piece at the Packard music store before a few invited guests, and those who were present pronounced it one of the best they had ever heard.

His hand mutilated. (Columbia City Post.) A telephone message from Dr. J. K. Geary, of Coesee, Tuesday morning stated that Albert Bush, of Union township, had met with quite an accident. He was doing some blasting on his farm and using dynamite for the purpose. The accident will cripple him for life. The right hand was badly mutilated by the explosion. The surgeon said the thumb had been torn off, the index finger badly mangled and the entire hand badly lacerated. He thought he could save the first finger as well as the remainder of the hand.

Mr. Bush is one of the best men in the county and his friends everywhere will be pained to learn of his misfortune.

GREAT BOILER POWER.

(Bluffton News.) Two new boilers will be built this summer at the gas plant across the river. At present there are ten of one-hundred horse power each, but these are insufficient to do the work and the gas company will add two more at once for supplying Fort Wayne this winter. The work demanded is too much for the machinery. With these twelve boilers the plant has more power than the water-works and all the factories in the town combined.

LOCAL LINES.

Rev. P. F. Roche, of the Cathedral, is transacting business in Lafayette today.

Miss Hanker's dancing class will go to Rome City by special train next Wednesday evening.

The Twentieth Century Card club will meet this evening with Miss Clara Poole, on West Creighton avenue.

A. F. Trimble and family have removed to New Castle, Pa., where Mr. Trimble has taken a lucrative position.

Presiding Elder W. H. Daniel will preach at Simpson M. E. church this evening and conduct quarterly conference.

Miss Lena Glor, of Auburn, has returned to the city to resume her position as assistant matron at Hope hospital.

J. W. Tribolet, of Bluffton, was in the city yesterday, attending the M. E. pastors' and district stewards' meeting.

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MARRIED IN TOLEDO.

The wedding of Edward Bitter, of this city, and Miss Adelina Textor, of Toledo, O., takes place this afternoon at 5:30 at the home of the bride, 452 Potter street, Toledo. The officiating clergyman is Rev. Strempfer, of that city, and the attendants are Miss Hannah Bitter of this city; Miss Etta Otten and Miss Olga Huebner, of Toledo; George Bitter, of Michigan City; Ernest Hasemeyer and Edward Textor, of Buffalo, N. Y. This evening Mr. and Mrs. Bitter will leave on a wedding tour which will include New York, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and other eastern cities. The groom is a well known young man who holds a responsible position in the office of Superintendent of Motive Power Crawford, of the Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Bitter will be at home to friends on their return at 244 Washington boulevard.

SOUND STEAMER AGROUND.

Lyme, Conn., May 22.—The steamer Hartford, of the Hartford and New York Transportation company, ran aground on Calves island, at the mouth of the Connecticut river, this morning, while slowly picking her way through the dense fog. A present she is stuck fast and it is impossible to tell what damage has been done. There is little danger, however, to the passengers, all of whom have remained on board. A tug has been sent for and an effort will be made to free the steamer from her position.

James Dailey, a prominent citizen of Bluffton and sheriff of Wells county two terms, died at his home in that city yesterday. He was a brother of Judge Joseph S. Dailey, of Bluffton.

\$18.40 CAR FARE

—to—
Lincoln, Neb., and Return
Wabash R. R.
No Change of Cars.

On account of national meeting German Baptists at Lincoln, Neb., **WABASH** will sell round trip tickets from Fort Wayne for \$18.40, good to return until June 30th, by arrangement with special agent at Lincoln. On the return trip passengers may come via Kansas City with ten (10) days stop-over privilege. Stop-overs also allowed at points in Iowa, Illinois and Missouri. On Friday, May 24th, a reclining chair car will run through leaving Fort Wayne at 9:37 a. m., reaching Lincoln next morning at 10:00 o'clock. This is the quickest time to Lincoln. Tickets on sale for all trains of May 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 at the above rate. For further information apply to Wabash ticket office. Telephone No. 6. 17-1f

LADIES.

G. Schmidt, Merchant Tailor, 57 E. Berry street, has a fine line of ladies' cloths for spring suits and jackets. He makes garments to order at lowest prices. 27-1f

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished cottage with boat, at Rome City. Inquire 18 W. Williams. 18-2f

FOR RENT—Five unfurnished rooms, with water and gas. 177 Griffith street. 5-16-1f

FOR RENT—Desirable furnished front room, down stairs, at 110 West Jefferson street. 22-2f

FOR RENT—Barn and carriage house at 70 Harrison St.; also two furnished cottages at Clea Lake, Ind. Inquire 70 Harrison St. 21-2f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms on first and second floors, with board; bath and all conveniences. Day boarders wanted. 29 E. Washington St. 5-15-1m

FOR RENT—Cottage of two rooms, furnished for light housekeeping; also furnished rooms for rent. 39 W. Washington street, one square from Calhoun. 24-1f

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; nice dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1082, new phone. 10-1f

FOR RENT—Room 20x50, south of Aveline house alley, rear of Wellington restaurant; good for shop; storage or other purpose; \$10 per month. Apply 24 E. Wayne. Also at No. 9 East Wayne, one front basement room, suitable for office or barber shop and shoe polishing parlor. 17-1f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with board, including bath. Day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 W. Wayne. 15-1f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms; bath, heat and electric light; with or without board. Inquire 225 W. Main St. 4-10-1f

FOR RENT—A few desirable residences, will be shown on application. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-1f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping, or will rent singly. Inquire second floor, 86 Barr street. 20-6f

FOR RENT—After May 15, house of ten rooms, 407 South Calhoun St., now the residence of O. B. Eitch. Inquire of O. H. Heaton, Law Office of Vesey & Heaton. 6-1f

FOUND.

FOUND—A gold watch, on W. Main street, Thursday, 16th. Call at 35 Bunion avenue. Can have same by paying for ad.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHEBY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence, 28 Madison St. Specialty:—Disease of Women. Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 3:30 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

Dr. Jno. J. Ogile, Office with Dr. Gard, 13 West Wayne street; residence, 415 South Calhoun Street. Phone—Office, 245 Main; residence, 154 South.

All Chronic Diseases made a special study.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good cook at 47 West Wayne street. 20-1f

WANTED—Two dining room girls. Apply Rich Hotel. 10-1f

WANTED—Everybody to call up Consumers' Ice Co.; both phones 594. m18-1f

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply 91 East Wayne street, Mrs. Fred Eckart. 14-1f

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; small family and good wages. Apply 296 W. Wayne St. 21-2f

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18-1f

WANTED—Twenty-five first-class machinists to go to Dayton, Ohio; steady employment. Apply E. H. Belden, Aveline hotel.

WANTED—Intelligent, refined lady office assistant; must speak German. Call Thursday. Union Painless Dentists, 9 E. Wayne St.

WANTED—We will get your heating stove, store it for the summer, blacken it and set it up in the fall, at L. J. Libbing & Co.'s, 39 E. and 23 W. Main St. 5-21-1f

WANTED—A good cook and a waitress; must give satisfactory references. Apply to Mrs. Montgomery Hamilton, southwest corner of Clinton and Montgomery Sts. 4-28-1f

WANTED—Ladies, consult Mme. Place, M. E. C., in regard to your facial blemishes, 38 W. Wayne St. Electric bath, beauty culture, manicure and hair dressing parlors, for ladies only. 2-28-1f

WANTED—Ideas—The trolley car outdid the omnibus; now something should outdo the delivery wagon. W. G. Buus, Patent Attorney, 80 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald's employment office, 39 W. Washington St., has a number of nice places awaiting for girls; good wages. Apply at once. Have a colored coachman with good references. 16-1f

WANTED—Active man by large manufacturing house to work at home; \$36 in cash paid for twelve days' trial; promotion and permanent position if satisfactory. Address, Daniel B. Shepp, 723 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. 20-3

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; we teach the work in two months; present complete outfit of tools, include board and guarantee good position when competent; catalogue and particulars free. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 20-12f

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizens' Trust Company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, \$200,000. Interest paid on deposits. 8-1f

WANTED—Cancers, tumors, birthmarks and all morbid growths removed without the use of surgeon's ghastly knife. One application does the work. Cure guaranteed. Dr. Zimmerman, Sanitarium, 38 West Wayne street, corner Harrison, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-28-1f

WANTED—Persons suffering from Coughs, Weak Lungs, Consumption, even Tuberculosis, resulting from La Grippe, or other disease to try Tuberculin; O. E. Beyerling, No. 88 Boone street, was permanently cured after suffering with consumption for nine years; Tuberculin is highly endorsed by the United States health reports; on sale at 67 East Main street; price \$1.00 per bottle. 26-2d-2m

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan at 4 1/2 and 5 per cent, with privilege of partial payments; also money loaned on personal security; property for sale. P. A. & P. P. Randall, Bass block, Fort Wayne. d-wt

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with light housekeeping. Apply 123 W. Jefferson street. 5-2-1f

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room, down stairs. 77 E. Berry street, close to the city hall. 5-9-1f

FOR RENT—Boom, with or without board, including bath. Day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 W. Wayne. 15-1f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms; bath, heat and electric light; with or without board. Inquire 225 W. Main St. 4-10-1f

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FOUND.

FOUND—A

New Shirt Waists

JUST OPENED.

Nobby styles, perfect fitting, and all at our usual low prices.
See our fine Colored Silk Umbrellas, worth \$2.50, for, ...\$1.69
Just received a new line of Fancy Hose, only 15c
Another lot of Men's Summer Shirts, made of Madras Cloth (woven colors), with detached cuffs, only 50c

WELKER & NABLO,

Near Washington. 118 Calhoun St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.



WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Painters and Decorators—No. 39 meets at 62 Clinton street, third floor.
Switchmen—No. 78 meets at 140 Calhoun street, third floor.
Lathers—No. 40 meets at Pearl and Harrison streets, second floor.
Christian Science—Services in First church in Harmony hall, West Berry street; Second church, in old Jewish tabernacle, Harrison street.
Lecture—By Rev. W. E. Wight, at Baptist tabernacle.
Lodges—Fort Wayne Council, No. 4, R. & S. M.; Fort Wayne Chapter, No. 19, R. A. M.; Mecheannoonqua Tribe, No. 103, I. O. R. M.; Concordia, No. 228, I. O. O. F.; Fort Wayne, No. 19, A. O. U. W.; Fort Wayne, No. 1547, Wayne Council, No. 35, Jr. O. U. A. M.; Liberty Council, No. 22, K. and L. of C.; Old Fort Council, Royal League; Allen, No. 29, Degree of Honor.

Once more the sultan of Turkey has come down from his perch and begs of the powers that there be establishment of the status quo that prevailed prior to seizure of the foreign mail bags May 5. Abdul Hamid hints at intention to apologize for the violation of the mail bags. That will be easy. Apologies do not come from the exchequer and Abdul will do anything willingly but tap his strong-box.

The richest oil fields in the world are those around Beaumont, Texas. At the same time tenderfeet up north should have a care about investing in the thousand and one "oil companies" that have stock for sale. The probability is that you can double your money by keeping it in your pocket when tempted to buy shares in the Texas concerns. Colonel Guffy, of Pennsylvania, who is the king-bee in legitimate oil-producing enterprises in the Beaumont field, declares that a large number of wildcat companies "are practicing highway robbery." That doubtless expresses the situation to a nicety.

Five cadets are to be dismissed from the West Point military academy for mutinous conduct and breach of discipline. Six others will be suspended for similar offenses. The trouble arose over the effort of Colonel Mills, the superintendent, to enforce the regulations against hazing, and the war department has decided that Colonel Mills must be sustained. It will be a severe blow to the dismissed cadets, who must go forth from the academy in disgrace, but the penalty is well merited. Among the higher duties of the soldier is obedience to discipline and respect for the mandates of superior officers. This the disgraced cadets failed to yield, thus giving first proof of their unfitness for positions of command in the army. Since the disclosures made in the investigation of the death of Cadet Booz there has been general condemnation of the hazing practices at West Point and the superintendent has been conscientious and diligent in his effort to put a stop to the brutal custom. Some of the cadets have failed to appreciate the new situation. They are getting what they have played for.

A COMMON SENSE AFFAIR

Common sense and not prejudice or impracticable theories should be the guide in dealing with the question of

street railway extensions in Fort Wayne. There are certain extensions which ought to be made as soon as it is possible for the city and traction company to come to an agreement. Large and populous areas in the city limits deserve to have street railway service extended to them, and no unreasonable objection should be interposed between them and the meeting of their needs.

There is ground of mutual advantage upon which the city and traction company may meet and agree. The public grants asked for have value and in some form the public of Fort Wayne is entitled to and should receive compensation. Whether this be in lower fares, cash bonuses or some other form may be decided according to the better advantage to the people may lie. The city should condition the grants in such manner as to prevent embarrassment to future interurban railway projects that may be important to the community. New franchises should be limited and bear such other stipulations as the public welfare demands. The traction company has already proposed to accept proper conditions with respect to paving between tracks. Upon all these and other points properly to be considered there is no doubt the city and traction company can come to complete agreement.

It is not specially important who owns the street railway system here. It is important what the owners will do for Fort Wayne. Every citizen is solicitous that the most advantages possible on a basis of equity be secured. What is wanted is an improvement of the system and a maintenance of service that will serve the public needs in the most complete and satisfactory way.

THE MACCABEES' OFFICERS

ELECTION HELD AT STATE CONVENTION.

Meeting of the Great Camp of Indiana at Laporte—Milo Meredith Is Made Great Commander.

Laporte, Ind., May 22.—The great camp of Knights of Maccabees of Indiana convened here yesterday, in biennial session. The report of Great Commander Milo Meredith was presented and approved. The election of officers resulted as follows: Milo Meredith, Wabash, commander; Enoch Myers, Rochester, lieutenant commander; J. W. Replogle, Goshen, record keeper; Dan E. Wise, Plymouth, finance keeper; Dr. A. J. Irwin, Goshen, medical examiner; George H. Snyder, Auburn, chaplain; P. A. Byer, sergeant; W. B. Beck, New Albany, master at arms; William Muri, Alexandria, first guard; W. S. Flynn, Cromwell, second guard; E. E. Vanbrustrick, Tipton, sentinel; J. P. Schaunessee, Fairmount, picket. George A. Astory, of Indianapolis, will be a delegate to the supreme tent, and Dr. J. D. Nichols, of Indianapolis, alternate. It is generally admitted that, although Indianapolis and Terre Haute are still in the race for the next meeting, South Bend will capture the prize. Bain interfered with the parade, but 800 men were in line.

At a great public meeting last night addresses were made by Supreme Commander D. P. Markey, of Fort Huron, Mich.; Great Commander Parker, of Ohio; Supreme Recorder George J. Seigel, of Michigan; Supreme Lady Commander Lillian Hollister, of Detroit, and Supreme Lady Recorder Bina West, of Fort Huron, Mich. The Lady Maccabees of Indiana, in session yesterday, elected officers as follows: Rebekah Vangilder Hammond, past commander; Grace Meredith, Wabash, commander; Eva Doolittle, South Bend, lieutenant commander; Lucy Parrill, Fairmount, record keeper; Irene Spray, Syracuse, finance keeper; Amanda Beal, Denver, chaplain; Alena Haslett, Chesterton, sergeant; Minnie Borden, Hartford City, mistress at arms; Mary Poor, Macy, sentinel; May Bligh, Claypool, picket.

MORGAN MEETS LOUBET.

Paris, May 22.—The audience which J. Pierpont Morgan had with President Loubet last evening was quiet and unceremonious. It was prompted by the desire of Mr. Morgan to thank M. Loubet for the decoration of the cross of the legion of honor bestowed on him at the beginning of the year. The visit, however, was wrapped in the deepest mystery, the French authorities fearing it might be connected in some way with Mr. Morgan's financial schemes. The interview lasted a few moments. Mr. Morgan's expression of thanks followed by the exchange of a few commonplace remarks.

STRONG PLEA FOR THE BOYS

REV. L. J. MOTSCHMAN GIVES AN INTERESTING LECTURE.

Traced Life From Babyhood to Manhood and Pointed Out Some Evils to Be Corrected.

An appreciative audience listener. Tuesday evening to the lecture by Rev. L. J. Motschman, of Christ's Lutheran church, who spoke from the subject, "Boys Becoming Men," and in the course of his argument made a strong plea for the boy.

Rev. Motschman divided man's life into three periods—the budding, the flowering and the ripening period. Babyhood was designated as the budding period, and in this connection the speaker referred in caustic terms to the "modern anti-child idea," which, he said, is found chiefly in fashionable homes.

"There is something wrong about the man or woman who doesn't like babies," he said, "and something natural and inhuman about a woman who cares more for a woolly, ugly dog than she does about a child. I often wonder how such a woman's husband must regard himself, when he reflects that he is stepfather to a poodle dog. Such women are common in what is called fashionable, 'high-toned' society. They may be 'high-toned' socially, but they are low-toned morally, and far down in the human scale. It is in these circles, among such people, where scandals grow."

The flowering period, from seven to fourteen years of age, was pointed out as a most critical time, for the reason that it is then that habits are formed which govern the latter life. Rev. Motschman believed that the boys should be given full play for their buoyancy, and said that him would result either from excessive restriction of youthful tendencies, or from too careful methods of house keeping. The mother who drives her boys into the street because they soil the furniture and create disorder in the house is laying up future trouble for herself. "Better let them smash the furniture if it is necessary to save them from the unclean thoughts of the street."

The ripening period, from fourteen to twenty-one years, should be devoted to the acquiring of the best possible education. The speaker was of the opinion that the boys suffer from an unjust discrimination at the completion of the high school education. At this period the girls have no difficulty in finding positions as teachers, while the young man must seek other occupations. He believed more boys would complete the high school courses were it not for this barrier against them.

Mr. Motschman spoke in a general way along the lines of human endeavor, and spoke an encouraging word for the boy beginning his life work. Poverty is no bar, as most of our great men have had to fight their own way upward. Honest hard work, diligent application to every duty, no matter how great or how small, will bring success.

REV. MICHAEL WILL LECTURE

Rev. M. Michael, of Denmark, will deliver a lecture on the Danish Lutheran church at St. Paul's Lutheran church on Barr street, next Sunday evening, at 7:30. In the morning Rev. Michael will preach at Emanuel Lutheran church on West Jefferson street. The choir of Emanuel church, under the direction of Prof. Hornel, will sing a mass by Mozart.

CIGARMAKERS' SYMPATHY.

Friendship lodge, No. 70. International Association of Machinists, held its regular meeting last evening and discussed the labor situation from a machinists' standpoint. No action, it is said, was taken on the situation at the Bass snaps, the men evidently believing that matters there would be adjusted, if adjustment is necessary, without any aid from the union. A resolution of sympathy with and approval of the action of the International Association of Machinists adopted by the local branch of cigarmakers was read at the meeting. It was as follows:

Whereas, The members of the Machinists' International union are involved in a struggle to establish a shorter work day and better wages; and

Whereas, The members of the Cigarmakers' union have learned by experience the great benefit that may be derived from shorter hours, among which are a better opportunity for reading and study, a chance to study the arts and sciences and thus improve and develop the mind, a cure for intemperance, as the body is not exhausted and does not require false stimulants to replace the vitality wasted by long hours of labor; and it also has resulted in improving the general moral, intellectual and social welfare of our craft by giving us a chance to get acquainted with our families; therefore, be it Resolved, That the Cigarmakers'

union No. 37, in regular meeting assembled, do hereby indorse the strike of the International Machinists' union and extend to them our sympathy and moral support in their struggle; be it further

AROUND THE WORLD.

The ladies of the Third Presbyterian church will give a unique entertainment, entitled, "A Trip Around the World," on Friday evening. The start will be made from the home of the pastor, Rev. J. A. P. McGaw, 482 South Calhoun street, which will be fitted up as a railway station, with lunch counter, train officials, etc. The first stop is Mount Vernon, at the home of Mrs. Ross, 25 Masterson avenue. The next stop will be Dublin, Ireland, at the home of Mrs. William Diffenderfer, 83 West DeWald street; thence to Japan, at the residence of Mrs. Glenn, 67 West DeWald street; next to Leipzig, Germany, at the home of Mrs. William Bardin, 28 West Greighton avenue, and finally to Glasgow, Scotland, at the home of Mrs. J. E. K. France, 496 South Harrison street. There will be a pipe in kilts at the latter place and he will give a number of selections. The costumes and decorations at each stop will be appropriate to the place represented, and souvenirs of each country will be given. Everything will be perfectly in keeping with a railroad trip and the money realized will be for the benefit of the church.

DEED OF A HUSBAND.

Mishawaka, Ind., May 22.—After making an effort to shoot his young wife on the street here last night at 6 o'clock, Thomas Smith, aged twenty-seven years, went to her home at 9 o'clock and asked to see her. The request being refused, Smith drew a revolver and sent a bullet into his head within view of the wife who had spurned his efforts at reconciliation. The pair were married a year ago, but Mrs. Smith left her husband recently. Both are members of prominent families in Sturgis, Mich.

Mrs. George Likelay has returned from a visit with Mrs. Lee Kitzelman, at Elkhart.

TO START HOME SATURDAY

MRS. M'KINLEY WILL SOON BE ABLE TO TRAVEL.

The President Has a Busy Day With Various Social Functions—Cabinet Program.

San Francisco, May 22.—Mrs. McKinley's condition has improved so rapidly that official announcement has been made that the president expects to start for Washington on Saturday. This morning Mr. McKinley remained at home, attending to official business. In the afternoon he will be the guest of the California commandery, Knights Templar, at a drill and reception to be given in his honor in the Mechanics' pavilion. All the previously announced plans of the Templars will be carried out, with the exception that the president will not ride in the parade.

Tonight President McKinley will be present at the Mechanics' pavilion during the competitive drill of the League of the Cross cadets for a medal awarded by Archbishop Riordan to the company making the best showing.

This afternoon there will be a reception by the Century club to the cabinet ladies.

Secretary Hoy has abandoned his idea of returning to Washington immediately. It has been definitely decided that all members of the cabinet shall remain here until the departure of the president. Meanwhile official business will be transacted in the same manner as though the members of the presidential family were at their desks in Washington.

A CANTEN INQUIRY.

New York, May 22.—The Times says: General Brooks has sent out an order to all commandants of posts in the department of the east to send to him on September 1 a complete report of the results which have ensued upon the abolition of the army canteen. Officers say that these reports will show beyond cavil that intemperance has largely increased under the new regime, and it is predicted that the next congress will give serious consideration to the real situation as it has developed.

LOOKING BACKWARD.

It is with a Sigh One Looks Back to the Time the Power—the Strength to Accomplish—Existed.

Nothing is so Discouraging to an Active, Ambitious Person as the Feeling of Inability to go Ahead.

FORCE, STRENGTH, ENERGY, WON BY FORT WAYNE PEOPLE

By reason of waste and wear the human system becomes heir to symptoms governed by conditions—the immediate cause of the symptoms is lack of nerve force—bring that up to the standard of nature's requirements and the symptoms disappear. Whether it be the all tired out feeling that refuses to be rested, languor, sleeplessness, poor appetite, waning strength, heart palpitation, headaches, mind confusion, impaired mentality, nervous tremblings, there is no secret about the wonderful success of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills in putting ailing people on their feet, except their great influence in creating nerve force. A great many Fort Wayne people are in evidence with testimony of the convincing kind.

For a long time, I am greatly pleased with the medicine."



Dr. A. W. Chase Nerve Pills, 50 cents a box at druggists, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Caution should be exercised in purchasing Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. The genuine always bear the portrait and signature of the famous physician and author of Dr. Chase's recipe book and his initials, A. W. Imitators and simulators may even use the name "Chase" in order to convey the impression they are the original Dr. Chase formula, but they dare not use initials A. W., signature and portrait. 50 cents a box at druggists, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by Meyer Bros. & Co.

WE
MAKE
FRAMES

NEW
CENTURY

WE
FRAME
PICTURES

Wall Papers!

ONLY ARTISTIC LINE.

Prices Low Enough to Suit You.

KEIL & KEIL,

116 CALHOUN STREET.

...Carpets...

We are showing the choicest line of Ingrain Carpets in the city. Prices the lowest.

....Furniture....

The best makes. The best styles.

Sideboards from \$9 up.
Extension Tables from \$4 up.
Ladies' Desks from \$3 up.
Rockers from 75c up.

CASH OR CREDIT

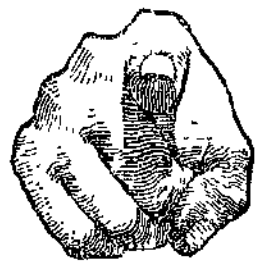
Call and see our SANITARY REFRIGERATORS. The best on earth.

Bedroom Suites from \$19.95 up, ... In solid oak.

W. J. KETTLER & SON,

15 & 17 COURT ST.
58 & 60 CLINTON ST.

"The Progressive Store"



Dont you spend

that \$3.50 till you have seen the
"GLORIA"
shoe for ladies made by Pingree.

It's the only shoe in town at \$3.50
you'll say so yourself.

To be Had Only at
G. Klug's Shoe Store, 194
Hanna Street.

KRATZSCH BROTHERS

The Up-to-Date Store.

We wish to direct particular notice to our grand spring showing of A. DINKELSPIEL CO. ROCHESTER MADE CLOTHING. It is the highest grade raiment made, though not too high priced for any man who pays due attention to his appearance. It is the one grade that is as good as it looks and looks as good as it is. You will do your pocketbook and your person an injustice if you buy your spring outfit before inspection of this line. Pleased to show you any time at your convenience.

Great Line of Trousers.

Our stock consists of every class of goods; quality the best; price, \$2.50 to \$5.00.

Grand Line of Furnishings

Here is the new spring Underwear—wool, part wool, no wool—at \$1.00, 75c and 50c.
New Hose at 25c, 15c and 10c.
Neckwear, any style—anything and everything that fashion sanctions, at 25c and 50c.
And the newest of new in Shirts, white and vari-colored, at 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Kratzsch Bros.,

26 Calhoun Street.

JUNE 3rd THE DATE

Hayden, Lynden and Apollo quartets, at Bethany church. Tickets now on sale. 21-12

Lynden, Hayden and Apollo quartets, the greatest musical talent in the state, will give a concert at Bethany church Monday evening, June 3rd. 21-12

Bon Ami

The Finest Cleaner Made
Contains no coarse grit to
scour and wear out surfaces.

Good Health and Good Teeth

Are positively inseparable. To enjoy the
former you must possess the latter, and the
possession of both should be and is the de-
sire of all.



To Demonstrate

To the public the superiority of our work-
manship, and the unqualified success of our
PAINLESS METHOD, we have decided to
make a great REDUCTION in our prices for
30 days, beginning May 18.

Our \$12 Plate for \$9.
\$10 Plate for \$7.

Try our latest method for painless ex-
tracting. Absolutely no pain or bad effects.
Ask for our tooth paste—something fine.

Arcade Dental Parlors,

Tel. 627 Main.
BURKET & BAKER, Mgrs.
Open evenings.

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS

MANUFACTURED BY...
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
NOTE THE NAME.

Attention, Bargain Lovers!

I have made money for others, why
not for you? Call and see me about
the following property, which I offer
for sale:

An eight-room house on Mont-
gomery St. for the sum of \$2,200

A seven-room house and full
lot on Little St. for \$1,500

300 East Wayne St., 30x150,
cottage, water, gas, brick
pavement, clear \$1,500

Eight-room house and barn,
lot 60x150 ft., St. Mary's
Ave. \$950

Several snaps in south side, vacant
and modern improved.

Five and one-half acres with small
house edge of city for \$1,450, and
lots of other bargains. Carriage al-
ways ready.

Two houses and lot 75x150 feet,
one square off High street, for
\$1,850.

Val. C. Rocholl,

23 Court Street. Phone 49 Main.

A. Hattersley & Son,

PLUMBERS,

STEAM AND

GAS FITTERS,

48 E. MAIN ST.,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Robert Spice,

PLUMBER, STEAM

and GAS FITTER...

48 WEST MAIN STREET.

Office phone 261. Residence 1047.

Dr. Bulson,

Office and Residence, 55 West Wayne Street.

FORT WAYNE.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

GLASSES ADJUSTED.

J. C. Peltier,

Undertaker

and Embalmer,

NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

Keep Sweet

BY USING OUR

BATH SPONGES.

We have a large assortment

for all purposes and can give

you any quality you want.

We also carry a full line of

bath room accessories. Bath

Brushes, Turkish Towels and

Soaps.

Ranke & Nussbaum.

PHARMACISTS.

88 Calhoun Street.

RAPID PROGRESS

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY IS
CLEARING AWAY WORK.

PREPARING FOR THE DEBATE

MANY OVERTURES REPORTED

AND DISCUSSED TODAY.

DEFENSE OF MISSIONARIES

ROBERT E. SPEER TALKS OF

CHINESE UPRISING.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 22.—The

commissioners of the Presbyterian

general assembly found much busi-
ness awaiting them today and the

rapidity with which the various
matters were disposed of evidenced

the assembly's intention to have for
consideration as little unfinished

business as possible after the settle-
ment of the creed-revision question.

The regular order called for the re-
port of the committees on foreign

missions, publication and benevo-
lence, and the report of Rev. Richard

S. Holmes, of Pittsburgh, on his mis-
sion of raising money to pay the in-

debtedness on the Presbyterian
building in New York.

The building is said to have cost
the church \$1,772,227. The debt has

been reduced one-half and Dr.
Holmes is endeavoring to secure this

sum by appeals to wealthy individ-
uals, to congregations, church so-

cieties and pastors.

The first matter to come before the
assembly at the morning session was

the report of the committee on church
polity, presented by Rev. Dr. George

T. Purves, of New York, chairman.

The report contained decisions on
overtures submitted by various pres-

byteries.

OVERTURES TAKEN UP.

An overture from the Chicago

presbytery asked for the appoint-
ment of a committee to reconsider the

form of the so-called Westchester
overture and to frame such an

amendment to the form of govern-
ment as shall provide for the restric-

tion of voting in presbyteries to
those ministers who represent

churches or are actively engaged in
the service of the church.

The committee decided that as the
so-called Westchester overture had

been overwhelmingly defeated at the
last general assembly, it was not

deemed advisable to again submit it
to the presbyteries.

An overture from the Brooklyn

presbytery asking permission to
erase from the roll the names of two

ministers whose whereabouts have
been unknown for the past twenty-

five years, was favorably acted upon
by the committee.

CHURCH DISTURBANCES.

Rev. Dr. John W. Dinsmore, of Cal-

ifornia, chairman of the judicial
committee, reported that the commit-

tee had acted upon a number of
cases. Among them was the appeal

of John E. Dayton and others, of the
Church of the Covenant, Williams-

port. A factional disturbance in the
church resulted in the looking out of

the pastor. The assembly decided
that as the case affected the consti-

tution of the Presbyterian church, it
should be tried and issued according

to the provisions of the book of dis-
cipline.

THE VOTES ON OVERTURES.

Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, stated
clerk, reported the vote of the vari-

ous presbyteries upon overtures re-
ferred to them by the assembly of

1900. Among these overtures was
one defining the ministerial member-

ship in presbyteries, which was re-
jected.

By a vote of 198 to 11 congrega-

tions were given permission to elect
their pastors as pastors emeritus

when they are prevented by age
from performing their duties. By a

vote of 187 to 18 the presbyteries
decided that candidates for the min-

istry shall not be licensed to preach
until one year after graduation.

FOR MARTYRS OF CHINA.

Rev. Dr. James D. Moffatt, presi-

dent of Washington and Jefferson

college, presented the report of the

committee on foreign missions, which

recommended:

"That pastors and sessions adopt

some systematic plan whereby every

church member may be induced to

make at least an annual contribu-

tion to foreign missions; that the

effort inaugurated to secure a mar-

tyrs' memorial fund, the annual in-

terest of which shall be employed in

supporting the successors of the

noble men and women who laid

down their lives in Pao Ting Fu, be

most earnestly commended to the

various organizations and to indi-

viduals contributing to our foreign

missions; that we rejoice to learn

that the civil authorities, and par-

ticularly the president of the

United States, have made earnest

effort to secure in reconstructed

China that kind of religious liberty

we enjoy in our own land; that we

urge the raising of not less than

\$1,000,000 for the ordinary work of

the board."

The following minute was incor-

porated in the report:

"We record our profound sorrow

upon the intelligence which has

reached us during the sessions of

this assembly of the death of Rev.

Maltbie D. Babcock, D. D., a member

of the board, and express to his be-

loved family and church our sym-

pathy and our prayers for the sus-

taining power of the Holy Spirit."

DEFENSE OF MISSIONARIES.

Robert E. Speer, of New York,

secretary of the board of foreign

missions, in addressing the assembly

on the committee's report denounced

the critics who placed the blame for

the boxer uprising upon the shoul-

ders of the missionaries. In this con-

nection he said:

"Since the troubles in China the

church has been the subject of mal-

ignant and venomous criticisms. It

is true that some of these criticisms

is the result of ignorance and we

could afford to pass it by unnoticed

were it not for the fact that even

here in the highest court of the

church it has had its effect.

"Our missionaries have been char-

acterized as perniciously impotent,

boorish and ignorant of existing

conditions in China to the extent of

being responsible for the boxer up-

rising.

"I have the written statement from

the brother-in-law of Minister Wu

that had the missionaries been let

alone no troubles would have broken

out in the Chinese empire. He also

defends the missionaries as China's

only friends.

"I challenge you to find in any

of the newspapers charges, true or

false, against the missionaries of our

church. They have borne themselves

through all these troubles without

reproach."

Rev. J. Albert Miller, of Pao

Ting Fu; Rev. J. S. Whiting, of

Pekin, and Howard Campbell, of

Laos, also spoke in behalf of foreign

missions.

Recess.

NEWS GATHERED IN COURTS

Several days ago Agnes Madden

Steffy, a domestic employed by Eliza-

beth Meyer and Jennie Work, secured

a judgment for \$3.75 in France's

court for pay for excess labor. The

plaintiff had been engaged as house-

maid for a stipulated sum, but was

paid to work cleaning house for a

week. At the end of the week she

was paid her salary as housemaid

only, while she demanded pay at the

rate of \$1 a day for the time she was

engaged in housecleaning. The jus-

tice awarded her the amount of the

claim, \$3.75, and now the defendants

have appealed the case to the circuit

court. The domestic has about half

a dozen attorneys back of her, who

will not only plead her case but agree

to pay the costs in case they do not

win her suit.

Louis B. Ertle has commenced di-

vorice proceedings against his wife,

Anna M. Ertle. The plaintiff al-

leges that not only did the defendant

throw knives and table ware at him,

but assaulted him with a can of fish

worms. Here is a case where the

worm turned.

Jennie Goddard has commenced suit

against the city for \$15,000 damages,

sustained, she says, by a fall on the

sidewalk on Oliver street, the side-

walk being alleged to have been de-

fective, said defect being known to

the authorities.

Robert Brandenburg sues Matilda

Brandenburg for divorce.

Greenbury Beeks Erick has com-

menced suit against William L. Mear-

ly, William L. Mearly et al. and Wil-

liam L. Mearly on notes aggregating

\$180.

Woodburn bobs up again today

with another law suit. This time it

is an action by David Lochner against

John H. Rohan, county treasurer, to

restrain him from paying over to

John W. Saylor any money in his

hands to the credit of Shirley City.

Saylor, according to the returns, was

elected town treasurer of Shirley City

two weeks ago, but his election is

contested by David Lochner, who

claims that he is entitled to the of-

fice. The contest cases are pending.

but to prevent the said claimant, Say-

lor, from administering the town

funds this suit is brought.

The county commissioners were in

session today transacting office busi-

Prices---Not Promises

We give you promises before you come, and dependable goods at the right prices when you come. You get the best here for the least money. See these unmatchable values.

Women's Percale Wrappers
In large and dark styles, waist lined and trimmed with braid, full skirt with 12-inch flounce—regular price \$1.00, special 69c EACH.

Women's Lawn Wrappers
In pretty styles, ruffled skirt, waist nicely trimmed, \$1.25 value—special price 79c EACH.

English Percale Wrappers
With white pique yoke, skirt trimmed with 20-inch flounces, \$1.29 EACH.

Women's Lawn Wrappers
Waist self-trimmed, skirt with 16-inch flounce, choice styles worth \$1.25, 98c EACH.

50 Doz. Shirt Waists
In lawns, percales, dimities and chambrays—not this season's styles, but just as good—they are worth from 75c to \$2.50 each—they all go in one lot at 25c EACH.

China Silk Waists
In black only, tucked and hem-stitched, full line of sizes \$3.50 EACH.

75 Taffeta Silk Waists
In the new shades and correct styles, worth up to \$7.50—our special price \$5.00 EACH.

25 Walking Skirts
In Meltons and double-faced cloths, worth \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$6.50—you can pick them out at \$3.98 EACH.

CHINA AND GLASSWARE

A TIMELY OPPORTUNITY FOR MONEY SAVING.

Pressed glass sugars, cream jugs, butter dishes, salad bowls, etc., 5c EACH.

French china plates, choice of four handsome decorations, 25c EACH.

French china cups and saucers, to match plates, 25c EACH.

25 100-piece dinner sets, in English and American porcelain, handsomely decorated, \$11.50 A SET.

Rogers Bros.' 1847 silver plated knives and forks, \$1.75 A SET.

Rogers Bros.' 1847 silver plated teaspoons, \$1.38 A SET.

A choice line of fine china cut glass and art goods, suitable for wedding gifts, at attractive prices.

A new and handsome showing of toilet sets, just opened.

Pressed glass tumblers—choice of several good patterns, 30c A DOZEN.

Fine blown flint glass tumblers, plain and etched, clear as crystal, 50c A DOZEN.

Cut glass tumblers, handsome panel cut, \$1.75 A DOZEN.

Cut glass tumblers, panel and fluted pattern, \$2.25 A DOZEN.

Cut glass tumblers, fine star pattern, \$3.00 A DOZEN.

TOILET ARTICLES

HERE'S VALUES FOR YOU IN GOODS OF RELIABLE QUALITY.

Belle of Roses and Belle of Violet, fine triple extracts for the handkerchief, 19c AN OUNCE.

Fine triple extracts in all choice colors, regular price 35c, special price, 25c AN OUNCE.

Violet toilet water, the best quality, an 8-ounce bottle for 48c.

A special lot of fine toilet soaps, regular price 10c a cake, special price, 5c A CAKE.

4711 White Rose toilet soap, 13c A CAKE.

Cuticura Medicated toilet soap, 21c A CAKE.

Mennen's Talcum powder, a toilet necessity at this season, 19c A BOX.

Roger & Gallet, Pinand's, Hudnut's and other fine toilet preparations in complete assortment.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.



A Particularly Dressy Hat

Is the new "Grand Duke." It is swell and genteel and becoming to almost any face. We have many other styles in hats in the latest shapes and colors.

Our \$2.50 Soft and Stiff Hats equal any \$3.00 Hats in the city.

Our stock is rich and up-to-date.

Call and see the line.

GOLDEN THE HATTER

CORNER CALHOUN AND BERRY STREET.



THE SMITH PREMIER OCCUPIES AN IMPERISHABLE POSITION IN THE BUSINESS WORLD.

Unquestioned superior merit annually adds thousands of names to the long list of Smith Premier users, representing every line of trade and every profession. It is held in lasting regard at home and abroad.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.
116 MONUMENT PLACE, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVING ASSOCIATION.
Opposite Postoffice.

PAYMENTS Per Cent.
Interest on stock.
LOANS MONEY
at Low Rates.
Is a friend to rich and poor.
Assets \$500,000

ANNOUNCEMENT.

MRS. O. BAIR,

Has opened Dressmaking Parlors in room 12 Arcade. Children's Clothing and Muslin Underwear a specialty.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..... 173
Editorial Rooms..... 650

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, May 22.—Forecast for Indiana: Unsettled, but generally fair weather tonight and Thursday; southerly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

George A. Jones, of Peru, is in the city.

A. B. Trentman will leave this evening for Chicago on a business trip.

Auditor H. A. Breckweg, of the Fort Wayne Gas company, is in the city from Lafayette.

Miss Betha Miller, of Toledo, is the guest of Mrs. C. H. Cadwallader, of 70 West DeWald street.

Deputy Postmaster E. L. Crow left this morning to spend a few days at the Larwill sanitarium.

Rev. W. D. Parr, formerly of this city, delivered the commencement address at Red Key last evening.

The N. L. U. club of the high school will give a pedro party at Mulqueen's hall next Friday evening.

G. S. Bricker, of Swan; Frank Rosenberger, of LaOtto, and Trustees John M. Miller, of Ege, were in the city today.

Miss Nellie Carpenter, of Kansas City, Mo., is in the city, the guest of Miss Grace Gutermuth, of West Wayne street.

Mrs. F. Cole and little son, Charles, and William Cole, of Altoona, Pa., are the guests of their uncle, William P. Bartley, this week.

Miss Clara Gordon has returned from Madison, Wis., for a brief visit with her parents and will leave Friday morning for Buffalo.

The "advertising girls" will appear at the South Congregational church Friday evening, May 31. Tea cream and cake will be served.

John Berdelman, of the Empire Box factory, has gone to Hicksville, where he will be united in marriage to a prominent young lady of that city.

The ladies' society of the Baptist church will be entertained at the home of Mrs. Thomas Potter, 189 Ewing street, Thursday afternoon.

A meeting of the ladies of Trinity church will be held at the residence of Mrs. Samuel D. Hanna, 181 East Wayne street, tomorrow afternoon at 2:30.

William Muehlenbruch, of Madison street, has been seriously ill for some days with appendicitis. The indications this morning were regarded as somewhat more favorable.

The Boys' Brotherhood club will meet this evening and an entertainment and banquet is upon the program. The committee of arrangements will hold a special meeting at 7:30.

Columbia City Post: "Mrs. J. J. Landis, of Fort Wayne, who was the guest of her son, W. M. Landis, and his family, returned home last evening. She was accompanied by another son, Oscar, who has made his home in this place for three months and assisted his brother with the saw filing at Peabody's mills.

STRAWBERRIES, PINEAPPLES, ORANGES AND LEMONS.

Nice Strawberries, 8c; fancy, 10c qu.

Large Havana Pines, 17c each.

Fancy Michigan Apples, 60c pk.

Sweet Mediterranean Oranges, 23c.

Extra Mediterranean Oranges, 27c.

Fancy California Navals, 35c.

Fancy Wax Lemons, 20c.

Large Cincinnati Cucumbers, 8c each.

Fine Golden Wax Beans, 8c qu.

Fresh Green Peas, 7c qu.

Nice Smooth Tomatoes, 12c lb.

California Cherries, 25c lb.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

COMRADES. ATTENTION.

Members of Henry W. Lawton Camp, No. 8, Spanish-American War Veterans, will meet at White's hall, corner Clinton and Wayne streets, Friday evening, May 24, 1901, to elect new officers. All eligible members are requested to be present.

RALPH M. SNYDER,
Secretary.

REACHED THE CITY AT 3 O'CLOCK THIS AFTERNOON.

Came to Inspect School for Feeble-Minded and Stay Will Be Brief—Attorney General With Him.

Gov. W. T. Durbin, accompanied by four members of his staff and Attorney General W. L. Taylor, arrived in the city on the Nickel Plate shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon. The executive and his party were met at the depot by Assistant Superintendent Carrol and driven at once to the school for feeble-minded.

Governor Durbin's visit to the city is for the purpose of making an inspection of the school, and the original intention was to make the trip several weeks ago, but other duties made it impossible. John M. Spann, of Indianapolis, a member of the board of trustees, arrived from Indianapolis at noon, and together with the other members, Mrs. Mary R. Harper and Ed M. Wilson, of this city, met Governor Durbin and Attorney General Taylor at the school.

Superintendent Johnson has not yet returned from the east, where he has been in attendance at the national convention of charities and corrections, and the visitors will be shown over the institution by the trustees and the assistant superintendent. Governor Durbin and his party will leave for the east over the Nickel Plate at 8:30 this evening.

CORBIN SOON TO SAIL.

Washington, May 22.—Major General Henry C. Corbin, adjutant general of the army, will sail for the Philippines on U. S. transport Hancock, which leaves San Francisco, June 25. He intends to make a general inspection of the military conditions in the islands.

DRIVERS' UNION PROSPERS.

The Team Drivers' union is receiving accessions daily and all the leading contractors have signed the scale. The Barber Asphalt company is using thirty-six teams at present and assured the team drivers that they would under no consideration employ any but union teams.

Elektron Blend has the strength and that fine flavor so requisite in a good cup of coffee. Try it. Always fresh.

GREATEST GROCERY CO.

CHEAP EXCURSION TO LAFAYETTE NEXT SUNDAY

The WABASH will run a special train to Lafayette next Sunday, May 26th, on account of meeting of MODERN WOODMEN OF THE WORLD. The ticket fare has been placed at \$1.00 for the round trip. Special train leaves Wabash Station at 7:15 a. m., and leaves Lafayette returning at 7:30. This rate is open to the general public. Telephone No. 6.

Fresh roasted daily—Elektron Blend and Holland Blend—genuine JAVA and MOCHA.
GREATEST GROCERY CO.

Merchants giving U. S. Stamps will not quit giving them. You need not have any fears but what they will continue to give them and that they will be re-deemed.

It is merchants who are not giving UNCLE SAM STAMPS that want to stop the stamps. Buy where you get these stamps. Better premiums than ever.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL \$200,000.00

CORNER MAIN and COURT STS.
Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificates and book deposits of \$1.00 and upwards.

Loans money on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:

Henry O. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, Vice Pres.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel M. Foster, Charles S. Bush, George W. Plisley, William E. Moorman, Henry O. Paul, Charles A. Wilding, Andrew E. Hoffman, John C. Peters, William J. Vetter, Louis Fox, John B. Rouss, David Studebaker.

Credit without interest or extras of any kind.

'We Trust the People And the People Trust Us.'

Pay a little at a time, weekly or monthly, just as you choose.

Radical Array of Bargains, Remarkable Reduction in Price, No Reduction in Quality.

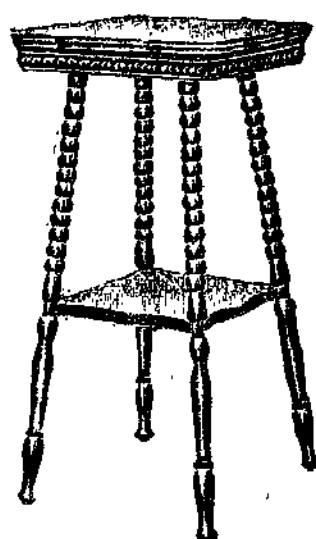
The Furniture Buyers Paradise is Surely at

Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

31 East Berry and 62 Clinton St.

All that art, good taste and skilled workmanship can produce will be found in our large store at the lowest prices.

Special this Week



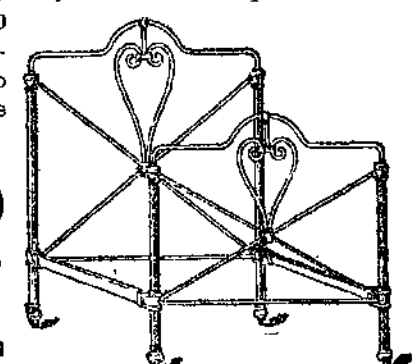
Only 50 of these fine center tables of solid oak or mahogany (like above cut) at the low price of

98c

WORTH \$1.50.

An entire new stock of Iron and Brass trimmed Beds, the prettiest you ever saw, and at very low prices—just to give you an idea, we produce cut of one—worth \$3.50—this week special they will go at the low price of

\$1.89



DON'T MISS THIS SALE.

Remember your credit is good with Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

31 E. Berry St., and 62 Clinton St., Tri-State Building.



Fort Wayne Store:
80-82 Calhoun Street.

W.L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 SHOE UNION MADE

What the Wearers Say:
"Equal to Custom Made Work."
Wilmington, Del., Nov. 23d, 1900.

Prior to eight years ago, I found it necessary to have my shoes made to order, that I might obtain comfort. Since that time I have been wearing W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes and I am pleased to state that I have found them everything that might be desired in workmanship, wear and comfort. J. M. A. Davis.

Tulsa, Ok., Nov. 24th, 1900.
Dear Sir:—I have been wearing your \$3.50 Enamel and Tan shoes for the past four or five years and will say they have given me the perfect satisfaction in every respect. They are equal to any \$5.00 shoes sold to-day.
W. E. KEMMER, 1209 Adams St.

BEST \$3.50 SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR MEN.

They are all flocking to Patterson's for their 50c balbriggan underwear. It's as good as can be found in the city for 75c.

BICYCLE SUITS.

We have just received a shipment of bicycle suits made in golf style from all-wool material to sell at \$4 \$5 and \$6.
REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

You know them all, the greatest lot of musical talent that could be gathered together—Hayden, Lynden and Apollo quartets. Hear them at Bethany Presbyterian church, Friday evening, May 31st. 18-tf

S. Fieldbleat, 76 Barr street, pays the best price for old clothes. 25-tf

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7, Bass Block. 2tf

ATTENTION MEN!

G. Schmidt, Merchant Tailor, 57 E. Berry street, has just received a fine line of spring and summer suitings. 27-tf

The Patterson hats are right.

THE GREAT TRIO,

Hayden, Lynden and Apollo quartets. Hear them at Bethany church Monday evening, June 3rd. 21tf

The ladies' society of Westminster church will meet Thursday at 2:30 with Mrs. Howenstine, 255 West Wayne street.

The musical event of the season—Hayden, Lynden and Apollo quartets at Bethany Presbyterian church Monday, June 3. 21-tf

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—A girl 16 or 17 years old for very light housework. Apply 72 W. Main street.

CITIZENS TRUST COMPANY,
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
—CAPITAL, \$200,000.00
3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits.....
One Dollar
—AND UP—
LOANS—Made on farm and City property at low rates

It's a good thing SLAVY'S have it. FULL OF MERIT....



We have portable LAWN SPRINKLERS OR SPRAY PUMPS that will do the work of a hose when a hose might be found inconvenient. Cost very little in comparison with the service rendered, and are made to withstand the roughest handling and most constant use. We sell this 'up-grade article at a down-grade price; \$3.00 buys one. These Spray Pumps are well made. In fact, they'll wear so long you'll get tired of them, and this is an advantage you should appreciate. Goods that speak for themselves—see them. At the same time we invite you to look over our carefully-selected stock of Rubber Lawn Hose, ranging in price from 8c to 25c per foot, and warranted according to quality.

BOTH PHONES SLAVY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE
149 19 AND 21 W. MAIN ST.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.
GENERALLY FAIR TONIGHT
AND THURSDAY.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

NOTHING EXCEPT THE
MIND CAN MAKE MONEY
WITHOUT ADVERTISING.
GLADSTONE.

ESTABLISHED 1833. FORT WAYNE, IND., WEDNESDAY, MAY 22 1901. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MAKE SOME GAINS

STRIKING MACHINISTS ARE
WINNING DEMANDS.

NUMBER NOW OUT IS 40,000

CINCINNATI AND PACIFIC COAST
STORM CENTERS.

THE SCOTTS GIVE OUT HINT

BUT WARSHIPS MUST BE BUILT
ON PACIFIC COAST.

Washington, May 22.—President O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists, estimates that the number of machinists engaged in the strike today is 40,000. He claims to be satisfied with the situation and has confidence in the result.

"By next Monday morning," he said, "probably 90 per cent. of the men who went out will be back at work, with their demands granted. The other 10 per cent. are mostly on the Pacific coast and in several Ohio cities. San Francisco is the only place where we look for a protracted strike. The situation there is unchanged and the strike may cover several weeks. No important developments are reported at Cincinnati, though about fifteen small firms have signed the agreements.

The situation also is unchanged at Hamilton, Dayton and Alliance, Ohio, and Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. Reports from all other sections indicate that negotiations are progressing and that agreements are in sight."

President Mulholland, of the Allied Metal Trades association, comprising the semi-skilled men in machine shops, has notified the machinists' headquarters here that he is ready to order out his men whenever the latter body deems it necessary. The strike leaders, however, do not care to involve any more men in the movement than is necessary, and the indications are that there will be no general augmentation of the force of the strikers by the allied men.

Kansas City advises indicate that nine firms there signed today, leaving approximately 300 men still out. All of the fourteen firms in Hoboken, N. J., have signed. In Buffalo twenty-two firms are reported as having made agreements with the strikers. At Sharon, Pa., the Continental Iron company has signed and the Hazelton Iron works and the Janesville Iron works at Hazelton, Pa., have made concessions.

Mr. O'Connell will not attend the conference in New York tonight between District No. 2, National Metal Trades association (the employers' organization, and District No. 15, of the machinists' association.

THE SCOTTS GIVE A HINT.

San Francisco, May 22.—Absolute order has so far obtained in the strike of machinists here. Thirteen shops have so far granted the workmen's demands. The Fulton and McCormick Iron works have been virtually closed by the strike of the molders employed in those places.

Molders in other shops did not strike because they say the movement has not yet received the sanction of their national body in Cincinnati.

Bishop Nichols, of the Episcopal church, at the request of the labor leaders, called on President Scott, of the Union Iron works; Capt. W. H. Taylor, president of the Risdon Iron works, and one or two more of the employers, with a view to arbitration, but his mission was unsuccessful. Secretary Wisler, who represents the international associations, expressed the belief, however, that a peaceful solution of the difficulty is in sight.

Henry T. Scott, of the Union Iron works, declared that the employers are ready and willing to hold a conference with the men who are employed by the Union Iron works, or other places affected, but added this significant statement:

"We are not bound to build the armored cruisers California and the South Dakota at our yards. It is possible for us to have both these ships built at Bath, Cramps, Newport News or a dozen other ship yards where the men have not struck. The strike may result in the government withholding contracts for ships."

WHAT THE LAW SAYS.

Washington, May 22.—The navy department continues to receive word from shipyards where warships are building, concerning the pendency of strikes. In this connection it appears that the Union Iron works, at San Francisco, has under construction

two armored cruisers, the California and the South Dakota. These are built under the acts of 1899 and 1900, each of which acts has a provision reading: "The aforesaid vessels shall be built on or near the coast of the Pacific ocean, or in the waters connected therewith," provided their cost is not 4 per cent above the lowest accepted bid for the other vessels provided for in the acts.

The contract states that the vessels shall be constructed in accordance with the provisions of these acts of congress. It also contains a provision "that this contract shall not, nor shall any interest hereon be transferred by the party of the first part to any other person or persons."

TALKS OF REVELATIONS.

An error in The Sentinel yesterday caused it to be announced that Rev. W. E. Wight, of Kalamazoo, would lecture on the book of Revelations at the Berry Street M. E. church last evening. It should have been the First Baptist church, where Rev. Wight will lecture this evening. Thursday evening and Friday evening. The subject tonight will be "Trusts and Secret Societies;" Thursday evening, "The Company in Heaven," and Friday evening, "The Final Harvest." There are Bible studies each afternoon, to which all sincerely interested persons are invited.

WILLIAM R. NELSON IN TOWN

FORT WAYNE NEWSPAPER MAN
OF FORMER DAYS.

Now Owner of the Kansas City Star—
His Present Visit of a Purely
Social Nature.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Nelson and daughter, Miss Laura Nelson, of Kansas City, arrived in the city today and are registered at the Wayne. Mr. Nelson will be well remembered by the older residents of Fort Wayne, and years ago he was associated with Samuel Morse in the ownership of The Sentinel. Mr. Nelson is now the owner of the Kansas City Star, one of the most valuable newspaper properties in the west.

In his room at the Wayne this afternoon Mr. Nelson received a reporter for The Sentinel most kindly, though he protested his inability to say anything that would be of interest. "I have just reached the city," said he, "and have not yet had time to look around."

Asked as to the nature of his visit Mr. Nelson replied that he came with his family solely to meet his sisters, Miss Eva R. Nelson, of this city, and Mrs. Henry W. Bond, of Boston, who is now here, as well as his sister-in-law, Mrs. DeGroff Nelson, and that he would probably remain several days.

"I have looked forward to this visit with a great deal of pleasure and I mean to get about as much as possible," continued Mr. Nelson. "Ordinarily people are interested in the changes—what has been torn down and rebuilt, but what interests me is that which has not been torn down, and I protest against the rebuilding." He remarked with a smile: "It has been twenty-one years since I left Fort Wayne," said Mr. Nelson, "and even in the short trip from the station to the hotel I can see that a marvelous change has come over the city."

A number of old friends who learned of Mr. Nelson's presence in the city called upon him at the hotel today.

PASS WEATHER BUREAU ACT.

Manila, May 22.—The Philippine commission has passed the weather bureau act and has also voted a loan of \$2,500 for each province to help pay the expenses till the land taxes are available. These loans are payable at the end of 1902. The commission has imposed a registration tax of one peso annually on all males over eighteen, excepting soldiers. Non-payment of the tax disqualifies from voting and involves a penalty of 100 per cent, which can be enforced by the sale of the delinquent's goods and chattels. The provincial treasurers have been made land registrars pending the enactment of the system of land registration. Deputies and clerks appointed by the provincial officers are exempted from civil service rules till March.

Dr. A. H. MacBeth has gone to Buffalo, N. Y., and expects to return home on Friday.

Miss Stella Gregg has returned from a visit with Miss Lizzie Wunderlich at Columbia City.

Mrs. A. Spangle, of 163 Calhoun street, has gone to the sanitarium at Battle Creek, Mich., for treatment.

A KING'S ESCAPE

EDWARD VII. IN WRECK OF THE
SHAMROCK II.

HER RIGGING SWEEP AWAY

CUP CHALLENGER CAUGHT IN
FURIOUS SQUALL.

HIS MAJESTY WAS QUITE COOL

GREAT DAMAGE TO LIPTON'S
NEW RACER.

Southampton, May 22.—The cup challenger, with King Edward and a party on board, was totally dismasted today by a squall, off Cowes, Isle of Wight. The king, who was on deck, had a miraculous escape. The top mast, main mast and bowsprit were broken short off.

London, May 22.—3:55 p. m.—During the race between the two Shamrocks and the Sybarite, in the Solent today, a sudden squall struck the yachts. The top mast of the Shamrock II. was carried away and then her main mast went by the board, leaving all her sails with it and carrying her practically a wreck. The top sail of the Shamrock I. was also carried away in the squall. King Edward, who was the guest of Sir Thomas Lipton of board the Shamrock II. at the time, had a narrow escape.

No one was injured on board the yachts.

OVER A TRIANGULAR COURSE.

Ryde, Isle of Wight, May 22.—The yachts were to be sent today reaching over a triangular course similar to one of the Americas cup series. The entrance into the race of the yawl Sybarite (about ninety-nine feet over all) added to the interest taken in the contest, and especially as the fresh weather and reaching course were both in favor of the yawl, placing the captains of the two Shamrocks under the necessity of driving their boats at full speed in order to make any creditable showing against the outsider, and promising King Edward an opportunity of witnessing what promised to be the smartest race of the series.

There was a fine, fresh, easterly breeze driving a short, white-topped sea up the channel when the three yachts set their club-topsails shortly after noon and proceeded to the starting point.

There was some delay in establishing a starting line. The wind freshened considerably and blew twelve to thirteen knots, with the prospect of magnificent racing.

King Edward, desiring to take a more active part in the proceedings than was possible from the deck of the Erin, was taken on board the challenger, accompanied by Sir Thomas Lipton and two ladies.

The preliminary starting signal was given from the Erin.

While the yachts were maneuvering for the start a squall came with the slightest warning and the bowsprit of the challenger was carried away short. The extra strain thus thrown on the topmast proved too much for the spar. It whipped, broke and bowed off to leeward, carrying the whole weight of the jackyard and gear over the side in a terrible tangle. Almost as the topmast fell, the great steel mainmast, weighing more than two tons and carrying spars and gear weighing an additional three or four tons, swayed for a moment and then, almost by a miracle, plunged over the side and into the water, with the ripping, tearing sound of breaking wire and tearing gear in the air.

The members of the royal party were seated on deck, close to the companion-way.

The king was showing keen pleasure watching the fight which Captain Sycamore was making for the advantage at the start. The yacht was racing along at a formidable angle, and the sloping deck, with a mere fringe of rail, seemed a rather perilous place for the accommodation of the visitors.

SITUATION WAS GRAVE.

As the wreckage swept the deck it was astonishing that no one was injured. For a moment or two the situation appeared to be very grave. The king maintained his composure.

Most of the head men went overboard.

Within five seconds of the disaster the Shamrock I. bore around to render assistance, when she in turn was caught by the squall and her gall

and topmast spars collapsed, leaving her helplessly crippled.

The press tug following the race ranged alongside the helpless yachts and a torpedo boat, which was in the vicinity, and the Sybarite sent boats to the scene.

But, in answer to a hail, Captain Sycamore sent the reassuring message that all on board had escaped without injury.

ROYAL PARTY TAKEN OFF.

As quickly as possible the king and the royal party were transferred to the Erin and later the king, accompanied by Sir Thomas Lipton, landed in Southampton, from which place his majesty will proceed to London.

In the meanwhile the crews of the racers set about clearing away the wreckage. Owing to the unwieldy nature of the spars and gear it was found impossible to get them on board and they were cut away and allowed to sink, after buoys had been placed to mark the places where the wreckage sank. The yachts were then towed back to Hythe, there to await a decision as to what should be done towards repairing them.

THE KING'S INTEREST.

Southampton, May 22.—The interest shown in the event by King Edward added special zest to what was to be today's trial of the Shamrocks. His majesty, who was accompanied only by his personal attendants, was met at the pier by Sir Thomas Lipton and W. G. Jameson. They entered a launch and proceeded to the Erin.

The visit was quite informal, a few additional policemen on the pier being the only evidence of anything unusual. Although it was originally intended that the king should sail on board the challenger, it was pointed out that there was a considerable element of danger when a lightly-built racer was hard driven, and it was decided that his majesty should witness the race from the Erin, though he later went aboard the new challenger.

Immediately after the king boarded the Erin she started in the wake of the yachts, which were already en route for the starting line.

FIVE CADETS ARE DISMISSED

DRASTIC ACTION IN WEST POINT
CASES.

Secretary of War Expels Mutinous
Cadets and Suspends Six—No
Court Martial.

Washington, May 22.—The names of the cadets who have been dismissed from the military academy as the result of the recent disturbances there are as follows:

Henry L. Bolby, John A. Cleveland, Traugott F. Teller, Raymond A. Linton, Birchie O. Mahaffey. All these cadets are of the second class.

The dismissed cadets are from the following states:

Bulby, Nebraska; Cleveland, Alabama; Teller, New York; Linton, Michigan; Mahaffey, Texas.

The following cadets have been suspended:

Olan C. Alshire, Illinois; Benj. F. McClellan, Mississippi; James A. Shannon, Minnesota; Charles Telford, Utah. All are of the second class.

Also Thomas N. Gyperling, of Ohio, and Harry Hawley, of New York, of the third class.

These cadets are suspended without pay until April 1, 1902.

The order of dismissal is signed by Secretary Root and states that it is issued by direction of the president, upon recommendation of the superintendent of the military academy.

The same language is used regarding the suspensions. There was no court martial of these cadets, but under the law the secretary has the power to dismiss or suspend cadets upon recommendation of the superintendent.

A board of officers in this particular case was appointed, which made a thorough examination of the disturbances. The board reported the facts to the superintendent and the superintendent made his report and recommendations to the secretary of war, and upon this report the secretary acted.

GREETING FROM DIAZ.

Buffalo, May 22.—The following telegram from President Diaz, of Mexico, was received today by Mr. Buchanan, director general of the Pan-American exposition:

"Permit me to be one of the first to present my congratulations through you to the worthy people of Buffalo and justly to felicitate them upon their activity in inaugurating the first exposition with which American civilization salutes the twentieth century."

SWEPT BY FLOODS

TENNESSEE RIVERS BOOMING
OUT OF THEIR BANKS.

SEVERAL PERSONS DROWNED

MANY HOUSES SWEEP AWAY AT
ELIZABETHTOWN.

PROPERTY DAMAGE A MILLION

AN UNPRECEDENTED RUSH OF
ANGRY WATERS.

Elizabethtown, Tenn., May 22.—A flood from the Dee and Watauga rivers swept through the low lying section of Elizabethtown during the night, drowned three persons, carried away sixty-two dwellings, and caused damage in the rich farming district of Carter county estimated at \$1,000,000. Nearly every farmhouse for some distance along both rivers was destroyed or washed from its foundations and it is possible the loss of life will be greatly increased when full reports are received.

The known dead are:
Mrs. Gregg.
Mrs. Filley.
Negro, known as Sauchong.

With a rush unprecedented in the history of this section the waters tore down through the Dee and Watauga channels last night, carrying away dozens of bridges and small buildings. When the flood reached Elizabethtown it made quick work of sixty-two small dwellings along the river banks, where were sheltered 250 persons. Three were drowned in their efforts to escape.

Several others are reported missing. All means of communication was destroyed and news of the disaster did not reach outside points until late in the morning.

MANY STREAMS IN FLOOD.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—Many streams in eastern Tennessee are reported out of their banks and five persons are reported to have lost their lives.

A bridge over the Watauga near Bristol was wrecked last night, stopping traffic to the east on that route over the Southern railway. At Embreeville the Southern railway bridge also was partially wrecked, stopping traffic on the Embreeville branch.

The Tennessee river is rising rapidly. Those reported dead are:

Unknown man, dropped dead from bridge at Elizabethtown.

Three Hill children at Ripley's island, drowned in the destruction of their home.

Thomas Jerald, of Tate Hill, believed to have been drowned in the flood from the Chucky river, which carried away his store.

CHANGES ON POLICE FORCE

SERGEANT STEVENS DROPS TO
RANKS.

Takes Reduction at His Own Request
—Officer Phipps Promoted
to Vacancy.

The board of safety held an important meeting last night and transacted more business than has been transacted at any one session for some months. Sergeant Stevens, at his own request, was reduced from his rank to that of patrolman, being assigned to the beat made vacant by the death of Officer Madden. For some months Sergeant Stevens has been contemplating such a move on account of his health, believing that the benefit he would derive from day employment and rest at night would more than compensate him for the difference in salary. Patrolman Ora A. Phipps was appointed sergeant in his stead, the change to become effective on June 1. Officer Phipps has been on the force about four years, is intelligent, has made an excellent record, returns a clean report and is a teetotaler on and off duty. His appointment gives general satisfaction and there is not the same kicking as there would have been several years ago when promotions were made for the man who had the strongest "pull." Sherman Lavanway, who has been acting as extra policeman for nearly a year and a half, was appointed a regular policeman, and in

his past experience he has proven himself thoroughly competent. The matter of appointing additional patrolmen in accordance with the recommendations of Mayor Scherer and Superintendent Garsline was taken up and discussed, resulting in the board deciding to ask the city council for an appropriation of \$800. This sum will pay the salaries of two patrolmen until December 31, when the new appropriations for the next year will be determined upon.

M. A. Reinhardt has been given permission to erect two houses on Woodlawn avenue at a cost of \$3,000.

Mayor Berghoff this morning received a letter from the president of the relief association at Jacksonville, Fla., stating that 10,000 people were rendered homeless and destitute by the recent fire there and asking for financial assistance from the people of this city. Mayor Berghoff requests The Sentinel to announce that he will receive contributions and personally see to it that they reach the proper authorities in the stricken city.

SUSPECTED MAN SUICIDES

FRED C. FOSTER SHOOTS HIM-
SELF FATAALLY.

Was Under Suspicion of Dynamiting
the Cambridgeport (Mass.)
National Bank.

Cambridge, Mass., May 22.—Fred C. Foster, of Cambridgeport, who was under suspicion of the police in connection with the explosion which wrecked the Cambridgeport National bank yesterday, committed suicide by shooting today in the presence of a police officer who had called on Mr. Foster to make inquiries in connection with the case. Foster was forty-three years of age.

Foster had a wife and three children. He had been under surveillance, the police say, since yesterday afternoon, when it became known that he had presented a check at the bank calling for \$1,100, for which he had no funds in the bank.

IN JUSTICES' COURTS.

The three-cornered fight on Columbia street the other morning, in which somebody was supposed to have been stabbed with a pair of ice tongs, has been unraveled and affidavits were filed in Bullerman's court last evening. William Menary and Grant Shipley were arrested for assaulting Alfred Russell, and Russell was arrested for assaulting Shipley. The cases will be heard this evening by Justice Bullerman, and meantime Menary and Shipley are out on bail, while Russell is sojourning with Sheriff Stout.

The three cases charging larceny against William Mencer are being heard in France's court this afternoon. Mencer is the party brought back from Missouri last week by Sheriff Stout.

The case of the state vs. O'Ryan for assault and battery on Becker, driver for the Kueyzer brewery, has been vacated from Buser's to Tancery's court and is on trial as The Sentinel goes to press. The fight occurred over a dog fight.

TROOPS LEAVE PEKIN.

Pekin, May 22.—The last of the American troops here, with the exception of the legion guard, left Pekin at 7 o'clock this morning. The headquarters staff departed at 1 o'clock. In spite of the early hour and the long distances they had to march, all the bands of the British troops escorted the Ninth United States infantry from the Temple of Agriculture to the depot, where a Japanese band awaited the troops. All the British generals and their staffs and all the officers off duty were present. The scene was one of great enthusiasm. As the latter train left a great crowd was present to wish General Chaffee farewell.

NORTHERN EDITORS MEET.

Logansport, Ind., May 22.—The northern division of the Independent Editorial association met here yesterday. Among the important matters discussed was the question regarding "patent insiders," used by many papers. It was the sentiment that the firms which furnish this matter are members of a trust, thus being in a position to force editors to their terms, frequently taking undue advantage. The papers are now paying twelve cents a quire, whereas they claim nine cents would be sufficient, and favor discontinuance of the "patent insiders."

Miss Cora Kurrele spent Sunday with her parents at Kendallville.

TOTS BEAR'S PREY

THREE CHILDREN DEVoured
BY WILD BEAST.

WANDERED INTO A FOREST

HORRIBLE STORY FROM WEST
VIRGINIA.

MANGLED REMAINS FOUND

THE BEAR DISCOVERED AND
SLAUGHTERED.

Pittsburg, May 22.—A Job, W. Va., special says:

To be crushed to death in the embrace of a monstrous black bear and their little bodies afterward mangled and partly devoured was the frightful fate that befell the three young children of E. H. Porterfield, a mountaineer residing about twelve miles southeast of this place.

The remains were found yesterday by a searching party, which had been out since Sunday evening. The party included John Weldon, a Maryland hunter, who, within a few moments after the discovery of the bodies, shot and killed the bear in a neighboring thicket.

The children were Mary, aged three; Willie, aged five, and Henry, aged seven.

Shortly after noon Sunday they left home to gather flowers in a clearing near their home. Nothing more is known, but it is supposed that they wandered into the woods and becoming lost continued on their way until they were overtaken by the bear in the dense forest three miles from their parents' home.

The bear feasted off all three of the bodies. The bones of the children had been crushed like straws and the flesh stripped off with teeth and claws.

The party divided and began a search. Within a few minutes Weldon discovered the bear in a thick clump of hemlock saplings near a small stream. A single shot ended its life.

It was declared to be the largest bear ever seen in this neighborhood. The bodies of the children, which presented a sickening sight, were carried home in sacks. The parents of the children are almost crazed with grief, their bereavement leaving them childless.

MR. MACKWITZ IS IN CONTROL

BUYS A MAJORITY OF FREE
PRESSE STOCK.

German Daily Will Continue as Independent, But Leaning Toward Democracy.

Herman Mackwitz, who has been managing editor of the Fort Wayne Free Presse, has made a purchase of eighty-six shares of stock in the Free Presse company, giving him a controlling interest in the publication. Mr. Mackwitz announced today that the newspaper will continue as an independent journal, but with democratic tendencies.

Heretofore republicans have held a controlling interest in the stock and the Free Presse was regarded as republican. Nearly all the republican stockholders are now out of it. A rumor that the purchase had been made in the interest of some well known democrats is denied by Mr. Mackwitz, who insists that he was acting solely for himself.

CLAIM AGENTS MEET.

Cleveland, May 22.—The annual convention of the National Association of Claim Agents opened at the Colonial hotel in this city today, with about seventy-five delegates in attendance. The members of the association are railway claim agents, general solicitors, claim attorneys and claim workers, representing all the more important lines of the United States and Canada. The first session of the convention was largely devoted to welcoming addresses and responses, annual reports of officers and other business of a routine nature.

GLOVER ESCAPED FLOOD.

Victor, Col., May 22.—Former Congressman John M. Glover, of St. Louis, who was reported to have been drowned in the flood which swept down the West Beaver valley, escaped and made his way home on foot, having lost his horse in the rush of waters.

DR. HARTMAN'S ADVICE

Is Bought by Female Sufferers From Ocean to Ocean.

Mrs. F. W. Goulder, 1300 Fourth avenue, Rock Island, Illinois, writes:

"I was afflicted for five or six years with catarrhal difficulties and was growing worse all the time. I began taking your Peruna with a marked improvement from the first. Independent of curing that, the Peruna has greatly improved my general health."

"Every bottle of Peruna is worth its weight in gold; especially to me, for I owe my present good health to it."

All over the country there are women who have been invalids for many years, suffering with female derangements. What a boon to such women is Dr. Hartman's free advice! So famous has his skill made him that hardly a hamlet or town in the country but knows his name. He cures tens of thousands, and he offers to every woman who will write to him her symptoms and a history of her trouble, free advice and treatment.

The medicine he prescribes can be obtained at any drug store, and the cost is within the reach of any woman. He describes minutely and carefully just what she shall do and get to make a healthy, robust woman of herself.

Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, for a free copy of "Health and Beauty."

M. App.

Nothing more up-to-date can be had in FOOTWEAR than our SPRING Styles

...IN...

Patent Vici Kid
Patent Calf Skin

Button or lace
Boot or Oxford.

M. App.

106 Calhoun St.

You Need Money

WE HAVE IT.
\$10. \$15. \$25. \$75
Or any amount you may want on your piano, household goods, horses and wagons and other like security. In fact we loan on all kinds of personal property. Everything is left in your possession and you have the use of both money and goods. All our dealings are confidential, upright and courteous. Persons modestly embarrassed who wish to have everything else to avoid publicity are the ones we desire especially to serve. You can have from one month to one year to pay it in and our payments are so small that any one can meet them. You will save money by dealing with us as our rates are the lowest and our terms easiest. It will cost you nothing to get our rates.

Indiana Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home
phone 995.
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8:30.

Money to Loan to Salaried People.

Salaried people holding permanent positions with responsible and well-established concerns or corporations can get money on their own name without endorsement. No publicity. Loans also made on furniture, pianos, etc.
Terms, amounts and rates also shown.
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home phone 995.
Open Saturday nights from 7 to 8:30.

THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH.

Vocal and Instrumental
PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,
120 CALHOUN STREET.
COME IN AND HEAR.

HAS FILED PAPERS

NEW BAKING CONCERN FORMED IN FORT WAYNE.

WAYNE BISCUIT COMPANY

SOON TO BEGIN MANUFACTURE OF CRACKERS.

AN INDEPENDENT CONCERN

NUMBER OF TRAVELING SALES- MEN ARE INTERESTED.

The Wayne Biscuit company, with a capital stock of \$20,000, has been organized to establish a new cracker manufactory in Fort Wayne, and the articles of incorporation were filed with the county recorder yesterday.

James C. Craig, formerly with the Wayne Baking company, and later with the Fox branch of the National Biscuit company, is at the head of the new enterprise and has been quietly working upon the matter for the past three weeks. The organization meeting was held several evenings ago at the offices of Moellering Bros. & Millard, on Columbia street. The directors are James C. Craig, Marcus B. Singleton, John B. Spatz, William P. Moellering and James B. Harper.

Charles Curtis and a number of other traveling salesmen, as well as some of the wholesale houses in the city, are also interested in the new enterprise, and within a short time a location will be selected, up-to-date machinery installed and the manufacture of crackers upon a large scale will be commenced.

It is stated that it is not the purpose of the new concern to make a fight against the National Biscuit company, but it is pointed out that a large amount of the baked goods of outside companies are sold in Fort Wayne and the adjacent trade territory, and it is believed this can all be held at home instead of going to outside factories. The fact that several of the stockholders in the new concern are traveling salesmen, who will push the sale of the Wayne company's goods, will be an additional guarantee of the success of the new enterprise. Mr. Craig, who has been chiefly interested in forming the new company, is a cracker man of long experience.

PIONEER RESIDENT IS DEAD

MRS. SOPHIA DOTHAGE PASSES AWAY AT 87.

Lived in Allen County Since 1842—

Death of Mrs. Alphense Lomont—

—Other Mortuary Matters.

Mrs. Sophia Dothage, a resident of Allen county for nearly seventy years, died at 4 o'clock this morning from old age, at the home of her niece, Mrs. Henry Kleebe, 23 Wilt street.

Mrs. Dothage was born in Line, Westphalia, Germany, eighty-seven years ago. She came to America in girlhood and since 1842 has lived in Allen county. Her husband died thirty-one years ago, and for some time she had been making her home with Mrs. Kleebe. A brother and a sister in Germany are the only immediate relatives.

LOMONT.

Mrs. Victoria Lomont, wife of Alphense Lomont, one of the most prominent farmers in Jefferson township, died Tuesday evening at St. Joseph's hospital, at the age of 51 years.

Since last December Mrs. Lomont had been suffering from abdominal tumors, and one week ago was brought to St. Joseph's hospital, where an operation was performed as the only hope of relief. The embolized constitution could not rally, however, and the patient passed away last evening. Mrs. Lomont was the daughter of the aged Mrs. Rose Gladieux, residing at Zulu.

She was born in Clarke county, Ohio, but came to Allen county in girlhood, and was married to Alphense Lomont thirty-five years ago. Eight of the nine children born to Mr. and Mrs. Lomont survive. They are Mrs. Ellen Moury, of Jackson township; Mrs. Ida Maize, of Jefferson township; Justin P. Lomont, Miss Rosella Lomont and John, Clement, Ernest and Clarence Lomont.

The remains were removed to the family home today and funeral services will be held Thursday morning at 10 o'clock from the Catholic church at Besancon.

RODGERS.

Mrs. L. M. Rodgers, for many years a well known resident of New Haven,

died at her home in that place Monday afternoon, at the age of seventy-eight years.

For sixty-three years Mrs. Rodgers had been a resident of Allen county and she was very highly esteemed by all who knew her. Her marriage to L. M. Rodgers occurred in 1840. To this union five children were born, only two of whom survive. They are William F. Rodgers and Mrs. Jessie Hartzell.

Funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon at 1:30 from the M. E. church at New Haven. The pall bearers will be H. F. Schmelker, H. H. Schmelker, F. H. Bouter, L. F. Null, C. W. Bolyea and J. A. Butler.

FEECH.

Mrs. Sophia Feech, seventy-two years of age, died this morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Gnuv, 15 Wabash avenue, from old age.

Mrs. Feech has resided in Fort Wayne eighteen years. Her husband died twenty-six years ago, and there are five children—Mrs. Gnuv, Mrs. William Zollinger, Mrs. G. Starnberg, Mrs. L. Braeh, of Spencerville, Ohio, and Henry Nebert, of Louisville, Ky.

Funeral services will be held Sunday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence and at 2 o'clock from Concordia Lutheran church.

FUNERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Conroy—Funeral services of Edward F. Conroy will be held Thursday morning at 8:30 from the residence, 42 Melita street, and at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's Catholic church.

Kirbach—Funeral services of Miss Anna Louise Kirbach will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 159 Gay street, and at 2:30 from Zion's Lutheran church.

LOUTTIT TO SIT AS JUDGE

WILL PERFORM DUTIES OF POLICE JUDGE.

Bases His Action on the Decision of Judge O'Rourke—Police-

men's Excursion.

There was no police court this morning and had there been Judge Louttit would have officiated, he having notified Justice Huser last evening that his presence would no longer be required. Under the decision of Judge O'Rourke, of the circuit court, yesterday, Mr. Louttit found his justification of assuming the duties of municipal judge, even in the absence of a gubernatorial commission. Judge O'Rourke's decision implied that the voice of the people is supreme and cannot be negated by any act of omission or commission of the governor. Hereafter Judge Louttit will sit as municipal judge and will continue to do so until the act creating the office is sustained or declared unconstitutional.

POLICEMEN'S EXCURSION.

The tickets for the policemen's benefit excursion, June 26, will be distributed among the members of the force this evening. The proceeds of the excursion will be given to the widow of Officer Patrick Madden, who died last week. Mrs. Madden has been ill for a long time and other sickness in the family depleted the family exchequer so that when the death of the husband and father occurred there was little available in the way of assets except the salary due the deceased on the current month. Policemen's excursions in the past have been successful in a financial way when the object for which the excursion was given was less laudable than this one. The committee hopes to be able to turn over to the widow a very respectable sum after the railroad expenses are defrayed; of other expenses there will be very few. The first regiment orchestra of six pieces has been engaged to furnish music for concert and dance during the day and evening and other amusements will be provided. The committee has arranged with the railroad company that tickets will be good on any train going up to 4:15 p. m. and good returning on the regular train which leaves Rome City at 5:31 and on the special leaving at 10 o'clock. The fare will be a dollar for adults and fifty cents for children.

POLICE NOTES.

City Poundmaster John Tremmel lost a bunch of keys this morning between Calhoun street and Swinney park. Finder please return same to police station.

Manager Snell of the Standard Oil company, reported to Superintendent Gonsline that the last evening lost a pocketbook containing a check for \$61 and \$120 in currency. He supposes that he dropped the purse in the toilet room at the Randall hotel.

A laprobe and a vest, evidently dropped out of some passing vehicle were found on Main street and taken to the police station.

Miss Lizzie Ramp is visiting friends at Columbia City.

AGED MAN IS HURT

JOHN HOFFER STRUCK BY A NICKEL PLATE ENGINE.

WAS THROWN TWENTY FEET

ANKLE CRUSHED, RIBS BROKEN AND HIP FRACTURED.

INJURIES ARE VERY SERIOUS

HAD ACCIDENT AT HARRISON STREET CROSSING.

John Hoffer, seventy-five years of age, was struck by a Nickel Plate switch engine at the Harrison street crossing about 8:30 o'clock this morning and thrown a distance of twenty feet, receiving extensive injuries, the outcome of which is yet in doubt. The police ambulance removed the unfortunate man to his home, 37 Cass street, where Dr. W. D. Calvin attended him.

Mr. Hoffer has resided in Fort Wayne many years, and is widely known. He is quite feeble and partially deaf, but left his home this morning for a walk down town in conformity with his usual custom. Spectators say he was walking northward on the east side of Harrison street, eating a tomato, and reached the Nickel Plate tracks just as switch engine 58 approached from the west.

It is said the crossing gates were down, but that Mr. Hoffer stepped around the gate across the sidewalk and attempted to get across the track ahead of the engine, neither noticing its close proximity to him nor hearing the warning bells. The switchmen saw his peril and called to him, while the engineer made a prompt effort to stop his engine. It was impossible to do this, and the engine hit the aged man with fearful force, throwing the unfortunate man a distance of fully twenty feet and against a box car standing upon the siding just east of the crossing.

It required but a moment for an excited crowd to gather at the scene. It was evident the man was very seriously injured, and though suffering intensely he retained consciousness. The police ambulance was quickly called, and Hoffer was hurried to his home on Cass street.

INJURIES ARE EXTENSIVE.

Dr. W. D. Calvin, one of the Nickel Plate surgeons, reached the residence a few minutes later. He found a very bad compound fracture of the right ankle, amounting virtually to a crushing of all the bones of the ankle. Four ribs upon the right side were found to have been fractured, and the large bone of the left hip is also broken, the latter being perhaps the most serious of the injuries. In addition to these there are many superficial injuries, cuts and bruises of a minor character, upon the arms, hands, head and other portions of the body.

Dr. Calvin says that as yet there are no indications of any internal injuries, though it is impossible to foretell what may develop of this character. Mr. Hoffer's advanced age is very much against him, but if he has escaped internal injury the chances for his recovery are regarded as favorable, though he is likely to be permanently crippled by the hip and ankle injuries.

HORMEL-HARTMAN.

The nuptials of Miss Winifred Hartman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Hartman, and Herman Hormel, son of Prof. and Mrs. George Hormel, were solemnized this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, 153 Jackson street. The officiating clergyman was Rev. C. Gross, pastor of Emanuel's Lutheran church. An orchestra play'd the wedding march from Mendelssohn as the couple entered the parlor. The bride wore a becoming dress of white Persian lawn, trimmed with lace, and veil, and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Augusta Hormel, was attired in Nile green silk. The groomsmen were Theophilus Kucher. The double ring ceremony was used, and after the wedding the bridal party and guests, numbering about fifty, repaired to the new home of the couple, at 39 Wilt street, where an elaborate wedding supper was served by Seidel. Mr. and Mrs. Hormel will not take a trip and will be at home to friends at 39 Wilt street after June 5. Out of town guests were Misses Helen and Mamie Brown and Fred Brown, of Defiance, Ohio, and Mrs. Theresa Stewart, of Leavenworth, Kan.

NEW OIL FIELD OPENED.

Delphi, Ind., May 22.—The first oil well near this city was drilled into the Trenton rock at a depth of 912 feet yesterday, and at 4 o'clock last evening oil had risen to a height of 800 feet and was still slowly rising. The product is a heavy lubricating oil, with some petroleum, and a representative of the Standard Oil com-

USE ALLENS FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoe. Your feet feel cool, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Feet swollen with heat, ingrowing nails, blisters and callus spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all kinds and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Clunstead, La Roy, N. Y.

Dr. C. E. Barnett,

Has removed his office to the west rooms

OVER PELLEN'S & POLSTER'S DRUG STORE.

Office Phone—185 Main. Residence Phone—453 Main or 654 Bell.

F. J. Zimmerly & Co.,

PLUMBING,

STEAM AND

GAS FITTING,

ELECTRIC WIRING.

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

No. 141 Calhoun Street.

Phone 807.

Business - Directory.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

No. 39 West Main Street,

Both Phones 223. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

No. 24 West Wayne Street,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

Capital, \$200,000. Surplus, \$250,000.

The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent, per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.

President—Charles McCulloch,

Cashier—John Molt, Jr.

White National Bank,

Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.

CAPITAL, \$200,000.

SURPLUS, \$75,000.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

LAWYER.

ABSTRACTOR OF TITLES

INSURANCE.

COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.

James E. Graham,

Room 16, Bank Block,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

—Stenographer and Notary Public in office. Phone 615 Main.

pany, who has been watching developments, left at once for Lima, Ohio, with a sample for analysis, but said he regarded it the best oil yet discovered in the state. Other wells will be started at once. This well probably will yield thirty barrels daily.

The Boston Store.

Lowest Prices
... Always

New styles in Colored Organdies at 10c; worth 15c.
New styles in Colored Dimities at 10c; worth 15c.
New styles in Colored Dimities at 12c; worth 17c.
Latest styles in Ladies' Shirt Waists at 50c, 75c and \$1.00.
New styles in Ruffled Muslin Curtains at 80c; worth 85c.
New styles in Ruffled Muslin Curtains at \$1.00; worth \$1.25.
New styles in Ruffled Muslin Curtains at \$1.25; worth \$1.75.
Special low prices on Sun Umbrellas and Parasols.
A lot of Colored Lawns and Dimities at 5c; worth 7c.
Do your trading at the Boston Store, as you can always find great bargains there.

WM. HAHN & COMPANY,

The Boston Store.

WHAT'S

Your Idea about Paint?

LOW PRICE is
LOW QUALITY.

Paint "as good as"

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT

(there's none better) cannot be sold for less than we ask. If less is asked, you know the quality is lower and it's not cheap. It's poorly made, contains poor material, or is short measure. You get what you pay for every time.

SOLD BY

C. C. SCHLATTER & CO.,

RELIABLE HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS.
38 AND 40 E. COLUMBIA ST. FORT WAYNE, IND.

Do You Travel?

With a supply of biscuit in an In-cr-seal Patent Package, a man may start from torrid Florida; cross the dusty plains of Texas; climb the snowy mountains of Colorado; brave the drought of the great American Desert; follow the rainy Pacific to frozen Alaska and in the Klondike make a meal on fresh, crisp biscuit. Wherever you go you can have your biscuit fresh and crisp if you get them in the In-cr-seal Patent Package.

When you order Soda, Milk, Graham and Oatmeal Biscuit, Ginger Snaps, Vanilla Wafers and Reception Flakes, insist on getting those which come in the In-cr-seal Patent Package. Don't take a substitute. Look for the In-cr-seal trade mark design at the end of the box.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Women Should Seek Relief.

The great proportion of women who suffer never make a serious effort to benefit themselves. The most of them go on paying no attention to their little menstrual disorders, believing they will eventually wear off. But menstrual troubles don't wear off. They grow worse and worse every day. At the period of menstruation a woman is peculiarly susceptible to cold and other external influences and it is also the most favorable time for the development of hidden disease germs which may be lurking in the system. Any physician knows that disordered menstruation, falling of the womb and leucorrhoea are blighting lives in almost every home. No woman should neglect herself a moment after she sees indications of female disease. Almost instant relief can be secured by the use of

WINE OF CARDUI

It will relieve you right in your own home. Will you accept the testimony of Mrs. Beigler and thousands of other women and really seek relief to-day? All druggists sell \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

100 Chicago Street, Fort Wayne, Ind., March 27, 1900.

Your Wine of Cardui has done a world of good for me. I have used five bottles of the Wine and one package of Theiford's Black-Draught. And since I have started to use it I will not be without it in the house. It helped my sister in Toledo, who did not menstruate as she ought. She was sixteen years of age and nothing else helped her. I was in a very bad state myself before I used your medicines, but I found relief in three days. And now I feel like a new woman and do all my housework and washing, which I could not do before I took the Wine of Cardui. I would be very glad to write any poor housewife and tell her how I suffered before I used Wine of Cardui.

Mrs. C. P. BEIGLER.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

New Shirt Waists

JUST OPENED.

Nobby styles, perfect fitting, and all at our usual low prices.
See our fine Colored Silk Umbrellas, worth \$2.50, for.....\$1.69
Just received a new line of Fancy Hose, only 15c
Another lot of Men's Summer Shirts, made of Madras Cloth (woven colors), with detached cuffs, only 50c

WELKER & NABLO,

Near Washington. 118 Calhoun St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Painters and Decorators—No. 39 meets at 62 Clinton street, third floor.
Switchmen No. 78 meets at 140 Calhoun street, third floor.
Lathers—No. 40 meets at Pearl and Harrison streets, second floor.
Christian Science—Services in First church in Harmony hall, West Berry street; Second church, in old Jewish tabernacle, Harrison street.
Lecture—By Rev. W. E. Wight, at Baptist tabernacle.
Lodges—Fort Wayne Council, No. 4, R. & S. M.; Fort Wayne Chapter, No. 19, R. A. M.; Mechoacanmochqua Tribe, No. 103, I. O. E. M.; Concordia, No. 228, I. O. E. F.; Fort Wayne, No. 19, A. O. U. W.; Fort Wayne, No. 1547, Wayne Council, No. 35, Jr. O. U. A. M.; Liberty Council, No. 22, K. and L. of G.; Old Fort Council, Royal League; Allen, No. 29, Degree of Honor.

Once more the sultan of Turkey has come down from his perch and begs of the powers that there be establishment of the status quo that prevailed prior to seizure of the foreign mail bags May 5. Abdul Hamid hints at intention to apologize for the violation of the mail bags. That will be easy. Apologies do not come from the exchequer and Abdul will do anything willingly but tap his strong-box.

The richest oil fields in the world are those around Beaumont, Texas. At the same time tenderest up north should have a care about investing in the thousand and one "oil companies" that have stock for sale. The probability is that you can double your money by keeping it in your pocket when tempted to buy shares in the Texas concerns. Colonel Guffy, of Pennsylvania, who is the king-bee in legitimate oil-producing enterprises in the Beaumont field, declares that a large number of wildcat companies "are practicing highway robbery." That doubtless expresses the situation to a nicety.

Five cadets are to be dismissed from the West Point military academy for mutinous conduct and breach of discipline. Six others will be suspended for similar offenses. The trouble arose over the effort of Colonel Mills, the superintendent, to enforce the regulations against hazing, and the war department has decided that Colonel Mills must be sustained. It will be a severe blow to the dismissed cadets, who must go forth from the academy in disgrace, but the penalty is well merited. Among the higher duties of the soldier is obedience to discipline and respect for the mandates of superior officers. This the disgraced cadets failed to yield, thus giving first proof of their unfitness for positions of command in the army. Since the disclosures made in the investigation of the death of Cadet Booz there has been general condemnation of the hazing practices at West Point and the superintendent has been conscientious and diligent in his effort to put a stop to the brutal custom. Some of the cadets have failed to appreciate the new situation. They are getting what they have played for.

A COMMON SENSE AFFAIR

Common sense and not prejudice or impracticable theories should be the guide in dealing with the question of

street railway extensions in Fort Wayne. There are certain extensions which ought to be made as soon as it is possible for the city and traction company to come to an agreement. Large and populous areas in the city limits deserve to have street railway service extended to them, and no unreasonable objection should be interposed between them and the meeting of their needs.

There is ground of mutual advantage upon which the city and traction company may meet and agree. The public grants asked for have value and in some form the public of Fort Wayne is entitled to and should receive compensation. Whether this be in lower fares, cash bonuses or some other form may be decided according as the better advantage to the people may lie. The city should condition the grants in such manner as to prevent embarrassment to future interurban railway projects that may be important to the community. New franchises should be limited and bear such other stipulations as the public welfare demands. The traction company has already proposed to accept proper conditions with respect to paying between tracks. Upon all these and other points properly to be considered there is no doubt the city and traction company can come to complete agreement.

It is not specially important who owns the street railway system here. It is important what the owners will do for Fort Wayne. Every citizen is solicitous that the most advantages possible on a basis of equity be secured. What is wanted is an improvement of the system and a maintenance of service that will serve the public needs in the most complete and satisfactory way.

THE MACCABEES' OFFICERS

ELECTION HELD AT STATE CONVENTION.

Meeting of the Great Camp of Indiana at Laporte—Milo Meredith Is Made Great Commander.

Laporte, Ind., May 22.—The great camp of Knights of Maccabees of Indiana convened here yesterday, in biennial session. The report of Great Commander Milo Meredith was presented and approved. The election of officers resulted as follows: Milo Meredith, Wabash, commander; Enoch Myers, Rochester, lieutenant commander; J. W. Repligle, Goshen, record keeper; Dan E. Wise, Plymouth, finance keeper; Dr. A. J. Irwin, Goshen, medical examiner; George H. Snyder, Auburn, chaplain; P. A. Byer, sergeant; W. B. Beck, New Albany, master at arms; William Murch, Alexandria, first guard; W. S. Flynn, Cromwell, second guard; E. E. Vanbruster, Tipton, sentinel; J. P. Schaunessee, Hammond, picket; George A. Astory, of Indianapolis, will be a delegate to the supreme tent, and Dr. J. D. Nichols, of Indianapolis, alternate. It is generally admitted that, although Indianapolis and Terre Haute are still in the race for the next meeting, South Bend will capture the prize. Rain interfered with the parade, but 800 men were in line.

At a great public meeting last night addresses were made by Supreme Commander D. P. Markey, of Port Huron, Mich.; Great Commander Parker, of Ohio; Supreme Record Keeper George J. Seigel, of Michigan; Supreme Lay Commander Lillian Hollister, of Detroit, and Supreme Lady Record Keeper Bina West, of Port Huron, Mich.

The Lady Maccabees of Indiana, in session yesterday, elected officers as follows: Rebekah Vangilder-Hammond, past commander; Grace Meredith, Wabash, commander; Eva Doolittle, South Bend, lieutenant commander; Lucy Parvill, Fairmount, record keeper; Irene Spray, Syracuse, finance keeper; Amanda Beal, Denver, chaplain; Alena Haslett, Chesterton, sergeant; Minnie Boyden, Hartford City, mistress at arms; Mary Poor, Macy, sentinel; May Biegh, Claypool, picket.

MORGAN MEETS LOUBET.

Paris, May 22.—The audience which J. Pierpont Morgan had with President Loubet last evening was quiet and unceremonious. It was prompted by the desire of Mr. Morgan to thank M. Loubet for the decoration of the cross of the legion of honor bestowed on him at the beginning of the year. The visit, however, was wrapped in the deepest mystery, the French authorities fearing it might be connected in some way with Mr. Morgan's financial schemes. The interview lasted a few moments—Mr. Morgan's expression of thanks followed by the exchange of a few commonplace remarks.

STRONG PLEA FOR THE BOYS

REV. L. J. MOTSCHMAN GIVES AN INTERESTING LECTURE.

Traced Life From Babyhood to Manhood and Painted Out Some Evils to Be Corrected.

An appreciative audience listened Tuesday evening to the lecture by Rev. L. J. Motschman, of Christ's Lutheran church, who spoke from the subject, "Boys Becoming Men," and in the course of his argument made a strong plea for the boy.

Rev. Motschman divided man's life into three periods—the budding, the flowering and the ripening period. Babyhood was designated as the budding period, and in this connection the speaker referred in caustic terms to the "modern anti-child idea," which, he said, is found chiefly in fashionable homes.

"There is something wrong about the man or woman who doesn't like babies," he said, "and something unnatural and inhuman about a woman who cares more for a woolly, ugly dog than she does about a child. I often wonder how such a woman's husband must regard himself, when he reflects that he is stepfather to a poodle dog. Such women are common in what is called fashionable, 'high-toned' society. They may be 'high-toned' socially, but they are low-toned morally, and far down in the human scale. It is in these circles, among such people, where scandals grow."

The flowering period, from seven to fourteen years of age, was pointed out as a most critical time, for the reason that it is then that habits are formed which govern the latter life. Rev. Motschman believed that the boys should be given full play for their buoyancy, and said that harm would result either from excessive restriction of youthful tendencies, or from too careful methods of house keeping. The mother who drives her boys into the street because they soil the furniture and create disorder in the house is laying up future trouble for herself. "Better let them smash the furniture if it is necessary to save them from the unclean thoughts of the street."

The ripening period, from fourteen to twenty-one years, should be devoted to the acquiring of the best possible education. The speaker was of the opinion that the boys suffer from an unjust discrimination at the completion of the high school education. At this period the girls have no difficulty in finding positions as teachers, while the young man must seek other occupations. He believed more boys would complete the high school courses were it not for this barrier against them.

Mr. Motschman spoke in a general way along the lines of human endeavor, and spoke an encouraging word for the boy beginning his life work. Poverty is no bar, as most of our great men have had to fight their own way upward. Honest, hard work, diligent application to every duty, no matter how great or how small, will bring success.

REV. MICHAEL WILL LECTURE

Rev. M. Michael, of Denmark, will deliver a lecture on the Danish Lutheran church at St. Paul's Lutheran church on Barr street, next Sunday evening, at 7:30. In the morning Rev. Michael will preach at Emanuel Lutheran church on West Jefferson street. The choir of Emanuel church, under the direction of Prof. Hornel, will sing a mass by Mozart.

CIGARMAKERS' SYMPATHY.

Friendship lodge, No. 70, International Association of Machinists, held its regular meeting last evening and discussed the labor situation from a machinists' standpoint. No action, it is said, was taken on the situation at the Bass shops, the men evidently believing that matters there would be adjusted, if adjustment is necessary, without any aid from the union. A resolution of sympathy with and approval of the action of the International Association of Machinists adopted by the local branch of cigarmakers was read at the meeting. It was as follows:

Whereas, The members of the Machinists' International union are involved in a struggle to establish a shorter work day and better wages; and

Whereas, The members of the Cigarmakers' union have learned by experience the great benefit that may be derived from shorter hours, among which are a better opportunity for reading and study, a chance to study the arts and sciences and thus improve and develop the mind, a cure for intemperance, as the body is not exhausted and does not require false stimulants to replace the vitality wasted by long hours of labor; and it also has resulted in improving the general moral, intellectual and social welfare of our craft by giving us a chance to get acquainted with our families; therefore, be it Resolved, That the Cigarmakers'

union No. 37, in regular meeting assembled, do hereby endorse the strike of the International Machinists' union and extend to them our sympathy and moral support in their struggle; be it further Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the local machinists' union of Fort Wayne and that they be instructed to use the same to the best interests of their strike.

AROUND THE WORLD.

The ladies of the Third Presbyterian church will give a unique entertainment, entitled, "A Trip Around the World," on Friday evening. The start will be made from the home of the pastor, Rev. J. A. P. McGaw, 489 South Calhoun street, which will be fitted up as a railway station, with lunch counter, train officials, etc. The first stop is Mount Vernon, at the home of Mrs. Ross, 25 Masterson avenue. The next stop will be Dublin, Ireland, at the home of Mrs. William Diefenderfer, 83 West Delaware street; Omeu to Japan, at the residence of Mrs. Glenn, 67 West Delaware street; next to Leipzig, Germany, at the home of Mrs. William Bardin, 28 West Creighton avenue, and finally to Glasgow, Scotland, at the home of Mrs. J. E. K. France, 496 South Harrison street. There will be a pipe in kills at the latter place and he will give a number of selections. The costumes and decorations at each stop will be appropriate to the place represented, and souvenirs of each country will be given. Everything will be perfectly in keeping with a railroad trip and the money realized will be for the benefit of the church.

DEED OF A HUSBAND.

Mishawaka, Ind., May 22. After making an effort to shoot his young wife on the street here last night at 8 o'clock, Thomas Smith, aged twenty-seven years, went to her home at 9 o'clock and asked to see her. The request being refused, Smith drew a revolver and sent a bullet into his head within view of the wife who had spurred his efforts at reconciliation. The pair were married a year ago, but Mrs. Smith left her husband recently. Both are members of prominent families in Sturgis, Mich.

Mrs. George Likeley has returned from a visit with Mrs. Lee Kitzelman, at Elkhart.

LOOKING BACKWARD.

It is with a Sigh One Looks Back to the Time the Power—the Strength to Accomplish—Existed.

Nothing is so Discouraging to an Active, Ambitious Person as the Feeling of Inability to go Ahead.

FORCE, STRENGTH, ENERGY, WON BY FORT WAYNE PEOPLE

By reason of waste and wear the human system becomes heir to symptoms governed by conditions—the immediate cause of the symptoms is lack of nerve force—bring that up to the standard of nature's requirements and the symptoms disappear. Whether it be the all tired out feeling that refuses to be rested, languor, sleeplessness, poor appetite, wanting strength, heart palpitation, headaches, mind confusion, impaired mentality, nervous tremblings, there is no secret about the wonderful success of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills in putting ailing people on their feet, except their great influence in creating nerve force. A great many Fort Wayne people are in evidence with testimony of the convincing kind.

for a long time. I am greatly pleased with the medicine."



TESTIMONIAL.

Mr. John Mooney, of No. 186 Lafayette St., Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are a splendid medicine. My heart was very irregular, due to excessive tobacco using. The nervous system itself was profoundly impressed by the tobacco. I was told of the Nerve Pills and got some at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store, No. 14 Calhoun St. The medicine so toned up the nervous system and strengthened me that the heart action became steady and strong—something it has not been

Dr. A. W. Chase Nerve Pills, 50 cents a box at druggists, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Caution should be exercised in purchasing. Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. The genuine always bear the portrait and signature of the famous physician and author of Dr. Chase's recipe book and his initials, A. W. Imitators and simulators may even use the name "Chase" in order to convey the impression they are the original Dr. Chase formula, but they dare not use initials A. W., signature and portrait. 50 cents a box at druggists, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by Meyer Bros. & Co.

WE MAKE FRAMES

NEW CENTURY

WE FRAME PICTURES

Wall Papers!

ONLY ARTISTIC LINE.

Prices Low Enough to Suit You.

KEIL & KEIL,

116 CALHOUN STREET.

...Carpets...

We are showing the choicest line of Ingrain Carpets in the city. Prices the lowest.

....Furniture....

The best makes. The best styles.

Sideboards from \$9 up.

Extension Tables from \$4 up.

Ladies' Desks from \$3 up.

Rockers from 75c up.

CASH OR CREDIT

Call and see our SANITARY REFRIGERATORS. The best on earth.

Bedroom Suites from \$19.95 up,

... In solid oak.

W. J. KETTLER & SON,

15 & 17 COURT ST.
58 & 60 CLINTON ST.

"The Progressive Store"



Dont you spend

that \$3.50 till you have seen the

"GLORIA"

shoe for ladies made by Pingree.

It's the only shoe in town at \$3.50 you'll say so yourself.

To be Had Only at

G. Klug's Shoe Store, 184 Hanna Street.

KRATZSCH BROTHERS

The Up-to-Date Store.

We wish to direct particular notice to our grand spring showing of A. HINKELSPIEL CO. ROCHESTER MADE CLOTHING. It is the highest grade garment made, though not too high priced for any man who pays due attention to his appearance. It is the one grade that is as good as it looks and looks as good as it is. You will do your pocketbook and your person an injustice if you buy your spring outfit before inspection of this line. Pleased to show you any time at your convenience.

Great Line of Trousers.

Our stock consists of every class of goods; quality the best; price, \$2.50 to \$5.00.

Grand Line of Furnishings

Here is the new spring Underwear—wool, part wool, no wool—at \$1.00, 75c and 50c.

New Hose at 25c, 15c and 10c.

Neckwear, any style—anything and everything that fashion sanctions, at 25c and 50c.

And the newest of new in Shirts, white and vari-colored, at 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Kratzsch Bros.,
26 Calhoun Street.

JUNE 3rd THE DATE

Hayden, Lynden and Apollo quartets, at Bethany church. Tickets any church Monday evening, June 3rd.

Lynden, Hayden and Apollo quartets, the greatest musical talent in the state, will give a concert at Bethany church Monday evening, June 3rd.

Bon Ami

The Finest Cleaner Made
Contains no coarse grit to
scour and wear out surfaces.

Good Health and Good Teeth

Are positively inseparable. To enjoy the
former you must possess the latter, and the
possession of both should be and is the de-
sire of all.



To Demonstrate

To the public the superiority of our work-
manship and the unqualified success of our
PAINLESS METHOD, we have decided to
make a great REDUCTION in our prices for
60 days, beginning May 18.

Our \$12 Plate for \$9.
\$10 Plate for \$7.

Try our latest method for painless ex-
tracting. Absolutely no pain or bad effects.
Ask for our tooth paste—something fine.

Arcade Dental Parlors,

Tel. 627 Main.
MURKIN & BAKER, Mgrs.
Open evenings.

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS

MANUFACTURED BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
NOTE THE NAME.

Attention, Bargain Lovers!

I have made money for others, why
not for you? Call and see me about
the following property, which I offer
for sale:

An eight-room house on Mont-
gomery St. for the sum of \$2,200

A seven-room house and full
lot on Little St. for \$1,500

300 East Wayne St., 30x150,
cottage, water, gas, brick
pavement, clear \$1,500

Eight-room house and barn,
lot 60x150 ft., St. Mary's
Ave. \$950

Several shops in south side, vacant
and modern improved.

Five and one-half acres with small
house edge of city for \$1,450, and
lots of other bargains. Carriage al-
ways ready.

Two houses and lot 75x150 feet,
one square off High street, for
\$1,050.

Val. C. Rocholl,

23 Court Street. Phone 49 Main.

A. Hattersley & Son, PLUMBERS,

STEAM AND
GAS FITTERS.

48 E. MAIN ST.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Robert Spice, PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITTER...

48 WEST MAIN STREET.
Office phone 201. Residence 1047.

Dr. Bulson,

Office and Residence, 45 West Wayne Street.
FORT WAYNE.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.

J. C. Peltier,

Undertaker
and Embalmer,

NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

Keep Sweet

BY USING OUR
BATH SPONGES.

We have a large assortment
for all purposes and can give
you any quality you want.
We also carry a full line of
bath room accessories. Bath
Brushes, Turkish Towels and
Soaps.

Ranke & Nussbaum.

PHARMACISTS.

83 Calhoun Street.

RAPID PROGRESS

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY IS
CLEARING AWAY WORK.

PREPARING FOR THE DEBATE

MANY OVERTURES REPORTED
AND DISCUSSED TODAY.

DEFENSE OF MISSIONARIES

ROBERT E. SPEER TALKS OF
CHINESE UPRISING.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 22.—The
commissioners of the Presbyterian
general assembly found much busi-
ness awaiting them today and the
rapidity with which the various
matters were disposed of evidenced
the assembly's intention to have for
consideration as little unfinished
business as possible after the settle-
ment of the creed-revision question.
The regular order called for the re-
port of the committee on foreign
missions, publication and benevo-
lence, and the report of Rev. Richard
S. Holmes, of Pittsburgh, on his mis-
sion of raising money to pay the in-
debtedness on the Presbyterian
building in New York.

The building is said to have cost
the church \$1,772,227. The debt
has been reduced one-half and Dr.
Holmes is endeavoring to secure this
sum by appeals to wealthy individ-
uals, to congregations, church so-
cieties and pastors.

The first matter to come before the
assembly at the morning session was
the report of the committee on church
polity, presented by Rev. Dr. George
T. Purves, of New York, chairman.
The report contained decisions on
overtures submitted by various pres-
byteries.

OVERTURES TAKEN UP.
An overture from the Chicago
presbytery asked for the appoint-
ment of a committee to reconsider the
form of the so-called Westchester
overture and to frame such an
amendment to the form of govern-
ment as shall provide for the restric-
tion of voting in presbyteries to
those ministers who represent
churches or are actively engaged in
the service of the church.

The committee decided that as the
so-called Westchester overture had
been overwhelmingly defeated at the
last general assembly, it was not
deemed advisable to again submit it
to the presbyteries.

An overture from the Brooklyn
presbytery asking permission to
erase from the roll the names of two
ministers whose whereabouts have
been unknown for the past twenty-
five years, was favorably acted upon
by the committee.

CHURCH DISTURBANCES.
Rev. Dr. John W. Dismore, of Cal-
ifornia, chairman of the judicial
committee, reported that the commit-
tee had acted upon a number of
cases. Among them was the appeal
of John E. Dayton and others, of the
Church of the Covenant, Williams-
port. A factional disturbance in the
church resulted in the locking out of
the pastor. The assembly decided
that as the case affected the constitu-
tion of the Presbyterian church, it
should be tried and issued according
to the provisions of the book of dis-
cipline.

THE VOTES ON OVERTURES.
Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, stated
clerk, reported the vote of the vari-
ous presbyteries upon overtures re-
ferred to them by the assembly of
1900. Among these overtures was
one defining the ministerial mem-
bership in presbyteries, which was re-
jected.

By a vote of 198 to 11 congrega-
tions were given permission to elect
their pastors as pastors emeritus
when they are prevented by age
from performing their duties. By a
vote of 187 to 18 the presbyteries
decided that candidates for the min-
istry shall not be licensed to preach
until one year after graduation.

FOR MARJYRS OF CHINA.
Rev. Dr. James D. Moffatt, presi-
dent of Washington and Jefferson
college, presented the report of the
committee on foreign missions, which
recommended:

"That pastors and sessions adopt
some systematic plan whereby every
church member may be induced to
make at least an annual contribu-
tion to foreign missions; that the
effort inaugurated to secure a mar-
tyrs' memorial fund, the annual in-
terest of which shall be employed in
supporting the successors of the
noble men and women who laid
down their lives in Pao Ting Fu, be
most earnestly commended to the
various organizations and to indi-
viduals contributing to our foreign
missions; that we rejoice to learn
that the civil authorities, and par-
ticularly the president of the
United States, have made earnest
effort to secure in reconstructed
China that kind of religious liberty
we enjoy in our own land; that we
urge the raising of not less than

\$1,000,000 for the ordinary work of
the board."

The following minute was incor-
porated in the report:

"We record our profound sorrow
upon the intelligence which has
reached us during the sessions of
this assembly of the death of Rev.
Malcolm D. Babcock, D. D., a member
of the board, and express to his be-
loved family and church our sym-
pathy and our prayers for the sus-
taining power of the Holy Spirit."

DEFENSE OF MISSIONARIES.

Robert E. Speer, of New York,
secretary of the board of foreign
missions, in addressing the assembly
on the committee's report denounced
the critics who placed the blame for
the boxer uprising upon the shor-
ders of the missionaries. In this con-
nection he said:

"Since the troubles in China the
church has been the subject of mal-
ignant and venomous criticisms. It
is true that some of these criticisms
is the result of ignorance and we
could afford to pass it by unnoticed
were it not for the fact that even
here in the highest court of the
church it has had its effect.

"Our missionaries have been char-
acterized as perniciously impotent,
boorish and ignorant of existing
conditions in China to the extent of
being responsible for the boxer up-
rising.

"I have the written statement from
the brother-in-law of Minister Wu
that had the missionaries been let
alone no troubles would have broken
out in the Chinese empire. He also
defends the missionaries as China's
only friends.

"I challenge you to find in any
of the newspapers charges, true or
false, against the missionaries of our
church. They have borne themselves
through all these troubles without
reproach."

Rev. J. Albert Miller, of Pao
Ting Fu; Rev. J. S. Whitting, of
Peking, and Howard Campbell, of
Laos, also spoke in behalf of foreign
missions.

Recess.

NEWS GATHERED IN COURTS

Several days ago Agnes Madden
Stelly, a domestic employed by Eliza-
beth Meyer and Jennie Work, secured
a judgment for \$3.75 in France's
court for pay for excess labor. The
plaintiff had been engaged as house-
maid for a stipulated sum, but was
put to work cleaning house for a
week. At the end of the week she
was paid her salary as housemaid
only, while she demanded pay at the
rate of \$1 a day for the time she was
engaged in housecleaning. The ju-
stice awarded her the amount of the
claim, \$3.75, and now the defendants
have appealed the case to the circuit
court. The domestic has about half
a dozen attorneys back of her, who
will not only plead her case but agree
to pay the costs in case they do not
win her suit.

Louis B. Ertle has commenced di-
vorce proceedings against his wife,
Anna M. Ertle. The plaintiff al-
leges that not only did the defendant
throw knives and table ware at him,
but assaulted him with a can of fish
worms. Here is a case where the
worm turned.

Jennie Goddard has commenced suit
against the city for \$15,000 damages,
sustained, she says, by a fall on the
sidewalk on Oliver street, the side-
walk being alleged to have been de-
fective, said defect being known to
the authorities.

Robert Brandenburg sues Matilda
Brandenburg for divorce.

Greenbury Beeks Erick has com-
menced suit against William L. Men-
rily. William L. Menrily et al. and Wil-
liam L. Menrily on notes aggregating
\$180.

Woodburn bobs up again today
with another law suit. This time it
is an action by David Lochner against
John H. Rohan, county treasurer, to
restrain him from paying over to
John W. Saylor any money in his
hands to the credit of Shirley City.

Saylor, according to the returns, was
elected town treasurer of Shirley City
two weeks ago, but his election is
contested by David Lochner, who
claims that he is entitled to the of-
fice. The contest cases are pending.
But to prevent the said claimant, Saylor,
from administering the town
funds this suit is brought.

The county commissioners were in
session today transacting office busi-
ness.

The divorce suit of Mary Kesler
vs. Dr. A. J. Kesler is on trial before
Judge O'Rourke. There is a cross-
complaint in and what evidence is
not brought out between the two
complaints is not worth noting. What
both sides are not trying to prove is
so interesting that it is with diffi-
culty that the court room can be
cleared at meal time. The testimony
today was very rich from the man
about town's standpoint and the at-
torneys say the half has not been
told.

Charles H. Shull has filed his final
report on guardianship of Nellie Shull.

The will of Ernest S. Mueller has
been probated.

David Heathman today qualified as
guardian of the minor heirs of Harry
Heathman.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Herman Hornel and Winifred E.
Hartman.

Skin Diseases

SALLOW COMPLEXION, ROUGH, PIMPLY
SKIN, SURE SIGNS OF IMPURE BLOOD

No matter how perfect the features, a face cannot be beauti-
ful when marred with blackheads, pimples and blotches. These
disfiguring blemishes are produced by some humor in the blood,
and, while causing little or no pain, are extremely embar-
rassing. Mere local remedies cannot bring permanent
relief. The sluggish, impure blood must be invigor-
ated and the circulation relieved of impurities before
one can hope for a flawless skin and perfect complexion.

S. S. S., nature's remedy, contains no minerals, is a
safe blood purifier and tonic for even the most delicate constitutions. It builds up your general health, purifies the blood
and carries healing and relief to the diseased skin. The more violent and stubborn diseases, like Eczema, Tetter, Acne,
Psoriasis, etc., cause the most indescribable torture, particularly at this season of the year, being at times almost madden-
ing. The matter that exudes from the little blisters or pustules dries upon the body and falls off in brown or silvery
scales, leaving the surface inflamed and raw. In some forms the skin becomes hard, dry and fissured, having the
appearance in extreme cases of leather or parchment. Unsightly crusts and disfiguring sores are not uncommon symp-
toms where the skin disease has become chronic. A large per cent of human diseases are located upon the skin. This
wonderfully constructed, delicate and sensitive piece of mechanism, receiving as it does the impurities thrown off by the

SUFFERED TWENTY YEARS.

Mrs. Sarah Pike, 3 Prescott Place, Dor-
chester, Mass., says: "I had Eczema on my foot
for twenty years, and notwithstanding constant
treatment it continued spreading and growing
worse. I used salves and lotions innumerable,
and also used several blood remedies, but none
had any effect. The disease finally extended
from my toes to my knees, and the pain and
itching were almost unbearable. On account of
my age (which was 70), the physicians said a
cure was impossible. One dozen bottles of S. S. S.
cured me completely, the sores only remaining
to show the awful struggle I have endured."

self cured, when in truth the poison has been forced back into the blood, lying dormant for a while, then breaking out
again with increased virulence and aggravated symptoms. As the skin is nourished and sustained by the blood, this
vital fluid must be purged of impurities; the humors or poisons that produce the eruption antedated and forced out, and
healthy new blood carried to the diseased surface, before the skin becomes smooth and soft again.

S. S. S. reinvigorates the sluggish and polluted blood, neutralizes the acids or other poisons, removes from the
circulation all morbid, impure matter, and sends healthy new blood to the irritated skin; the sweat glands resume their
proper duties, and immunity from further attacks is assured. S. S. S., being a perfect alternative and tonic combined,
antidotes and eliminates the poisons and at the same time strengthens and tones up the system, assists the digestion
and enables you to enjoy and assimilate what you eat, instead of bloating the
skin and ruining the stomach, as do the Mercury and Potash preparations.

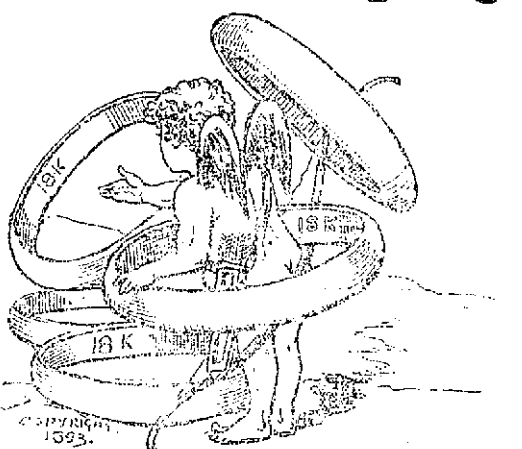
SSS

There are few lotions, salves or soaps that do not contain arsenic, or some
other injurious ingredient, and their use only aggravates your trouble by
clogging the pores of the skin and interfering with nature's efforts to relieve
the system of impurities.

Our Medical Department is in charge of experienced physicians. Write
them if you need any special information or advice. State as clearly and fully
as possible your present condition, symptoms, etc., and you can have the best advice without any cost to you whatever.
Remember S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier on the market and is for sale at all drug stores.
An instructive book on blood and skin diseases free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Engagement and Wedding Rings



Are Always in Demand,

And especially so at this time of the year. Conquered swains are
now in the ring to become benefactors and we are in it, too—not as
possible benefactors, but to supply

Those Beautiful Hoops of Gold
Which are the symbols of hearts bound together. Our rings are
warranted 18 karats fine and are the finest to be seen. Many fair
fingers are encircled with them now, but many more are left, both
of rings and brides expectant. While

Hyman Rules and Bridal Fingers Claim their Own.
Our stock must be in demand. The rings are in the store now.
Come before they're gone.

Prices \$1.00 to \$10.00.

OUR WATCHES

Are unequalled in elegance, accuracy as timekeepers and moder-
ateness of price. We are selling

Gold Watches at from \$10 to \$100.
Silver watches at from \$5 to \$15. Our ladies' watches range from
\$5 to \$75. Before you buy don't forget to look over our beautiful
line and get our low-water prices.

Remember We Make Fitting Glasses a
Specialty and Guarantee a Perfect Fit.

Eye strain causes more headache than all other causes combined
and can be corrected with glasses. Try us and be convinced. Eyes
tested free.

STEEL SPECS, \$1 UP. GOLD SPECS, \$3 UP.
GOLD RIMMED, \$1.50 UP.

J. L. Sievert, Wholesale and Retail
Optician and Jeweler,
79 Calhoun Street.



THE ITCHING WAS TERRIBLE.

Mr. L. Marno, Escondido, San Diego County,
Cal., writes: "My body broke out with a rash
or eruption which in spite of all efforts to cure
continued to get worse. The itching, especially
at night, was simply terrible; it would almost
disappear at times, only to return worse than
ever. I had tried many locally recommended
preparations without benefit, and hearing of S.
S. S. determined to give it a fair trial, and was
inexpressibly delighted when a few bottles
cured me entirely, removing every blotch and
pimple from my body. I shall not fail to recom-
mend S. S. S. whenever an opportunity occurs."

You Can Cut It With an Axe

BUT

PINS, TACKS AND BROKEN GLASS CAN'T HURT IT

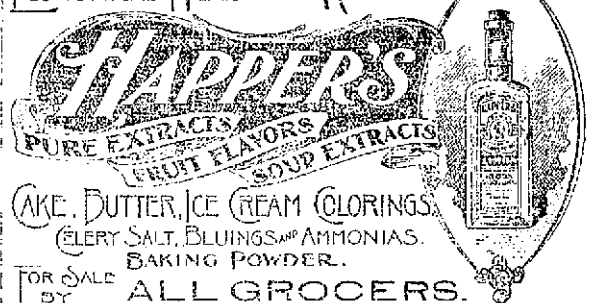


Buy a pair for your wheel and you'll appre-
ciate this; and besides you will be able to ride
ALL THE TIME. Then too, there will be no
repairs bills, so you'll be money ahead by the
end of the year.
We are talking about

THE GOODYEAR Puncture-Proof
Tires

Made by THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER CO., AKRON, O.
BROSIOUS & BROSIOUS, DISTRIBUTORS,
NO. 31 CLINTON STREET.

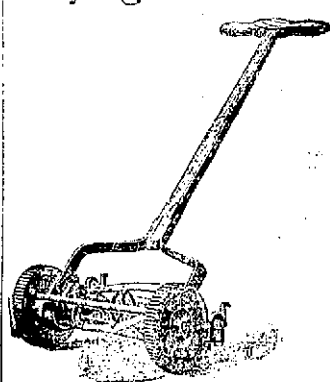
ECONOMICAL-HEALTHFUL-RELISHING



CAKE, BUTTER, ICE CREAM COLORINGS,
CELERY SALT, BLUINGS AND AMMONIAS,
BAKING POWDER.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

Have You Been Thinking of Buying a Lawn Mower...



Call and see our
new line of...

"New Quaker City"
Westfield
and the
Great American Ball
Bearing Lawn Mower.

Call and see our
Lawn Mowers
Before you buy.

H. PFEIFFER & SON,
PHONE 454, 8 E. COLUMBIA ST.

Lowe Bros. Paints—Lawn Fences.

-RURODE'S- Prices---Not Promises

We give you promises before you come, and dependable goods at the right prices when you come. You get the best here for the least money. See these unmatched values.

- Women's Percale Wrappers**
In large and dark styles, waist lined and trimmed with braid, full skirt with 12-inch flounce—regular price \$1.00, special 69c EACH.
- Women's Lawn Wrappers**
In pretty styles, ruffled skirt, waist nicely trimmed, \$1.25 value—special price 79c EACH.
- English Percale Wrappers**
With white pique yoke, skirt trimmed with 20-inch flounces, \$1.29 EACH.
- Women's Lawn Wrappers**
Waist self-trimmed, skirt with 18-inch flounce, choice styles worth \$1.25, 98c EACH.
- 50 Doz. Shirt Waists**
In lawn, percales, dimities and chambrays—not this season's styles, but just as good—they are worth from 75c to \$2.50 each—they all go in one lot at 25c EACH.
- China Silk Waists**
In black only, tucked and hem-stitched, full line of sizes \$3.50 EACH.
- 75 Taffeta Silk Waists**
In the new shades and correct styles, worth up to \$7.50—our special price \$5.00 EACH.
- 25 Walking Skirts**
In Meltons and double-faced cloths, worth \$5.00, \$8.00 and \$6.50—you can pick them out at \$3.98 EACH.

CHINA AND GLASSWARE

A TIMELY OPPORTUNITY FOR MONEY SAVING.

- Pressed glass sugars, cream jugs, butter dishes, salad bowls, etc., 5c EACH.
- Pressed glass tumblers—choice of several good patterns, 30c A DOZEN.
- Fine blown flint glass tumblers, plain and etched, clear as crystal, 50c A DOZEN.
- Cut glass tumblers, handsome panel cut, \$1.75 A DOZEN.
- Cut glass tumblers, panel and fluted pattern, \$2.25 A DOZEN.
- Cut glass tumblers, fine star pattern, \$3.00 A DOZEN.
- French china plates, choice of four handsome decorations, 25c EACH.
- French china cups and saucers, to match plates, 25c EACH.
- 25 100-piece dinner sets, in English and American porcelain, handsomely decorated, \$11.50 A SET.
- Rogers Bros.' 1847 silver plated knives and forks, \$1.75 A SET.
- Rogers Bros.' 1847 silver plated teaspoons, \$1.38 A SET.
- A choice line of fine china cut glass and art goods, suitable for wedding gifts, at attractive prices.
- A new and handsome showing of toilet sets, just opened.

TOILET ARTICLES

HERE'S VALUES FOR YOU IN GOODS OF RELIABLE QUALITY.

- Belle of Roses and Belle of Violet, fine triple extracts for the handkerchief, 10c AN OUNCE.
- Fine triple extracts in all choice colors, regular price 35c, special price, 25c AN OUNCE.
- Violet toilet water, the best quality, an 8-ounce bottle for 45c.
- A special lot of fine toilet soaps, regular price 10c a cake, special price, 5c A CAKE.
- 4711 White Rose toilet soap, 13c A CAKE.
- Cuticura Medicated toilet soap, 21c A CAKE.
- Mennen's Talcum powder, a toilet necessity at this season, 10c A BOX.
- Roger & Gallet, Phaud's, Hudnut's and other fine toilet preparations in complete assortment.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.



A Particularly Dressy Hat

Is the new "Grand Duke." It is swell and genteel and becoming to almost any face. We have many other styles in hats in the latest shapes and colors.

Our \$2.50 Soft and Stiff Hats equal any \$3.00 Hats in the city.

Our stock is rich and up-to-date. Call and see the line.

GOLDEN THE HATTER

CORNER CALHOUN AND BERRY STREET.



THE SMITH PREMIER OCCUPIES AN IMPERISHABLE POSITION IN THE BUSINESS WORLD.

Unquestioned superior merit annually adds thousands of names to the long list of Smith Premier users, representing every line of trade and every profession. It is held in lasting regard at home and abroad.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.
116 MONUMENT PLACE, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

MRS. O. BAIR,

Has opened Dressmaking Parlors in room 12 Arcade, Children's Clothing, and Muslin Underwear a specialty.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1901.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..... 179
Editorial Rooms..... 630

THE LATHER.

Chicago, May 22.—Forecast for Indiana: Unsettled, but generally fair weather tonight and Thursday; southerly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

George A. Jones, of Peru, is in the city.

A. B. Trentham will leave this evening for Chicago on a business trip.

Auditor H. A. Breckweg, of the Fort Wayne Gas company, is in the city from Lafayette.

Miss Betha Miller, of Toledo, is the guest of Mrs. C. H. Cadwallader, of 70 West DeWald street.

Deputy Postmaster B. L. Crow left this morning to spend a few days at the Larwill sanitarium.

Rev. W. D. Parr, formerly of this city, delivered the commencement address at Red Key last evening.

The N. T. U. club of the high school will give a pedro party at Mulqueen's hall next Friday evening.

G. S. Dricker, of Swan; Frank Rosenberger, of LaOto, and Trustee John M. Miller, of Ege, were in the city today.

Miss Nellie Carpenter, of Kansas City, Mo., is in the city, the guest of Miss Grace Gutermuth, of West Wayne street.

Mrs. F. Cole and little son, Charles, and William Cole, of Altoona, Pa., are the guests of their uncle, William P. Barlow, this week.

Miss Clara Gordon has returned from Madison, Wis., for a brief visit with her parents and will leave Friday morning for Buffalo.

The "advertising girls" will appear at the South Congregational church Friday evening, May 31. Ice cream and cake will be served.

John Berdelman, of the Empire Box factory, has gone to Hicksville, where he will be united in marriage to a prominent young lady of that city.

The ladies' society of the Baptist church will be entertained at the home of Mrs. Thomas Potter, 189 Ewing street, Thursday afternoon.

A meeting of the ladies of Trinity church will be held at the residence of Mrs. Samuel D. Hanna, 181 East Wayne street, tomorrow afternoon at 2:30.

William Muehlenbruch, of Madison street, has been seriously ill for some days with appendicitis. The indications this morning were regarded as somewhat more favorable.

The Boys' Brotherhood club will meet this evening and an entertainment and banquet is upon the program. The committee of arrangements will hold a special meeting at 7:30.

Columbia City Post: "Mrs. J. J. Landis, of Fort Wayne, who was the guest of her son, W. M. Landis, and his family, returned home last evening. She was accompanied by another son, Oscar, who has made his home in this place for three months and assisted his brother with the saw filing at Peabody's mills."

STRAWBERRIES, PINEAPPLES, ORANGES AND LEMONS.

Nice Strawberries, 8c; fancy, 10c qu.

Large Havana Pines, 17c each.

Fancy Michigan Apples, 60c pk.

Sweet Mediterranean Oranges, 22c.

Extra Mediterranean Oranges, 27c.

Fancy California Apples, 35c.

Fancy Wax Lemons, 20c.

Large Cincinnati Cucumbers, 8c each.

Fine Golden Wax Beans, 8c qu.

Fresh Green Peas, 7c qu.

Nice Smooth Tomatoes, 12c lb.

California Cherries, 25c lb.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

COMRADES, ATTENTION.

Members of Henry W. Lawton Camp, No. 8, Spanish-American War Veterans, will meet at White's hall, corner Clinton and Wayne streets, Friday evening, May 24, 1901, to elect new officers. All eligible members are requested to be present.

RALPH M. SNYDER,
Secretary.

FLOUR, MEATS, BUTTER, EGGS.

All City Brands Flour, \$3.75 bbl.

Rock Creek Favorite, \$3.65 bbl.

Belle of Fort Wayne, \$4.00 bbl.

Best Sugar Cured Hams, 12c lb.

Small Selected Picnic Hams, 9c lb.

Fancy Breakfast Bacon, 12 1/2c lb.

Choice Cuts Mess Pork, 9c lb.

Roller Sugar Cured Corned Beef, 7c lb.

Extra Quality Beef Roasts, 8c, 10c lb.

Extra Quality Beef Steaks, 10c lb.

Fresh Roll Country Butter, 15c lb.

Finest Dairy Creamery Butter, 20c lb.

Good Jar Butter, 12c lb.

Fresh Country Eggs, 11c doz.

GREATEST GROCERY CO.,
Opp. Postoffice. Phones 315-378.

GOVERNOR DUBBIN IN TOWN

REACHED THE CITY AT 3 O'CLOCK THIS AFTERNOON.

Came to Inspect School for Feeble-Minded and Stay Will Be Brief—Attorney General With Him.

Gov. W. T. Durbin, accompanied by four members of his staff and Attorney General W. L. Taylor, arrived in the city on the Nickel Plate shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon. The executive and his party were met at the depot by Assistant Superintendent Carroll and driven at once to the school for feeble-minded.

Governor Durbin's visit to the city is for the purpose of making an inspection of the school, and the original intention was to make the trip several weeks ago, but other duties made it impossible. John M. Spann, of Indianapolis, a member of the board of trustees, arrived from Indianapolis at noon, and together with the other members, Mrs. Mary R. Harper and Ed M. Wilson, of this city, met Governor Durbin and Attorney General Taylor at the school.

Superintendent Johnson has not yet returned from the east, where he has been in attendance at the national convention of charities and corrections, and the visitors will be shown over the institution by the trustees and the assistant superintendent. Governor Durbin and his party will leave for the east over the Nickel Plate at 8:30 this evening.

CORBIN SOON TO SAIL.

Washington, May 22.—Major General Henry C. Corbin, adjutant general of the army, will sail for the Philippines on the transport Hancock, which leaves San Francisco, June 25. He intends to make a general inspection of the military conditions in the islands.

DRIVERS' UNION PROSPERS.

The Team Drivers' union is receiving accessions daily and all the leading contractors have signed the scale. The Barber Asphalt company is using thirty-six teams at present and assured the team drivers that they would under no consideration employ any but union teams.

Elektron Blend has the strength and that fine flavor so requisite in a good cup of coffee. Try it. Always Fresh.

GREATEST GROCERY CO.

CHEAP EXCURSION TO LAFAYETTE NEXT SUNDAY

The WABASH will run a special train to Lafayette next Sunday, May 26th, on account of meeting of MODERIN WOODMEN OF THE WORLD. The ticket fare has been placed at \$1.00 for the round trip. Special train leaves Wabash Station at 7:15 a. m., and leaves Lafayette returning at 7:30. This rate is open to the general public. Telephone No. 6.

Fresh roasted daily—Elektron Blend and Holland Blend—genuine JAVA and MOCHA.
GREATEST GROCERY CO.

Merchants giving U. S. Stamps will not quit giving them. You need not have any fears but what they will continue to give them and that they will be redeemed.

It is merchants who are not giving UNCLE SAM STAMPS that want to stop the stamps. Buy where you get these stamps. Better premiums than ever.

Fort Wayne Trust Co

CAPITAL \$200,000.00
CORNER MAIN and COURT STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificates and book deposits of \$1.00 and upwards.

Loans money on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:

Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, Vice Pres.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel M. Foster,
Charles S. Paul,
George W. Poley,
William E. McManis,
Henry C. Paul,
Charles A. Wilding,
Andrew E. Hoffman,
John G. Peters,
William J. Vasey,
Louis Fox,
John B. Knapp,
David Stodolka.

Credit without interest or extras of any kind.

We Trust the People
And the People Trust Us.

Pay a little at a time, weekly or monthly, just as you choose.

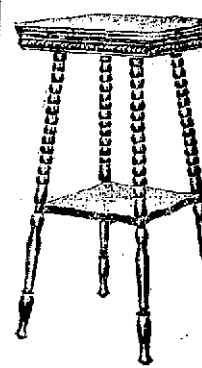
Radical Array of Bargains,
Remarkable Reduction in Price,
No Reduction in Quality.

The Furniture Buyers Paradise is Surely at

Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.
31 East Berry and 62 Clinton St.

All that art, good taste and skilled workmanship can produce will be found in our large store at the lowest prices.

Special this Week



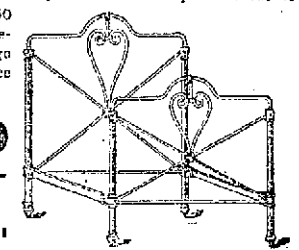
Only 50 of these fine center tables of solid oak or mahogany (like above cut) at the low price of

98c

WORTH \$1.50.

An entire new stock of Iron and Brass trimmed Beds, the prettiest you ever saw, and at very low prices—just to give you an idea, we produce cut of one—worth \$3.50—this week special they will go at the low price of

\$1.89



DON'T MISS THIS SALE.

Remember your credit is good with
Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

31 E. Berry St., and 62 Clinton St., Tri-State Building.



FORT WAYNE STORE:
80-82 Calhoun Street.

W.L. DOUGLAS
\$3.50 SHOE UNION MADE

What the Weavers Say!

"Equal to Custom Made Work."
Wilmington, Del., Nov. 23d, 1900.
Prior to eight years ago, I found it necessary to have my shoes made to order, that is, by the shoemaker. Since that time I have been wearing W. L. Douglas shoes, and I am pleased to state that I have found them everything that could be desired in workmanship, wear and comfort. J. M. Jones.

Take a look at your \$3.50 Douglas shoe. It is made of the best leather and the best workmanship. It is a shoe that will give you the most perfect satisfaction in every respect. They are equal to any \$5.00 shoe sold to day.
W. L. Krenner, 1209 Adams St.

BEST
\$3.50 SHOE
IN THE
WORLD
FOR
MEN.

They are all flocking to Patterson's for their 50c balbriggan underwear. It's as good as can be found in the city for 75c.

BICYCLE SUITS.

We have just received a shipment of bicycle suits made in golf style from all-wool material to sell at \$4 \$5 and \$6.
REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

You know them all, the greatest lot of musical talent that could be gathered together—Hayden, Lynden and Apollo quartets. Hear them at Bethany Presbyterian church, Friday evening, May 31st. 18-19

S. Fieldbleat, 76 Barr street, pays the best price for old clothes. 25-26

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7, Bass Block. 21f

ATTENTION MEN!

G. Schmidt, Merchant Tailor, 57 E. Berry street, has just received a fine line of spring and summer suitings. 27f

The Patterson hats are right.

THE GREAT TRIO,

Hayden, Lynden and Apollo quartets. Hear them at Bethany church Monday evening, June 3rd. 21f

The ladies' society of Westminster church will meet Thursday at 2:30 with Mrs. Howarth, 255 West Wayne street.

The musical event of the season—Hayden, Lynden and Apollo quartets at Bethany Presbyterian church Monday, June 3. 21-22

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—A girl 16 or 17 years old for very light housework. Apply 72 W. Main street.

Citizens Trust Company,
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
- CAPITAL, \$200,000.00
3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits
One Dollar
AND UP.
LOANS—Made on farm and City property at low rates

Good thing! SLAVY Shaver.

FULL OF MERIT....



We have portable LAWN SPRINKLERS OR SPRAY PUMPS that will do the work of a hose when a hose might be found inconvenient. Cost very little in comparison with the service rendered, and are made to withstand the roughest handling and most constant use. We sell this up-grade article at a down-grade price; \$3.00 buys one. These Spray Pumps are well made. In fact, they'll wear so long you'll get tired of them, and this is an advantage you should appreciate. Goods that speak for themselves—see them. At the same time we invite you to look over our carefully-selected stock of Rubber Lawn Hoses, ranging in price from 6c to 25c per foot, and warranted according to quality.

PHONES
SLAVY'S UP-TO-DATE
HARDWARE STORE
140
218 W. MAIN ST.

AFORMAL OPENING

CEREMONIES HELD AT PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.

BAD WEATHER MARS THE DAY

MILITARY PARADE REVIEWED BY ROOSEVELT.

CEREMONIES AT THE GROUNDS

SPEECHES BY ROOSEVELT AND SENATOR LODGE.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 20.—Lowering clouds that threatened rain and a wind that blew in fitful gusts, marked the opening hours of dedica-



WILLIAM I. BUCHANAN, DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.

tion day at the Pan-American exposition. There was a partial clearing of the sky at 9:30, which gave half-hearted promise of further improvement during the day. The holiday crowds were astir early, and the earlier trains brought thousands of recruits to their ranks. The exposition grounds and the business districts of the city where the military and civic parade formed were the centers that attracted the largest numbers, while the streets and avenues connecting the two swarmed with animated crowds. The street scenes were picturesque.

The Temple of Music, where the formal exercises of the day were held, was the center of activity, although every part of the Rainbow city had its admiring crowds.

THE MILITARY PARADE.
The military parade formed at the city hall and the streets radiating from it, and the state commissioners and distinguished visitors were received at the main entrance to the municipal building. They were welcomed by representatives of the exposition committee and later escorted to their carriages. The scene about the city hall was a brilliant one. The foreign representatives came in evening attire and there were a dozen military and naval officers in full uniform numbered in the group.

Senators Lodge and Hanna were early arrivals at the city hall, while Vice President Roosevelt and President Milburn did not arrive until late. The crowd gave them all liberal applause and the vice president bowed repeatedly in acknowledgment.

The parade moved off at 10:10, a squad of mounted police clearing the way. State troops led, followed by United States artillerymen. The Mexican contingent followed, and after them were more militiamen.

REVIEWED BY ROOSEVELT.
Vice President Roosevelt viewed the column from a carriage at the entrance to the city hall driveway, and raised his hat as swords went to a salute, arms to a port, or a flag fluttered.

When the last of the military parade passed, Vice President Roosevelt was escorted to a carriage, where he was seated with President Milburn. Senator Lodge rode with Chairman Scatchard, of the executive board. As soon as they were seated the line of carriages moved off. Vice President Roosevelt was cheered along the line and repeatedly bowed his acknowledgments.

About noon the multitude began to enter on the esplanade about the Temple of Music, where the exercises were held. The first of the cere-

monies on the grounds was the flight of 1,000 homing pigeons. The pigeons, suddenly released from their captivity, rose in a great mass, circling round and round through the towers of the buildings, rising higher and higher, until gradually, as they got their bearings, they darted away, first in pairs, then by the score, until all had disappeared to the four points of the compass, bearing their message announcing the dedication of the exposition.

GUESTS MARCH IN.
The troops were massed on and around the Bridge of Triumph and at 12:05 o'clock the officials and special guests headed by Vice President Roosevelt and President Milburn, of the exposition, marched through open ranks and on through the roped enclosure to the Temple of Music. The parade reformed and marched on through the grounds. After the entry of the officials and guests the Temple of Music was thrown open to those holding invitations and rapidly filled.

At 12:30 o'clock the galleries of

DANGER IS PAST

MRS. M'KINLEY ON THE HIGH ROAD TO RECOVERY.

IMPROVED THROUGH NIGHT

PRESIDENT GETS UNBROKEN REPOSE.

TO TAKE HER TO CANTON

MRS. M'KINLEY TO REST IN THE OLD HOME.

San Francisco, May 20.—At 9:20 a. m. Secretary Cortelyou gave out the following:

"Mrs. McKinley's physician reported that she has had the best night since her illness and that her progress is very satisfactory."

The night at the Scott mansion was quiet. President McKinley retired at 11 o'clock and slept all night without being disturbed. This morning at 9 o'clock Mrs. Gibbons, Rirschfelder and Cushing called and remained about an hour in consultation with Dr. Rixey. They left the house apparently well satisfied with Mrs. McKinley's condition. The president had some early callers. A delegation of clergymen, comprising Rev. Drs. Pond, Gardner, Denmet and Hammond—the latter superintendent of the Methodist Chinese mission, in company with four Chinese ministers—called on the president. The Chinese presented to Mr. McKinley a beautiful banner together with a memorial thanking him for his efforts in aiding the Chinese during the recent trouble in China. The banner bore this inscription in Chinese:

"Presented to William McKinley, august president of the great America by the Chinese members of the church of Jesus Christ in San Francisco as a token of their honor and praise."

The president accepted the banner and thanked the delegation, which then retired.

Secretary Cortelyou stated that the president had made no arrangement for today, but should decide later as to his program. It is probable that he will review the returning soldiers from the Philippines either today or tomorrow.

TO GO TO CANTON.
San Francisco, May 20.—At an early hour today no change had been reported in the condition of Mrs. McKinley. Although her condition has greatly improved, the physicians have named a week or ten days as the shortest possible time in which she can gather strength to make the trip across the continent.

The immediate members of the presidential party will, therefore, remain here for that length of time, though it is probable that the rest will leave for the east during the present week. The president and Mrs. McKinley will go direct from San Francisco to Canton. At Mrs. McKinley's old home, surrounded by familiar faces and with every comfort, it is expected that her recuperation will be more rapid than if she went to Washington. President McKinley spends much of each summer at Canton and the arrival there will be not far from the date of his regular annual visit.

He will probably proceed immediately to Washington after leaving Mrs. McKinley, returning to Canton as soon as the more pressing public business has been disposed of. Miss Mary Barber, Mrs. McKinley's niece, will go with Mrs. McKinley to Canton.

WILL HAVE A NEW CAR.
President and Mrs. McKinley will occupy a different car from that which brought them to the coast. The new car, however, is one of the same kind and fully as luxurious.

The train will be about as large as the one that came west, having accommodations for the president and cabinet and ladies, Secretary and Mrs. Cortelyou, Dr. and Mrs. Rixey, Mr. and Mrs. Moore, Assistant Secretary Barnes, and the white house staff and eleven members of the press and photographer.

The Ogden route will be taken. Governor Gage has been informed by the president that no stops of any length will be made at Sacramento or elsewhere en route. The president will not leave the train, though he may speak briefly from the rear platform at one or two important cities.

The president expressed the hope yesterday that nothing would prevent him from reviewing the school children of San Francisco today.

Secretary and Mrs. Hay expect to

ON MURDER BENT

A SUNDAY SLAUGHTER DOWN IN EVANSVILLE.

YOUNG MAN SLAYS THREE

SHOOTS DAIRYMAN GARRISON AND WIFE.

SHOOT AT HIS OWN FATHER

WOUNDS A POLICEMAN AND COMMITS SUICIDE.

Evansville, Ind., May 20.—Three dead and three wounded, one fatally, is the result of a deliberate series of armed attacks by Everett Conway in this city Sunday morning. Conway killed W. C. Garrison, Garrison's wife, wounded Patrolman Ben Wallis mortally and Ed Davidson and Adam Crawford seriously and then killed himself. The crime was committed in that portion of the city known as the west end.

Conway and Garrison, who were neighbors, had not been on friendly terms for the last year. Two years ago the father of Conway sold a small dairy to Garrison and the latter prospered to a marked degree. Young Conway was of the opinion that Garrison had swindled his father and hence his malice against the dairyman.

Conway took his repeating rifle at 6:30 o'clock, and going to the rear of the house, saw Garrison milking his cows in the stable. Without saying a word the young man shot Garrison in the head and the latter fell over dead. Conway's father, who was in a near-by stable, ran out and demanded of his son what he was doing. The youth turned the gun on him and fired two shots, neither of which took effect. The old man ran down an alley to the police patrol house and gave an alarm.

KILLS WIDOW OF HIS VICTIM.
Meanwhile Mrs. Garrison had appeared on the back porch and Conway, standing in the stable door, shot her in the heart. She fell on the steps and expired in a few minutes. Then the frenzied man set fire to the barn and repeatedly discharged his rifle through the door, killing all the cows as they tried to escape from the smoke and flames. The shots attracted policemen in the lower part of the city. Patrolman Ben Wallis, who was the first to arrive, entered the Conway house and went upstairs, where the murderer had secreted himself. At the head of the steps he saw Conway with a gun in his hand and retreated, not wishing to rush to sure death.

The officer walked across the street and was consulting a party of neighbors, when Conway came to an upper window and fired at him with a shotgun. Wallis received over 100 pellets in his body and fell unconscious. Edward Davidson and Adam Crawford, who were standing near, were also wounded. Wallis was taken to the hospital and at midnight was not expected to live many hours, as he was growing weaker from loss of blood and was delirious.

MURDERER ENDS HIS LIFE.
A riot alarm was turned in and Police Sergeant Frank Henke and the entire police department hurried to surround Conway's house. Conway had told his wife the whole story and she begged him to flee the city, but he replied that he realized he was in a desperate fix and was going to die game. Going upstairs he shot himself in the breast with a revolver that lay on the dresser. The officers then rushed in and took charge of the body.

A note left by the dead man to a local morning paper told why he committed the crimes. He said Garrison had robbed him and his father and that he could stand it no longer. He ended by saying he "was from Kentucky," and that the people in a few hours would be invited to see his work. Saturday morning Conway wrote a letter to Garrison telling him he would give him ten days to leave the neighborhood. Garrison showed the letter to Conway's father and the latter upbraided his son, who gave him no answer.

Everet was employed as switchman by the Louisville and Nashville railroad company. He was twenty-seven years old and came here from Kentucky when a boy. Garrison was thirty-one years old and leaves two children, a boy and girl. He came here from Illinois four years ago.

THRONES BESET THE MORGUE.
The coroner took charge of all the three bodies and thousands of people flocked to the morgue. It required several officers to keep back the

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ASKED TO REMAIN

CHINESE PETITIONED THE AMERICAN TROOPS.

IN NEED OF OUR PROTECTION

GENERAL CHAFFEE FORWARDS THE PETITION.

REPLY OF PROVOST MARSHAL

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL TALKS OF MANCHURIA.

Washington, May 20.—The war department has received from China a petition presented to General Chaffee by a mass meeting of several thousand Chinese and Chinamen who assembled in front of the office of the provost marshal at Pekin March 28 last and signed by 5,600 Chinese residents of that city, praying the retention of the American troops.

The petition told of the good work performed by the American soldiers and of the thousands of homeless people who had been fed by the American charity house.

Capt. John C. F. Tillson, Fourteenth infantry, the provost marshal, in replying to the petition, said:

"It is needless to tell you that the United States does not maintain an army for the purpose of furnishing the city of Pekin with good municipal government, and as a business proposition your appeal for the United States forces to remain longer in Pekin has little to stand upon.

"That you will need our protection there is little doubt, and as the broader principles of humanity most frequently sway the people of my country your petition is not hopeless, and I shall be glad to refer it to our government.

"Whatever the result of your petition, whether we stay or go, it may be gratifying to you to know that the soldiers of the United States, who, by force of circumstances, came to China as your enemies are now your friends, and we hope that this friendship may endure."

TALKS OF MANCHURIA.

New York, May 20.—In the course of a long interview relative to the situation in China, cabled to the Herald from St. Petersburg, a Russian of high rank, presumably Count Lamsdorff, the minister of foreign affairs, is quoted as saying in answer to the question: "What about Manchuria?"

"The time to make objection was when the concession was made years ago.

"Does anyone suppose that any country is going to build a railway through such a country and leave it unprotected or to be wrecked wherever wild hordes of brigands choose to operate?"

"Besides, I consider that the Siberian railroad is of the highest importance to the commerce of the world."

"And especially to America!"

"Yes, especially to America. The Americans are a shrewd and clever race. They show it in their policy, which I call a sensible policy. The Siberian railway being, so to speak, a belt of the world, is sure to be of great assistance to American commerce, which already flourishes here in a very successful manner."

IS A FORT WAYNE BOY.

Charles Cecil Fitzmaurice, 17 years of age, has been selected by the Chicago school authorities to make a trip around the world in a race against time. The boy was born in Fort Wayne and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. James Fitzmaurice, who moved to Chicago twelve years ago. The father is now master mechanic of the Chicago Junction railroad. The Chicago American will bear the expenses of the trip, and the schedule calls upon Fitzmaurice to leave Chicago May 20, arriving on the return July 14, making the trip in 58 days. Fitzmaurice won the distinction by his standing in scholarship.

ATTACKED BY REBELS.

Manila, May 20.—It is unofficially reported that a body of rebels under Angeles attacked a detachment of American troops supposed to be of the Twenty-seventh regiment, near Pasaco, in South Camerines province, killing two soldiers and one native scout and taking one soldier prisoner. The insurgents are still in possession of the mining town of Paracole, North Camarines. The nearest troops are at Indan, thirty miles away.

A FORMAL OPENING

(Continued From First Page.)

invited the world to witness our triumph and to partake with us these fruits of 100 years of civilization and development. We give you cordial greeting and I assure you that our citizens who have planned this festival for your entertainment will make you welcome and show you generous hospitality."

Robert Cameron Rogers was next presented by Mr. Milburn and read his poem dedicated to the exposition.

VICE PRESIDENT SPEAKS.

The Orpheus society sang "Salve Liberty," accompanied by an orchestra, and at the conclusion Vice President Roosevelt was presented, and a storm of applause gave him greeting as he came forward. He said:

Today, on behalf of the United States, I welcome you here; you, our brothers of the north, and you, our brothers of the south; we wish you well; we wish you all prosperity, and we say to you that we earnestly hope for your well-being, not only for your own sakes, but also for our own, for it is a benefit to each of us to have the others do well. The relations between us now are those of cordial friendship, and it is to the interest of all alike that this friendship should ever remain unbroken. Nor is there the least chance of its being broken, provided only that all of us alike act with full recognition of the vital need that each of us should realize that his own true interests can best be served by serving the interests of others.

You, men of Canada, are doing substantially the same work that we of this republic are doing, and face substantially the same problems that we also face. Yours is the world of the merchant, the manufacturer, and mechanic, the farmer, the ranchman, and the miner; you are subduing the prairie and the forest, tilling farm land, building cities, striving to raise ever higher the standard of right; to bring ever nearer the day when true justice shall obtain between man and man, and we wish God-speed to you and yours, and may the kindest ties of good will always exist between us.

To you of the republics south of us I wish to say a special word. I believe with all my heart in the Monroe doctrine. This doctrine is not to be invoked for the aggrandizement of any one of us here on this continent at the expense of any one else on this continent. It should be regarded simply as a great international pan-American policy, vital to the interests of all of us. The United States has, and ought to have, and must ever have, only the desire to see her sister republics in the western hemisphere continue to flourish and the determination that no old world power shall acquire new territory here on this western continent. We of the two Americas must be left to work out our own salvation along our own lines, and if we are wise we will make it understood as a cardinal feature of our joint foreign policy that on the one hand we will not submit to territorial aggrandizement on this continent by any old world power, and that on the other hand, among ourselves each nation must scrupulously regard the rights and interests of the others, so that instead of any one of us committing the criminal folly of trying to rise at the expense of our neighbors, we shall all strive upward in honest and manly brotherhood, shoulder to shoulder.

A word now especially to my fellow countrymen. I think that we have all of us reason to be satisfied with the showing made in this exposition, as in the other great expositions of the past, of the results of the enterprise, the shrewd daring, the business energy and capacity, and the artistic, and above all, the wonderful mechanical skill and inventiveness of our people. In all of this we have legitimate cause to feel a noble pride, and a still nobler pride in the showing made of what we have done in such matters as our system of widespread popular education and in the field of philanthropy—especially in that best kind of philanthropy which teaches each man to help lift both himself and his neighbor by joining with that neighbor hand in hand in a common effort for the common good.

There are certain truths which are so commonplace as to be axiomatic, and yet so important that we cannot keep them too vividly before our minds. The true welfare of the nation is indissolubly bound with the welfare of the farmer and the mechanic; of the man who tills the soil, and of the mechanic, the handicraftsman, the laborer. If we can insure the prosperity to these two classes we need not trouble ourselves about the prosperity of the rest, for that will follow as a matter of course.

On the other hand, it is equally true that the prosperity of any of

us can best be attained by measures that will promote the prosperity of all. The poorest motto upon which an American can act is the motto of "some men down," and the safest to follow is that of "all men up." A good deal can and ought to be done by law. For instance, the state, and if necessary, the nation, should by law assume ample power of supervising and regulating the acts of any corporation (which can be but its creature), and generally of those immense business enterprises which exist only because of the safety and protection to property guaranteed by our system of government. Yet it is equally true that, while this power should exist, it should be used sparingly and with self-restraint. Modern industrial competition is very keen between nation and nation, and now that our country is striding forward with the pace of a giant to take the leading position in the international industrial world, we should beware how we fetter our limbs, how we cramp our Titan strength. While striving to prevent industrial injustice at home, we must not bring upon ourselves industrial weakness abroad. This is a task for which we need the finest abilities of the statesman, the student, the patriot and the far-seeing lover of mankind. It is a task in which we shall fail with absolute certainty if we approach it after having surrendered ourselves to the guidance of the demagogue or the doctrinaire, of the well-meaning man who thinks feebly, or of the cunning self-seeker who endeavors to rise by committing that worst of crimes against our people—the crime of inflaming brother against brother, one American against his fellow Americans. My fellow countrymen, bad laws are evil things; good laws are necessary, and a clean, fearless, common-sense administration of the laws is even more necessary, but what we need most of all is to look to our own selves to see that our consciences as individuals, that our collective national conscience, may be instant to respond to every appeal for high action and lofty and generous endeavor. There must and shall be no falling off in the national traits of hardihood and manliness, and we must keep ever bright the love of justice, the spirit of strong brotherly friendship for one's fellows, which we hope and believe will hereafter stand as typical of the men who make up this, the mightiest republic upon which the sun has ever shone.

The speech of Vice President Roosevelt aroused a high spirit of enthusiasm, and he was wildly cheered as he closed and took his seat.

SENATOR LODGE'S ADDRESS.

Senator Lodge was then presented. He, too, was enthusiastically received. He said in part:

To you of the central and southern continent I believe that the American people and the government of the United States would say, if they could speak with a single voice, that they desire nothing so much as to strengthen all the bonds which connect them with your republics. We hope that you will believe that this is not the expression of a mere civility. We desire that you should regard the United States as your best friend. We seek no intention to the southward. We desire nothing that is yours. We ask only for your friendship, for your commerce, and for your good will. We also earnestly hope that you will unite with us in the support of what we believe to be the true policy for America, both north and south. That policy is expressed in the Monroe doctrine and carries with it all the purpose of drawing close the bonds between the continents and extending the belief in the solidarity of American interests. The Central American canal is as important to you as to us. It will bring the western coast of South America into immediate sea connection with our Atlantic coast, and our Atlantic coast into immediate connection with California. That canal we are prepared to build at our own expense. That canal we intend to control, not in our own interests alone, but in the interests of all the states of both continents. It is to be an American canal and the United States is abundantly able to alone guarantee its neutrality, to require no help financially or politically from any country, and to protect it for the benefit of America and of the world. In this great undertaking we ask from you of the south neither men nor money, but only that you should give us your sympathy and your moral support and that you should believe that the canal built by the United States is as much in your interests as ours. We ask you also, and this is more important than anything else, to stand by us in the unwavering maintenance of the Monroe doctrine. That doctrine is that no possession now held by Europe is to be disturbed, but that Europe is to acquire no new possessions and to extend no old ones. Under no pretense can we of the American

hemisphere suffer Europe to enter in and establish colonies or seek to partition Central or Southern America. We cannot, we will not, permit any great military power to enter this hemisphere, settle down by our firesides, force us to create great standing armies and from some point of vantage offer an eternal menace to our peace. You have your own countries and your own governments. We wish the peace, prosperity, an increasing population and growing wealth, but we wish you to have it under your own flags and in absolute independence, without any possibility of interference by Europe. We ask you to be true to the doctrine which we announced seventy-five years ago. If you will put your faith in it and be true to it we will defend it. No American soil shall be given up to any power of Europe. We wish nothing but friendship with Europe; we do not seek to meddle in any way with European affairs and we do not wish to have Europe meddle with us. No power which now has no foothold in this hemisphere can be permitted to come in here and by purchase, lease, or other arrangement get control of even the smallest island for the purpose of establishing a naval station or a place of arms. When Spain sued for peace we could have demanded from her an island which would have given us a naval station in European waters, but we made no such request. In return we say no European power shall come in here to establish a naval station in the Caribbean sea. A place of arms at that point, owned or controlled by one of the powers of Europe not now owning any territory in America, would be a menace to the canal and to every South American state. Under no conditions, under no stress of circumstances can the smallest island or the most barren promontory on either continent ever be ceded or sold to one of the great powers of Europe. This danger is real. It cannot be warded off by brave words, by Fourth of July orations or by confident boasting of our strength and resources. It can only be avoided a thorough agreement among all American states upon the Monroe doctrine and by unceasing watchfulness, complete preparation and the most absolute readiness on the part of the United States.

Such is the message which I, for one, should like to have go forth from this great exposition to all the people of the Americas whom we have invited hither. We have high hopes of the benefits which will come to us from the extension of our commerce, to which we believe this exposition will give wings, but our highest hope is that it will bring home to those who came from distant regions to this city by the northern lakes the fact that the United States seeks nothing but the welfare of the republics of South America, and asks in return that they should share with her in jealously maintaining the doctrine of Monroe. The motto of every American state should be, not as a mere empty cry, but as the utterance of a profound principle, "America for the Americans." To all the rest of the world we hold out the hand of friendship, and we desire nothing as much as the closest and most friendly relations, but over what has once become American soil only American flags must float.

Senator Lodge was followed by Frederic Almy, who recited a poem, and he in turn by Lieutenant Governor Woodruff.

Mr. Almy's poem was as follows:

KING TOIL.

—Pax, 1901.

A king is crowned on this May day
With pomp beyond the dreams of kings:
From pole to pole extends his sway,
And half a world its tribute brings.

Two continents of freedom bend
Before his throne a willing knee,
And Gods and Titans condescend
To serve the lord that is to be.

The bolts of Jove are in his hand,
Niagara yields, the seas obey;
Not Xanadu or Samarcand
Can match his palace of a day.

With throbbing flags instead of drum,
With flashing streamers instead of sword,
King Toil, the king of kings, has come;
Of all mankind the hope and lord.

And Beauty comes, as queen of Toil,
To share his rainbow jubilee;
Art tempering us, as a sweet foil,
—A bow of hope across our sea.

Toil's Barons (twain of Brawn and Brain)
Their countless triumphs here display,
For Brawn has wrought what Brain has thought,
And both are passing proud today.

Three great nativities emboss
Peace on the young king's diadem—
The Northern Star, the Southern Cross,
And the white star of Bethlehem.

Though head and hand still vex the land
With civil strife for share of spoil,
The fettering past shall break at last,
And peace on earth shall dwell with toil.

Culture and wealth shall learn to love
Their gifts in trust for others' joy;
Love shall purge Ishmael's feet, and gold
Shall purge its hard and base alloy.

Here in Toil's temple opal-bued,
Blazing with gold and amethyst,
Its brief, eternal pulchritude
By fountains lavied, by fire kissed,

We pledge the century which shall close
A great millennium's splendid page,
And lead Man, conqueror o'er old foes,
To the new tasks of a new age.

(Note.—Pax, 1901, is the motto of the Pan-American flag.)

Mr. Woodruff was received with cheers. At the conclusion of his ad-

dress the audience joined in singing "America" to the accompaniment of the band.

Bishop William D. Walker then pronounced the benediction and the multitude dispersed.

IMPROVEMENTS AT ROME CITY.

The various improvements at Rome City mentioned in The Sentinel several weeks ago are now being made, and the pretty resort will be more attractive than ever when they are finished. The new pier has been completed and the launch and row-boat docks to the south of the depot are in process of construction. The material for the new electric light power house is on the ground and work on the new building will commence shortly. The dimensions will be 19x65 feet and it will be built opposite the depot. Two twenty-light dynamos have arrived and they will be installed in the new building with the one now in use. Additional lights will shortly be placed at different points along the lake and the work will all be completed before the influx of cottagers in June.

THEY DISTURBED A MEETING

FIVE YOUNG BOYS APPEAR IN POLICE COURT.

South Side Michiefmakers Given An Admonition—General News of the Police.

Five boys, members of respectable families, were at police court this morning charged with having disturbed a religious meeting at the corner of Hoagland avenue and DeWald street last night. It developed at the trial that the meeting was not really of a religious character, but was a rehearsal of an entertainment by the Junior Christian Endeavor society. The boys, all of whom were bright looking, well dressed and apparently honest and frank in their statements, admitted that they had disturbed the meeting but pleaded not guilty to any knowledge of wrong doing. There has been much complaint from the same quarter and it is known that these boys, who are mischievously inclined, have participated in a number of annoyances. Acting Judge Huser dismissed the cases against two, against whom there was no evidence, but fined the other three \$1 each and suspended sentence, admonishing them that any complaints against them would result in severe punishment. The boys promised to be good and were released.

There have been no available developments yet discovered in the Himes & Rosenwinkle robbery case. Detective Coling, however, discovered a peculiar circumstance regarding the opening of the safe. Among the papers found on the floor was a slip containing the numbers of the combination. Mr. Rosenwinkle said he had never seen it before and that he had no idea where it came from, and it was at first thought that perhaps the burglar had by some means discovered the combination and used it in opening the safe, and in his hurry left it lying on the floor. The detective looked the matter up and guided by a few letters on the back of the slip interviewed Mr. Thompson, of the machinists' firm of Tarnon & Thompson. Mr. Thompson immediately recognized the slip and said he had written it himself after doing some repair work on the safe and that he had placed it in a drawer in the safe along with a number of cancelled checks. The detective is now bothered to explain how the burglar got the slip out of the drawer to open the combination with without first opening the safe to get into the drawer.

L. F. Allard, alias B. F. Burnett, arrested Sunday by Detective Wilkinson, of the Nickel Plate, was taken to Chicago yesterday and placed under bond of \$500 to answer to the charge of obtaining free transportation by fraudulent means, a misdemeanor under the Illinois law. He found no difficulty in giving the bond, as he appears to be very well known, his brother being a prominent ticket broker in Chicago.

James Kelly, a plain unvarnished drunk, was arrested on Columbia street last night. He offered no excuse this morning and was sent over for eleven days.

THE SPRING FEVER

Is a malady which no one can escape at this season of the year. The vitality is usually overtaxed during the winter months, and spring finds the system all run down. The blood is thinned and impure. The kidneys and liver are inactive—resulting in a loss of energy and appetite, and a derangement of the nerves. Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound will purify your blood, tone up your nerves and leave you feeling fresh and energetic. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Karl K. Bowsher has taken a position with Dreier & Bro., and Will Kaiser is now employed at the Meyer Bros.' drug store.

GREAT STRIKE ON

MACHINISTS BEGIN BATTLE FOR

SHORTER DAY.

MANY CITIES ARE AFFECTED

IN MANY CASES DEMANDS ARE ACCEDDED TO.

NINETY THOUSAND MEN OUT

REPORTS FROM THE CITIES WHERE STRIKE IS ON.

Washington, May 20.—The general strike of the employees in the machinery and allied metal trades throughout the country to enforce a nine-hour day with an increase of wages to meet the reduction in the hours of labor took effect today.

Reports were received by President O'Connell, of the National Association of Machinists, and other officials, who are in this city, early in the forenoon indicating that a large number of establishments, heretofore holding out against the demands of the men, were making the necessary concessions. Mr. O'Connell said this morning that it was too early to make any estimate of the number of men out. His original figure was 150,000 men directly affected and several hundred thousand indirectly. This figure has been largely reduced by the number of agreements reached in the last two or three days. Mr. O'Connell, while refusing to make any estimates or draw any conclusions until later in the day, said the reports so far received were of a very encouraging nature.

IN NEW ENGLAND.

In New England the first reports show that many men are out, but the number in the aggregate cannot be estimated as yet.

The states mostly affected in New England are Connecticut and Vermont. From the former state telegraphic reports to the headquarters here show all the machinists in the towns of Andover and Derby are out. The men in the principal towns in Vermont also have struck. These include St. Johnsbury, Rutland and St. Albans.

Massachusetts and New York were late in making reports. From Cincinnati the indications are that all the men are out. This is one of the points where the most difficulty in settlement has been apprehended.

In Cleveland the situation has improved. While the number of men out is not stated, the report from there today announces that the Automatic Refrigerator company, the Grant Tool company, the Danielson Tool company and Bolinger & Reilly have signed with the men and work in these establishments continues.

In Wilmington, Del., several of the concerns are reported as having agreed to the terms this morning.

IN THE WEST.

The report from Denver shows that no trouble is expected there. About three-quarters of the concerns employing machinists in that city have signed and negotiations are in progress for a settlement with others, which look hopeful.

The advices from Chicago indicate that arrangements have been made with a great majority of the firms under which the agreement is signed and will be enforced.

IN CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, Ohio, May 20.—Although the machinists' strike in this city was not set to occur until 10 a. m., many employees did not take up their labors at the regular hour, 7:30 o'clock. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, arrived this morning. Vice President Thomas Kidd and Treasurer John B. Lennon, both members of the executive board of the American Federation of Labor, joined him, and they immediately went into conference with the local leaders of the International Association of Machinists. Meantime, without waiting for the official order, operative at 10 a. m., processions formed as early as 7:30 o'clock, marched to the larger manufacturing concerns, and called the men out. The response was quite general even among employees not members of the machinists' association, who had given intimation that they were in sympathy with the strike.

At several of the large plants, however, the men are all at work, even where no increase of wages have been granted.

At machinists' headquarters it is reported three firms have today met the demands of the men, making fourteen firms where there is no strike. In all the others the strike is declared to be complete, not only including machinists, but all employees.

The machinists claim that 3,000 of

their fellow-craftsmen and as many others not machinists have quit work.

MANY OUT IN MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 20.—About 1,600 machinists responded to the order of President James O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists, and refused to begin work in this city today. Several hundred helpers also struck. The men went to their places of employment as usual, but failing to find a notice complying with the machinists' demands for a nine-hour day and a 12½ per cent increase in wages quietly retraced their steps homeward.

In several instances, particularly at the shops which are members of the National Metal Trades association, representatives of those plants spoke a few words to the workmen, saying that the action of the machinists at this time annulled the New York agreement and that when the men returned to work hereafter it must be on the conditions which prevailed prior to the establishment of the New York agreement.

Twenty-five out of a total of twenty-eight in the city are affected. Headquarters have been established by the machinists in different parts of the city.

There reports will be received on the strike's conditions from time to time. The present strike is the largest of its kind in the history of the city.

IN CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 20.—About 1,200 machinists employed in this city are on strike today in order to enforce their demand for a nine-hour working day with ten hours' pay. The strikers are orderly and quiet. No trouble of any kind has been reported. Probably 1,000 members of the union continued at work, their employers having granted the demands.

IN DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 20.—Up to 10 o'clock today seventeen local machine shops, employing a total of 150 men, had granted the demands of the International Association of Machinists, and their employees were at work. Five hundred and fifty machinists employed in other shops are out on strike.

SIX HUNDRED OUT AT TOLEDO.

Toledo, Ohio, May 20.—Machinists to the number of 600 are idle here today, their employers having declined to comply with the demands of the International association. The strikers are fairly well organized and hope to secure a complete victory here.

DEMANDS WERE GRANTED.

Hazleton, Pa., May 20.—There is no strike of machinists or iron moulders here, the demands of the men having been granted by the employers. There is no trouble at the Lehigh Valley railroad shops in Weatherly.

AT HARTFORD.

Hartford, Conn., May 20.—A canvass of the machine shops here today shows 1,350 men on strike, 400 locked out and 1,450 working. The shops affected by the strike are the Pratt and Whitney works, the Pope plant of the American Bicycle company, and the Electric Vehicle company's factory. The Hartford Machine Screw company has closed its plant and a lockout exists there.

SEVEN SHOPS AFFECTED.

New Britain, Conn., May 20.—Seven shops here are affected by the strike, 180 machinists out of a total of 215 having quit work.

IN NEW JERSEY CITIES.

New York, May 20.—At Plainfield, N. J., fully 1,000 machinists and helpers have struck. They were employed in the shops of the Scott Printing Press company, the Potter Press works, the Campbell Press works, and the Aluminum Plate and Press works.

The employees of the Pond Tool company have the promise of the superintendent that their demands will be considered at the annual meeting of the company June 3.

At Elizabeth 300 machinists employed in the shops of the Central Railroad of New Jersey are out. Strikes are also on at the shops of S. L. Morse's Sons and Bell, Wood & Co.

SIXTY PER CENT OUT AT BOSTON

Boston, May 20.—About 60 per cent of the machinists employed in Boston struck today to enforce the demand for a nine-hour day with ten hours' pay. The number of men involved is placed at about 1,500.

Shops employing about 650 men have granted the new scale and the firms at which the remaining men in the trade work have been given until noon to decide the question.

AT WILKESBARRE.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 20.—The

machinists, blacksmiths, car repairers and laborers employed at the shops of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Dickson Manufacturing company went out on strike today. Fifteen hundred men and boys are idle.

EVERY SHOP IDLE.

Scranton, Pa., May 20.—Every machine shop in Scranton is idle today, in consequence of the strike for a day of nine hours and an increase of 11 per cent in wages. Altogether 3,000 men quit work, and these, with the Lackawanna railroad machinists and car shop men out for a week past, make nearly 5,000 on strike in Scranton. The quitting of the machinists of the Lackawanna Iron and Steel company will probably cause the shutting down of this big industry before many days, adding 1,500 more men to those idle.

The Dickson works this morning posted a notice agreeing to give nine hours a day and arbitrate the wage issue. The men ignored the notice in obedience to international instructions.

AT COLUMBUS.

Columbus, O., May 20.—All the machinists here continued at work today. There is an understanding on both sides that the national manufacturers agree to grant a nine-hour day, that the same agreement shall go into effect here.

AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 20.—Between 150 and 200 machinists struck here today. In the railway machine shops and the engine works the men are working, the firms either having granted the union's demands or made agreements with the men pending negotiations.

Washington, May 21.—The storm centers of the general strike of the machinists throughout the country today is in the vicinity of Cincinnati, Ohio, and on the Pacific coast. The number of firms that have signed the agreement was augmented today by about a hundred, which brings the aggregate of the establishments making the concessions to one thousand and in round numbers during the past three or four days.

Save in one or two instances, as at Scranton, Pa., the allied trades have not yet been affected. It is claimed at the general headquarters of the machinists, however, that where agreements are not effected by this afternoon or tomorrow many of the men in the allied trades will go out in the individual shops where the machinists already are out. The estimate of President O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists, as to the number of strikers today remains at 50,000, approximately, the same figures as given yesterday.

The executive board of the association is in session here, watching the progress of the strike.

WEAT O'CONNELL SAYS.

President O'Connell this morning said:

"The reports from all sections are very favorable. The indications are that the great majority of firms will have reached agreements with the men today or tomorrow. The dispatches coming in from various cities indicate that conferences will be held today with a large number of firms.

"Many men who were working yesterday went out today. The additions made last night and this morning to the list of strikers and the number that will return to work this morning with their demands granted will about balance each other."

Today's reports show that only three railroads in the United States are now affected by the strike, namely, the Central Vermont, Lehigh Valley and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

SUMMARY OF SITUATION.

The situation, according to reports received today at headquarters, is summarized as follows:

Practically all the trouble between Kansas City and the Pacific coast has been adjusted. At Kansas City about 600 men are out, but a few small firms have signed the agreements.

San Francisco reports an almost complete tie-up. About 8,000 men have struck. Agreements have been reached there, however, with eleven firms outside of the Union and Dresden iron plants and the Fulton Ship company.

At Seattle 700 men have struck. There are 500 strikers at Tacoma, Wash. The trouble has been adjusted at most of the other Pacific coast points.

At New York about 2,500 men have struck. A settlement has been reached with the balance, which involves about 50 per cent. of the firms.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.

Mrs. N. B. Rowe, of 85 Calhoun street, is reducing stock of millinery preparatory to going out of business. Prices greatly reduced. ml7d&w-tf

Rev. Aaron Worth, of Bryant, Ind., was a visitor in the city yesterday.

THE LAW NOT GOOD

JUDGE O'ROURKE DECIDES IN CHARTER CASES.

UPHOLDS HOME-RULE RIGHTS

POLICE COMMISSIONERS CAN NOT SERVE.

SAME IN POLICE JUDGESHIP

CASES WILL BE APPEALED TO SUPREME COURT.

The city administration has won its suit in the circuit court in that case wherein the right of the recently appointed police commissioners to serve was questioned. Judge O'Rourke in the circuit court has sustained the demurrer to the mandamus proceedings brought against Comptroller Fox to compel him to show cause why he should not accept the bonds of the governor's commissioners.

In the case of the municipal judgeship Judge O'Rourke also upholds the contention that the appointment of Robert B. Dreihelbiss is not legal, overruling the answer filed by Mr. Dreihelbiss to the mayor's demurrer.

Both cases will be appealed to the supreme court for final decision.

Shortly before noon Judge O'Rourke notified the attorneys and others interested that at 2 o'clock he would hand down his decision in the cases of Trentman, Bash and Geake vs. Comptroller Fox in the mandate proceedings to compel the latter to accept the former's bonds as police commissioners, and also in the case of Dreihelbiss vs. Mayor Berghoff to compel the latter to accept the former's bond as municipal judge. The court room accommodated a large number of persons interested and curious to hear what the outcome of the first bout between the conflicting authorities would be. Judge O'Rourke had not reduced his finding to writing, but spoke from the notes.

POLICE BOND CASE.
In the police commissionership case he said:

On account of the many points to consider along this subject, and on account of the time looking into all of the different questions that arise, I will simply draw my attention to the main questions in the case of Trentman, Bash, et al. vs. Fox. There must be a comptroller. In this case the question is whether the legislature has the power to appoint these commissioners to take charge of the public fire department, police department and such matters pertaining to the city. In this case our duties are made easy, because the supreme court has spoken on the subject. It is an important thing that the supreme court has spoken in regard to this matter of legislation. The court takes the position that the constitution is for the purpose of measuring the people's power; that the constitution is for the purpose of limiting the power. In article 15, section 1, it reads: "All officers whose appointments are not otherwise provided for in this constitution must be chosen in such manner as now is or hereafter may be made by law."

The court holds that notwithstanding that, all general officers are elected but with no power in the legislature to appoint and that there are officers that must be filled by the choice of the people and of course they have no right according to the construction put upon this to give this power to the governor to appoint; they dwell upon that with great force and emphasis that all the officers, unless otherwise provided for, are to be elected by the people. In order to construct the constitution properly they refer to the conditions that existed in the constitution of 1816, when the legislature had the power to appoint judges of the court and many other officers, and where the governor had the power to appoint the supreme court judge. They all supposed that they had made an advance in taking the power away from the governor and put it where it should remain, in the hands of the people, and it would seem from these decisions that no matter what different opinions there may be that the legislature had no power to create any of the town committee or township offices except to provide for their election by the people. It would be a startling thing if the legislature should pass a law asking that the township trustees should be chosen by some other authority than the people. It would startle every one—no one has any authority to take this power away from the people. Notwithstanding this provision, "All officers whose appointments are not otherwise provided for shall be chosen in such manner as now is or may hereafter be prescribed by law." Is that not clear enough? It would seem that the legislature created an office for

the "attorney general." There are two different units in this country for the purpose of legislation; in the New England states they cling to the town government; in Virginia the county was the unit for representative purposes, but such men as Mr. Jefferson recognized the fact of the new government being placed in the hands of the people was the best course to pursue.

If he could have had his way he would have divided the colonies in West Virginia and given more authority to the local towns than was given. The county was the unit there and in the northwest it is the township. All the northwest has followed that policy by maintaining that the local community should govern itself, and in Illinois a great struggle was going on because the people there had made it a custom to govern in counties in Virginia, and many of the people came there to Illinois from Virginia, and there was quite a division there for a long while. The policy to govern by townships prevailed in Illinois as it prevailed in Indiana. If an English judge should come here without knowing anything of the early history of the country or constitution, he could not decide this case or any other one.

You will have to look into the early history of this state in order to judge as to what the true meaning and intent of the constitution was. The circumstances have to be taken into consideration.

Therefore taking the decision of the supreme court into consideration, I could hardly decide otherwise, that the governor has no power, but the power lies with the people. I realize that when a great body of you get together that many different questions arise over which there is some difficulty in settling. In a case of 1899 they have gone beyond the scope of the decision in relation to metropolitan police government and have undertaken to take it entirely away from the people. Now then that being the case, the court says the law is not constitutional as to that; only because the state has an interest in the welfare and has a right to see that the laws exist—to see that the people are protected all over the state; this sort of government would not be tolerated at all.

Then the question arose as to whether or not we could separate this law, making the police government separate from that relating to the fire department and public works. I have come to the conclusion that you cannot separate them and it is evidently the intention of the legislature to pass the law as it is, police law, fire department law and everything—it is my opinion that you cannot separate them. This is in accordance with our own supreme court's decisions, but as I said, the only question is whether or not it could be separated. As I told you before, it cannot be done—it is intact, it is, so to speak, webbed together and cannot be separated.

The demurrers to the writ, application and complaint are therefore sustained throughout. Judgment for the defendant Fox for costs.

THE JUDGESHIP CASE.
Immediately after disposing of the commissioners' cases he took up the municipal judgeship case of Robert Dreihelbiss. In this action the defendant, Mayor Berghoff, filed an answer to the writ and the complaint for alternative mandate and the plaintiff filed an answer to the demurrer. This demurrer was overruled and the finding was for the defendant, justifying him in refusing to acknowledge plaintiff Dreihelbiss' certificate of appointment and in refusing to accept his bond. The finding in the latter case was brief and in the former and the same principles of law and constitutional rights of the people to elect were set out in this case as in the case of the commissioners.

Immediately after the rendering of the decision Judge Vesey filed a motion to appeal to the supreme court. Bond for costs was fixed at \$200 and the cases so far as they relate to the Allen county courts were closed.

BAKER-GREMAUX.

Charles S. Baker and Miss Alice Gremaux were united in marriage last Wednesday at the home of the groom's mother, Mrs. W. H. Baker, in Monroe township. Rev. Douglass, of Monroeville, officiated, and the guests included relatives and immediate friends. After the ceremony an elaborate dinner was served, the tables being charmingly decorated with flowers. Covers were laid for forty. During the dinner the guests were royally entertained with music by D. Notestine, grandfather of the groom, and also by J. Clem and son. The entire day was spent in merry-making and the most cordial congratulations were showered upon Mr. and Mrs. Baker. The groom is a grandson of the late Sylvanus Baker, who was once county commissioner of Allen county. The list of presents received was a lengthy one and included a large number of valuable and handsome articles.

A case of scarlet fever is reported at 14 Greene street.

GOES TO HOAGLAND

MINISTERIAL LYCEUM OF FORT WAYNE DISTRICT.

METHODIST PASTORS HERE

HOLDING CONFERENCE WITH DISTRICT STEWARDS.

A VERY LARGE ATTENDANCE

REV. FRECH DELIVERED THE OPENING SERMON.

Hoagland was successful this morning in securing the next session of the ministerial lyceum of Methodist Episcopal pastors of the Fort Wayne district, and the meeting will be held there in October. At the meeting last fall it was decided to hold the gathering at Markle, but a recent change in the district takes Markle out of Fort Wayne territory, so that a new selection was necessary. Auburn, Hoagland and Fremont each asked for the meeting, but the Allen county town was chosen by a substantial majority. Rev. W. E. Murray, Rev. H. J. Norris and Rev. W. H. Daniel were named as a committee on program.

There is a very large attendance at the meeting of the stewards and pastors of the Fort Wayne district. M. E. conference, which opened at the Berry street church last evening and the presiding elder, Rev. W. H. Daniel, stated this morning that every charge in the district was represented.

At the opening of the session today Rev. J. H. Haines, of Garrett, was elected secretary, and J. A. Potter, of Butler, secretary for the stewards. Committee appointments were announced as follows:

On Claims—L. H. Lenhart, Decatur; J. W. Edwards, Monroeville; F. Belote, Ray; C. L. Fromer, Corunna; William Leppert, Ossian. On Benevolences—Rev. J. A. Patterson, Rev. L. M. Krider, Auburn; Rev. A. S. Preston, Fort Wayne; Rev. W. E. McCarty, Leo; Rev. T. F. Frech, Butler; Rev. C. G. Hudson, Rev. W. E. Murray, Hoagland.

On Sub-District Work—Rev. L. A. Beeks, Bluffton; Rev. J. J. Fred, Ossian; Rev. B. Sawyer, Fort Wayne.

PRESENTED PAPERS.

Rev. W. H. Hickman, D. D., of Indianapolis, who was to have delivered an address this morning, found it impossible to be present. J. A. Pomeroy, of Auburn, presented a paper on "How the Stewards May Assist the Pastor," and he was followed by Rev. L. A. Beeks, of Bluffton, on "How the Pastor May Assist the Stewards." Both were generally discussed and following them Rev. C. G. Hudson, of Decatur, presented his subject, "A Review of Our Church Benevolences." Rev. Hudson took the position that it was the commission of the minister not only to preach from the pulpit, but to exercise a general supervision of the church and its work, that all its welfare was committed to his care. The preacher ought to be an "all round man" in the church.

Continuing, he said in part: "Our benevolences should be so much upon our hearts that we will pray for them; that we pray for the missionaries. I don't believe we pray enough about these things. We ought to post ourselves upon what is being done in benevolent work; we ought to study the whole question carefully and be posted in order to spread light concerning it. We ought to take pains to interest people in each benevolence, as well as in every other work that tends to bring men to Christ."

"The people need facts. Do not put off the matter of benevolence until the latter part of the conference year. We ought to talk more benevolence in our pastoral calls, and less about the weather, and politics and kindred subjects. Get returned missionaries to deliver addresses to the people. These are wonderful helps to the missionaries do not get too enthusiastic and take up all the time. It's a great grace to know when to quit, and it should be cultivated."

The speaker advocated the circulation of benevolence literature and sermons on true religion and applied Christianity. "When a man's pocketbook is converted," he said, "I have great faith in the work of grace that has been wrought in his soul. Dwell upon the fact that all we have is God's gift to us. It is the busy man that accomplishes most. We ought all to do more than we do."

PRESENTED REPORTS.

At the opening of the afternoon session the various committees reported. That of the claims committee fixed the presiding elder's salary, the bishop's fund and the fund for the support of the conference claimants. The committee on benevolence apportioned the sum of \$7,471 to be raised in the district for benevolences this year. Some miscellaneous business preceded the final adjournment this afternoon.

The opening sermon last evening

by Rev. T. F. Frech, of Butler, was a powerful plea for pure gospel preaching, untainted by modern fads and isms. Rev. Frech described the practice of ministers to discuss upon current topics in their Sunday sermons, instead of clinging to the gospel of Christ. People do not go to church, he said, to learn who was the greatest Greek poet, or the greatest English poet, or to be instructed upon political, state and municipal issues, but to hear the word of God preached. "Don't be too solicitous," Christ's gospel and God will look after the results."

He spoke of the power of the word of God, and said he believed the real work was too much neglected by the preachers of today. Books and sermons on Christian evidences, and hearing learned proofs of the truth of the Bible are not so much needed to day as Christian experiences. Let preachers preach the word and the pure gospel will take care of itself was his admonition.

A complete list of the pastors and district stewards from a distance who are here is as follows:

Angola—Rev. A. G. Neal, J. W. McGoroy.

Ashley—Rev. Earl Parker, Emma Tibbets.

Auburn—Rev. M. L. Krider, J. A. Pomeroy.

Bluffton—Rev. L. A. Beeks, J. W. Tribolet.

Bobo—Rev. E. H. Peters, Z. O. Lewellen.

Butler—Rev. T. F. Frech, H. A. Potter.

Butler Circuit—J. McClintock.

Ceylon—Rev. R. S. Kester, Wesley Burke.

Cossette—Rev. E. M. Foster, J. W. Herrald.

Corunna—Rev. W. E. Ingalls, C. L. Prower.

Decatur—Rev. C. G. Hudson, J. H. Lenhart.

Fremont—Rev. J. A. Sprague, F. Belote.

Garrett—Rev. J. M. Hanes, E. C. Keyher.

Geneva—Rev. J. S. Cain, D. L. Myers.

Hamilton—Rev. N. P. Barton, W. H. Keyes.

Harlan—Rev. L. C. Zimmerman, B. Dorsey.

Hoagland—Rev. W. E. Murray, Enos Smitley.

Hudson—Rev. M. C. Pittenger, H. B. Melendy.

Huntstown—Rev. R. C. Jones, A. Surfas.

Leo—Rev. W. E. McCarty, W. Treace.

Monroeville—Rev. O. S. Harrison, J. W. Edwards.

New Haven—Rev. George Cocking, C. Eward.

Orland—Rev. F. S. Stam, Morris Waters.

Ossian—Rev. J. J. Fred, W. Lepper.

Poneto—Rev. D. Wells, A. W. Sawyer.

Spencerville—Rev. O. S. Hart, W. Henderson.

Waterloo—Rev. D. I. Hower, W. McDonald.

Woodburn—Rev. E. I. Bunner, B. P. Harris.

York—Rev. A. D. Wagner, J. Rees.

CHURCHUSO.

Mrs. Frank Ort, Mrs. J. W. Bryan and son, Willie, attended the show at Columbia City Thursday.

Mrs. Cyrus McCurdy attended to business at Fort Wayne Saturday.

The children of Leo Isay are much improved after a long sickness from chicken-pox.

Mrs. D. Fetters entertained at her home on Line street a number of young ladies Friday evening.

Pat Maloney went to Buffalo Saturday, where he expects to go in business during the summer.

Undertaker E. E. Briggs is attending a meeting at Indianapolis.

Miss Lavon Chapman returned to Huntstown after the close of her school term.

Misses Alta Geiger and Ella Cotterly were shopping at Fort Wayne Thursday.

Mrs. A. F. McCloe, of Butler, is visiting in this vicinity.

Mrs. J. W. Nickey and daughter, Maude, have returned home after a week's visit at Decatur.

Prof. Belts is conducting a normal. Eleven scholars are enrolled.

Mrs. Ellen Kennedy, of Elwood, is visiting relatives at Ege.

Barlow's circus will appear in the city Monday, May 27.

Jacob Zontz and family, of Columbia City, visited Mrs. John Deck Sunday.

Miss Bessie Stelle, of Ligonier, drove to the city Sunday and spent the day with relatives.

M. J. Jackson, of New Haven, spent Sunday with his mother.

Mrs. John Brand, of Columbia City, is the guest of Mrs. Jacob Kichler.

The remains of Mrs. Jeffers, who died at Hope hospital, passed through this place Sunday en route for Noblesville for burial.

HON. C. A. BOUTELLE DEAD.
Boston, May 21.—Former Congressman Charles A. Boutelle, of Bangor, Maine, died today at the McLean asylum, Waverly, Mass. Mr. Boutelle had been at the institution for many months for treatment on account of brain trouble.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, May 21.—Wheat developed considerable strength today under aggressive general buying. Despite lower cables, July opened 1/8c to 1/4c higher at 72 3/4c and rose to 73 1/2c, where heavy profit taking checked the advance. Local receipts were 39 cars, two of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 72 cars against 138 last week and 328 a year ago.

Disappointing cables and heavy receipts were offset in the corn market by a vigorous general demand. July opened unchanged to 1/8c higher at 44 1/2c to 45c and sold to 45 1/2c. May opened unchanged at 48c, and sold to 49 1/2c. Local receipts were 942 cars, 30 of contract grade.

Oats were quite active and strong. July opened a shade lower at 28 3/4c, and sold to 29 1/2c. Local receipts were 442 cars.

Provisions were easier in sympathy with large receipts and higher hogs. July pork opened 7 1/2c lower at \$14.85 and sold to \$14.90; July lard 2 1/2c lower at \$8.15 and July ribs 2 1/2c lower at \$7.95@7.97 1/2.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows: Wheat—May, 74 1/2c; July, 73 1/2c. Corn—May, 49 1/2c; July, 48 1/2c. Oats—May, 30 1/2c; July, 28 3/4c@29c; August, 27 1/2c. Pork—May, \$14.87 1/2; July, \$14.97 1/2@15.00; September, \$14.95. Lard—May, \$8.25; July, \$8.20@8.22 1/2; September, \$8.22 1/2. Ribs—May, \$8.22 1/2@8.25; July, 8.00; September, \$7.97 1/2. Flax—Cash N. W., \$1.71 1/2; No. 1, \$1.71 1/2; May, \$1.71 1/2; September, \$1.28; October, \$1.28.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 21.—Cattle—Receipts 3,000; market generally steady; good to prime steers, \$5.10@5.95; poor to medium, \$4.00@5.05; stockers and feeders, \$3.00@5.00; cows, \$2.85@4.65; heifers, \$2.90@4.85; canners, \$2.15@2.85; bulls, \$2.90@4.40; calves, 50 cents lower than a week ago at \$3.50@5.10; Texas steers, \$4.25@5.40; Texas bulls, \$2.75@3.85.

Hogs—Receipts today, 27,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over 2,150; market weak; top, \$5.92 1/2; mixed and butchers, \$5.65@5.80; good to choice heavy, \$5.80@5.92 1/2; rough heavy, \$5.60@5.75; light, \$5.60@5.85; bulk of sales, \$5.75@5.87 1/2.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, May 21.—Butter—Receipts, 14,453 pkgs.; market, steady; creamery, 15@18c; factory, 11@13c.

Cheese—Receipts, 8,303 pkgs.; market irregular; fancy large colored, 8c; fancy large white, 8 1/2c; fancy small colored, 8 1/2c; fancy small white, 8 1/2c.

Eggs—Receipts 25,405 pkgs.; market irregular; western ungraded, 11@12 1/2c; western storage packed, 12 1/2@13 1/2c.

Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 3 1/2c; centrifugal 96 test, 4 9-32c; molasses sugar, 3 1/2c; refined quiet; crushed, \$6.05; powdered, \$5.65; granulated, \$5.55.

Coffee—Market dull; No. 7 Rio, 6 1/2c.

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 22.—Flour—Spring wheat, \$4.00-4.50; winter per bbl., \$3.50@4.00; Graham, \$1.75 per cwt.; Buckwheat, \$2.60 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, \$1.10@1.25 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, \$1.00 per cwt.

Wheat—71c.
Corn—40c bu.
Oats—27c bu.
Rye—50c.

Timothy Seed—\$1.80 bu.
Cloverseed—\$5.50@6.00.
Barley—35@45c.

Oil Meal—\$1.40 per cwt.
Flax Seed—\$1.25.
Hides—Green, 6 1/2c; salted, 8c.
Calf Hides—Green, 9c.

Calf Hides—Salted, 10c.
Tallow—4@4 1/2c.
Beeswax—25@28c.

Wool—Unwashed, 17c.
Wool—Washed, 25c.
Bran—Ton, \$16.00.
Shorts—\$16.00.

Middlings—Ton, \$16.00.
Pork—On foot, \$5.30@5.45.
Pork—Dressed, \$6.25.

Cattle—\$4.50@4.75 per cwt.
Sheep—3 1/2c lb.
Lambs—4 1/2c lb.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—\$9.00@11.00.
Clover—\$8.00@10.00.
Mixed—\$7.00@9.00.
Wheat Straw—\$5.00@6.00.
Oat Straw—\$5.00@6.00.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Country, 12@13c.
Butter—Creamery, 23c.
Eggs—10@11c.
Lard—8c lb.

Chickens—Old, 8@8 1/2c.
Chickens—Dressed, 10c.
Broilers—12c lb.
Potatoes—25@30c bu.

Honey—16@17c lb.
Apples \$1.00@1.25 bu.
Onions—\$1.00@1.25 bu.

WAIT FOR THE BIG SHOW
Fort Wayne, June 13-14, 1901



THE ELKS'
... GREAT ...
Triple-Ring Circus.

MENAGERIE, HIPPODROME
—AND—
Congress of World's Wonders.
FOUR COLOSSAL SHOWS IN ONE.

THE GREAT SIDONIA,
King of the slack wire. Introducing four character changes while suspended in mid-air on a slender wire.

THE TWO WINGS,
In their great double aerial acts—the peerless flying rings and phenomenal aerial somersaults.

ZAVO AND M'LE HILDA,
The marvels of spectacular contortionists. M'le Hilda is famous for her grace and beauty and is aptly termed the "boneless lady."

BRONCHO BEN
And his troupe of Sioux Indians, headed by the big chief, "Neck of the Bottle," in a thrilling Wild West act.

THE ONLY KIPPY,
The monarch of all sword and knife jugglers. He handles razor-edged weapons like they were made of paper.

THE DUBLE SISTERS,
Known as "The Queen of Roses" and "The White Lily." Daring bareback riders. Introducing their beautiful thoroughbred horses, King and Emperor.

THE ROUEN BROTHERS,
"The Human Flies," in their daring head-down ceiling-walking act and marvelous blindfold leap for life.

HAHN, SHWARTZ AND KRECKMAN,
Ground and lofty tumblers.

THE ARNOLD BROTHERS,
Just from the Philippine Islands. Introducing blood-curdling feats of military horsemanship and their stud of Arabian horses.

LITTLE ME TOO AND KIKI,
The most wonderful of all Japanese. Doing acts of balancing while suspended in mid-air.

THE STEINER BROTHERS,
Kings of the horizontal bars. Superior feats of strength and agility.

PROF. SAPOLIO CASTORIA,
The czar of fun-makers, with his troupe of thirty singing, acrobatic and grotesque clowns.

Two Acres of Tents!
Four Bands of Music!
Two Hundred Performers!
3 Miles of Free Street Pageant!
A Congress of Living Freaks and Monstrosities!

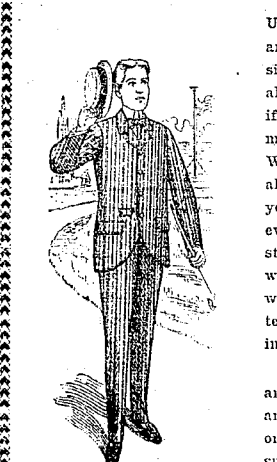
Performances Rain or Shine.

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

Admission, 50 Cents. Children under twelve years, 25 Cents.



The Best Servant in the Wardrobe



Unquestionably a Serge suit. It answers the purpose on more occasions and will look well longer than almost any other kind of a suit. So if you want the best return for your money you can get it in a Serge suit. We say get it—because it makes all the difference in the world where you go to buy it. We guarantee every Serge suit in the house to be strictly all-wool, and fast color. We wouldn't guarantee them if they were not—and if we couldn't guarantee them we wouldn't let them come into the stock.

We have them at \$8.50, \$10, at \$12 and \$13.50. You can't go wrong in any grade, as nothing is overlooked or neglected in making our Serge suits. There should be no question about where to go for the best satisfaction.

THE BELL,
18 Calhoun Street.

JILTED BOY HANGS HIMSELF.

The Weekly Sentinel.

Subscription: In Advance, \$1.00
At End of Year, \$1.50
WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1931.

The person who starts at the way Mayor Berghoff has started in to do things simply wants to scarl.

San Francisco is in some danger of getting swelled up with the notion that it is the capital of the United States.

Those moralists who insist that woman has not as good right to speculate as man do not refer, it is hoped, to ventures in the matrimonial market.

Lord Salisbury evidently concludes because twenty thousand Boers did not finally defeat a quarter of a million Tommy Atkins that British prestige has not waned. Great Britain finally made a great display in South Africa, but she "was all in," as the sports say.

The imperious noblemen of Europe may doubtless be depended upon to support and defend the efforts of American millionaires to seize money-making concerns on the other side. It will give the hearse-hunters a firm grip on the resources of two continents.

A bulletin of the department of agriculture estimates that on May 1 the area of winter wheat in cultivation was 28,267,000 acres, or 2,032,000 acres more than the winter wheat harvested last year. If the farmers have good luck this should insure a big crop, and fortunately the outlook is very favorable. But many things may happen between now and harvest time.

The British admiralty will soon order the construction of three new battleships of 18,000 tons each, which will be the largest and most powerful vessels afloat. It will perhaps be just as well to let England experiment with these abnormally big ships. A good many naval experts do not believe in them, and until their worth is practically demonstrated there is no use in the United States risking its money.

The new Australian commonwealth starts out with an annual trade of \$700,000,000. Much of this trade, for geographical and economic reasons, comes to the United States, but we should secure even more of it. There are many reasons why this country and Australia should be the best of commercial friends and mutual customers. They're like us in many respects, and that perhaps is the reason why there is so much mutual admiration and respect.

Politics in Hawaii make up for a lack of size by being particularly noisy and venomous. There is a first-class disturbance in the islands between Governor Dole and the "home rule"—that is, the Kanaka—element in the legislature, and the natives want him removed. A committee is on its way to Washington to urge such action upon President McKinley. Another committee friendly to the governor is also en route to try to defeat the object of the first. There is much hot water in our oldest Pacific colony.

The Federation of Musicians has put its ban on ragtime music and pronounced it "rot." The members of the federation pledge themselves to use all means to "suppress and discourage the publishing and playing of such trash." Here is a reform that is as if stillborn. Ragtime pleases the popular ear and musicians will doubtless continue to play what the public taste demands. Ragtime is catchy, enlivening and much of it is full of genuine melody. Ragtime may not be a pretty term under which to generally classify "coon songs," and that might be changed. But if "Goo Goo Eyes," "Louisiana Lou," and a thousand and one other popular airs that come under classification of ragtime were pretty lyrics with love-names no objection would be found to them. There is probably more in the name of the thing than in the thing itself, so far as esthetic objection rests.

The United States supreme court is to meet on the 26th inst. for the last time before the summer recess, and it is thought probable that the long-

delayed decision in the case involving the question, "Does the constitution follow the flag?" will be handed down on the 27th. No confident prediction, however, can be made, for this is one of the greatest questions that have ever come before the court, and it is believed that there are many shades of opinion on the question. On the main issue, it has been persistently reported from some quarters in Washington, the majority of the court will stand with the administration; but it is considered very doubtful if any one of the justices will be able to frame an expression to which any of the others will wholly agree. Apart from this speculation, about the only thing known to a certainty is that the justices have had several conferences of unusual length and that all of them are burning the midnight oil.

At Albany, N. Y., it is again being demonstrated that the surest means of losing a strike is by strikers themselves or their sympathizers resorting to such acts as furnish real cause or even thin pretext for calling out the troops. It is a very serious condition that exists in the capital city of the Empire state and it is unfortunate that the contention has assumed such a bitter and uncompromising phase. New York has a state arbitration commission that for several years has rendered notable service in adjusting wage and other industrial disputes and preventing strikes and lockouts. The Albany traction strike has reached the stage where fighting should cease and arbitration begin.

One Patillo Higgins, of Texas, has sued to recover \$4,000,000 from J. M. Guffey and his partners in the Beaumont oil development. The basis for Mr. Higgins' suit is that he furnished the information which led Captain Lucas to drill the first gusher at the right spot. The action will attract wide attention among oil men, for there is probably not one among them who has not been informed, at one time or another, just where to "bore" to get a good well. If Patillo Higgins wins his case all the wise diviners may follow his example.

Jacksonville is profiting by the lesson the recent conflagration taught. The city council has just passed an ordinance which imposes stringent building regulations. Within certain prescribed limits only structures of brick, stone, iron or other non-combustible materials and having metallic roofs will be permitted. This will not only prevent any recurrence of such a fiery disaster as came upon the city the other day, but it will make a substantial looking place of Jacksonville.

The New York Sun notes the fact that on the very day when Northern Pacific common reached \$1,000 in New York the first edition of John Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress" sold in London for nearly \$7,500. It was certainly a great inflation of value in each case, but there is less excuse for the London sale when it is considered that a copy of "Pilgrim's Progress," better printed, better bound and better in every way, can be bought for a dollar. On the other hand, a satisfactory substitute for Northern Pacific stock was unobtainable.

It is said that some of the plans designed for the court house decorations have been lost. Many persons who have given attention to the phantasmagoric features of some of the work that has been done in the beautiful building will agree that it is a misfortune more of them were not lost.

While it is a disappointment that Fort Wayne fails to secure the state G. A. R. encampment for next year, it is not a bitter one. The year following will do very well, when Fort Wayne has its new auditorium completed and ready to give the veterans the finest meeting place in the state.

The Danish isles have again been sold to Uncle Sam. Also it is true again that the Danish isles have not been sold to Uncle Sam. This news is interesting because it is reliable.

Stocks may rise and stocks may fall, but young Mr. Phillips continues to work slowly and steadily at the jackcrew under May corn.

Leo Galland and Celia Henkenius were united in marriage by Justice France this afternoon.

MORGAN'S CANAL TRUST.

Following the announcement some days ago that the canals of Europe are to be used by the Morgan interests in the international steel war for which the American trust is preparing the London Express says it is proposed to deliver steel from America far into the heart of Europe by water solely. Cargoes will be carried from mill to buyer without a break in bulk or a penny's expense for railway charges. In nothing is Mr. Morgan's foresight more apparent than in securing the continental canal.

Mr. Frank W. Hawley, an engineer of international distinction, spent a large part of last year on board his barge, traveling thousands of miles upon the canals of France, Germany, Holland and Belgium in the interest of the Erie Traction company, seeking to obtain control of the navigable waterways.

In Germany, Belgium and Holland he acquired valuable rights and franchises, and, where necessary to prevent possible competition, he purchased inventions, patents and systems of propulsion. His exploiting hand was in evidence in England to some extent, and also in France, where much progress was made.

The important action taken recently by the Prussian diet, upon the personal appeal of the emperor, with regard to the canal extension, and the consideration of the Caspian canal scheme by the Russian government later, are significant and amply justify the belief in the early rehabilitation of all canals and artificial waterways by means of the introduction of mechanical methods of traction and systems of canal-boat propulsion.

With control of railroads, steamship lines and canal transportation, it is contended, the steel trust will be in a position to successfully compete in the markets of the world, and by this same method of cheap transportation the coal products of the Great Lakes district in America will find their way into European markets, being delivered to the consumer by water transportation wholly, thus displacing British coal restricted by the imposition of the new prohibitory export duty. In conclusion the Express thinks that as a subsidy bill is certain to be passed by the next congress it is apparent, despite sanguine interviews, that British shipping interests have a fight before them.

There is considerable excitement in Paris over the sale of a controlling interest in the Figaro, one of the most important of the Paris newspapers, to foreigners—four Germans, one Englishman and one American. It is said to be the purpose of the purchasers to reorganize the paper and to conduct it in sympathy with German interests. The change was made possible by the decline of Figaro stock from \$231 a share to \$57 a share, owing to the paper's many course in championing the cause of Dreyfus. There is to be an effort to prevent the delivery of the stock and the reorganization of the staff, but it is considered likely to fail. The identity of the American concerned in the deal has been carefully concealed.

THE WRECK OF THE MAINE.

It appears that the raising of the wreck of the United States battleship Maine from the place where it rests in Havana harbor will be of more importance than merely to satisfy curiosity or preserve the vessel as a relic of a great historic event. It will help to prove whether or not the government is liable for claims that have been made since the ship was blown up. A dispatch from Washington says:

"It is important that the cause of the disaster, whether by interior or exterior explosion, should be definitely established. This is necessary because of the filing of the cases before the Spanish claims commission alleging damages on the ground that the vessel was destroyed by the Spaniards. The evidence which was produced by the investigation conducted by this government prior to the outbreak of the Spanish war is not considered sufficient to establish beyond a doubt the cause of the explosion. Should the contractors use a coffer dam as planned the hull of the wreck can be closely scrutinized. As the number of cases arising out of the destruction of the Maine and the amount of damages that will be claimed will probably be large, the

government is determined to safeguard its interests and procure all evidence obtainable to combat the theory which commonly prevails that the Spaniards destroyed the ship. The government will not necessarily lose its case should it be found that an external explosion caused the calamity, as it will then devolve upon the claimants to prove that the act was committed by the Spaniards."

It is a curious fact that the United States government, in order to protect its interests, is obliged to oppose the allegation that the Maine was blown up by a Spanish torpedo. And yet it was the destruction of the Maine, with the belief that it was wrought by Spaniards, which more than any other single influence brought on the war with Spain.

SOME CENSUS FACTS.

Great Britain is not a rapidly growing country, and nobody expected that the census now being completed would reveal an increase in population similar to that of the United States. But the figures thus far obtained indicate a very decided advance. During the decade just ended the inhabitants of England and Wales have increased in number 12.15 per cent.

Those countries do not attract immigrants and they lose considerably through emigration. So the showing made is certainly favorable. The rate of increase is much above that of France. Furthermore, it is a larger ratio of growth than that of the preceding ten years. And it is about the same as that in Germany, where conditions have been regarded as more conducive to increase in population. Alluding to the disclosures of the British census, the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin says:

"From the point of view of sociology the interesting thing is that countries like England and Germany, where there is limited space for the expansion of population, can increase their number of inhabitants with a general increase of prosperity, not that of the employing class but of all the people. There are abundant indications in both countries that the laborer is not being 'exploited,' but is sharing appreciably in the general advance of prosperity. The increase of small income tax payers and of savings bank accounts are some of these indications. German emigration has fallen off lately on account of the better opportunities at home, and the quantity and quality of the food consumed has improved. In this country, Germany and France there has been a very marked movement of population from the country to the cities, but the fact that forty-eight English counties show increases and fourteen show decreases suggests that the rural counties are probably holding their own better in England."

While the tendency in the United States continues to be to crowd into cities, it is to be observed that the current does not set in that direction quite as strongly as formerly. Easier means of communication in the suburban and rural districts are inviting population to such localities and a few years hence may see a still more noteworthy change. It will be a very wholesome thing when the rural regions grow in population at a pace somewhat approximating that of the urban localities.

The Pan-American exposition, which was formally opened in Buffalo today, promises much good to the nations of the western hemisphere. It will doubtless result in immense benefit to manufacturers in the United States by opening the way for increased markets in South America, where European commercial aggressiveness has almost conquered the field. It has been perplexing to students of such situations why manufacturers in this country have paid so little attention to development of markets in South America, which is the most natural field of foreign markets in the world for the United States. The Pan-American exposition should prove a great promoter of trade as well as of stronger friendship and closer international sympathies between the United States and its republican proteges of the mighty southern continent.

It is chronicled in a dispatch from a city in this state that Mr. Nation, the husband of Carrie, the smasher, made a temperance speech, but did not mention his wife or her work. It was unnecessary. Mrs. Nation herself attracts all the attention she probably desires and her work speaks for itself.

AGED WATCHMAN IS NO MORE

JOSEPH F. BALLMAN DIED THIS MORNING.

Was Long in the Service of the Pennsylvania Company—Other Deaths and Funerals.

Joseph F. Ballman, for many years a watchman for the Pennsylvania Railroad company at Fairfield avenue, died last Saturday morning from old age, at his home, 28 Southway avenue. Mr. Ballman has been spending the closing years of his life in retirement from active duties, saving up his position eight years ago.

Mr. Ballman was 81 years of age. He was born in Baden, Germany, came to America in 1852, lived for a time in Philadelphia, then moved to Indiana and took up his home at Avilla. He came to Fort Wayne thirty-four years ago. Surviving are the widow and seven daughters—Mrs. John Ehinger, of Car Creek; Mrs. Amanda Hahn, of Huntington; Mrs. Henry Hahn, of this city; Mrs. John Horsch, of Chicago; the Misses Carrie and Katie Ballman, of this city, and Sister Mary Fides, of the Order of Poor Handmaids of Jesus Christ. There are fourteen grandchildren. The deceased was a devoted member of St. Paul's Catholic church and was also identified with St. Bonafidus Benevolent society of the church.

SCHILLIE.

Miss Anna Mary Schillie, sixty-nine years of age, died at 7:30 o'clock Friday evening at St. Joseph's hospital, where she has made her home since May 20, 1884. Death was due to a complication of diseases. Miss Schillie was a deaf mute, and the only living relative is a sister at Chicago.

CONROY.

Edward Francis Conroy, a well known employe of the Fort Wayne Electric works, died at 10 o'clock a. m. Monday at his home, 42 Melita street. Mr. Conroy had been in poor health from lung trouble for some months, but remained at his work in the mica department of the electric works until Friday, when he was seized with a severe hemorrhage from the lungs.

He was removed to his home, but despite the efforts of physicians declined steadily until the end came this morning. Mr. Conroy's age was 20 years and 1 month. He was the son of James F. Conroy and a young man of many excellent qualities and with numerous friends. He was a faithful member of St. Patrick's Catholic church.

KIRBACH.

Miss Anna Louise Kirbach, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kirbach, of 139 Gay street, died at 9 o'clock a. m. Monday after a protracted illness from tuberculosis. More than a year ago Miss Kirbach's health began failing, and seven months ago she went to Denver, Col., in the hope that the change of climate might be beneficial.

She received no benefit, however, and returned to Fort Wayne six weeks ago, since which time she has been confined to her bed. Miss Kirbach was born in this city July 26, 1876, and was highly esteemed by all who knew her. Surviving are the parents, a sister, Miss Lizzie Kirbach, and a brother, William Kirbach, residing at Denver, Col. She was a devoted member of Zion's Lutheran church.

Announcement of the funeral services is withheld pending the arrival of the brother from Colorado.

SCHNEIDER.

Henry Schneider, for many years a foreman at the factory of the Fleming Manufacturing company, died late Saturday afternoon at his residence, 108 High street. Death was due to paralysis, with which he had been stricken three days before.

Mr. Schneider was sixty-two years of age. He was born in Germany, but came to America at an early age. He was widely known and very popular.

Mr. Schneider leaves a widow, but no children. Other relatives include a number of brothers and sisters.

Funeral services will be held Tuesday morning at 8:30 from the residence and at 9 o'clock from the Church of the Precious Blood.

WATSON.

William Watson, an inmate of the county infirmary, died at 8:30 o'clock Sunday morning from dropsy at the age of forty-eight years. Watson came to Fort Wayne from Findlay, Ohio, about two years ago and had been at the county institution since last fall. Ohio relatives have been notified.

The funeral services were held from the institution this afternoon. The plans submitted by Messrs.

- RURODE'S -

Prices---Not Promises

We give you promises before you come, and dependable goods at the right prices when you come. You get the best here for the least money. See these unmatched values.

Women's Pattern Wrappers

In large and dark styles, waist lined and trimmed with brand, full skirt with 12-inch bounce—regular price \$1.00, special—95c EACH.

Women's Lawn Wrappers

In pretty styles, ruffled skirt, waist nicely trimmed, \$1.25 value—special price 79c EACH.

English Percale Wrappers

With white plaid yoke, skirt trimmed with 20-inch flounces, \$1.29 EACH.

Women's Lawn Wrappers

Waist self-trimmed, skirt with 18-inch flounce, choice styles worth \$1.25, 95c EACH.

50 Doz. Shirt Waists

In lawns, percales, dimities and chambrays—not this season's styles, but just as good—they are worth from 75c to \$2.50 each—they all go in one lot at 25c EACH.

China Silk Waists

In black only, tucked and hem-stitched, full line of sizes \$3.50 EACH.

75 Taffeta Silk Waists

In the new shades and correct styles, worth up to \$7.50—our special price \$5.00 EACH.

25 Walking Skirts

In Meltons and double-faced cloths, worth \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$8.50—you can pick them out at \$3.98 EACH.

CHINA AND GLASSWARE

A TIMELY OPPORTUNITY FOR MONEY SAVING.

Pressed glass sugars, cream jugs, butter dishes, salad bowls, etc., 5c EACH.

Pressed glass tumblers—choice of several good patterns, 50c A DOZEN.

Fine blown tint glass tumblers, plain and etched, clear as crystal, 50c A DOZEN.

Cut glass tumblers, handsome panel cut, \$1.75 A DOZEN.

Cut glass tumblers, panel and tinted pattern, \$2.25 A DOZEN.

Cut glass tumblers, fine star pattern, \$3.00 A DOZEN.

French china plates, choice of four handsome decorations, 25c EACH.

French china cups and saucers, to match plates, 25c EACH.

25 100-piece dinner sets, in English and American porcelain, handsomely decorated, \$11.50 A SET.

Rogers Bros.' 1847 silver plated knives and forks, \$1.75 A SET.

Rogers Bros.' 1847 silver plated teaspoons, \$1.38 A SET.

A choice line of fine china cut glass and art goods, suitable for wedding gifts, at attractive prices.

A new and handsome showing of toilet sets, just opened.

TOILET ARTICLES

HERE'S VALUES FOR YOU IN GOODS OF RELIABLE QUALITY.

Belle of Roses and Belle of Violet, fine triple extracts for the handkerchief, 19c AN OUNCE.

Fine triple extracts in all choice colors, regular price 35c, special price, 25c AN OUNCE. Violet toilet water, the best quality, an 8-ounce bottle for 45c.

A special lot of fine toilet soaps, regular price 10c a cake, special price, 5c A CAKE.

4711 White Rose toilet soap, 13c A CAKE.

Cuticura Medicated toilet soap, 21c A CAKE.

Mennen's Talcum powder, a toilet necessity at this season, 19c A BOX.

Roger & Gallet, Pinard's, Hudnut's and other fine toilet preparations in complete assortment.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

It's a good thing **SEAVEY'S** have it.

FULL OF MERIT....



We have portable **LAWN SPRINKLERS** OR **SPRAY PUMPS** that will do the work of a hose when a hose might be found inconvenient. Cost very little in comparison with the service rendered, and are made to withstand the roughest handling and most constant use. We sell this up-grade article at a down-grade price; \$3.00 buys one. These Spray Pumps are well made. In fact, they'll wear so long you'll get tired of them, and this is an advantage you should appreciate. Goods that speak for themselves—see them. At the same time we invite you to look over our carefully-selected stock of Rubber Lawn Hose, ranging in price from 6c to 25c per foot, and warranted according to quality.

SEAVEY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE
210 N. MAIN ST.

Wing & Mahurin for the Carnegie library at Elkhart have been accepted by the authorities of that town. The new library will cost \$30,000 and work upon it will begin in a few weeks. The town of Elkhart received the Carnegie gift about a week before Fort Wayne received hers, but the authorities of that hustling little borough set to work at once, and will in all probability be in their building before the end of the year.

SHOT AND KILLED HIS SON.

New York, May 21.—Peter Anderson, a piano maker employed in Steinway's piano factory at Steinway, L. I., shot and killed his son, Gustave Anderson, in their home in Astoria today. The father and son

HAD SMALLPOX ON BOARD.

New York, May 21.—The Anchor Line steamer California arrived today from Naples and was detained at quarantine because smallpox had broken out among the passengers, of whom there are 1,166. One patient has developed the disease and three others have been picked out as suspected cases.

Among the visitors in the city today is Frank Bell, of Angola.

THE WOMAN HELD

CORONER'S JURY SENDS MRS. BONINE TO JAIL.

MUST ANSWER TO GRAND JURY

DEATH OF YOUNG AYRES LAID UPON HER.

WOMAN GAVE NO TESTIMONY

HER CONFESSION OF GUILT TO DETECTIVE.

Washington, May 21.—The coroner's jury, which has been investigating the murder of James S. Ayres, the young census office clerk, at the Hotel Kenmore last Wednesday morning, today brought in the following verdict:

"James Seymour Ayres came to his death Wednesday, May 15, 1901, about the hour of 2 o'clock a. m., at the Hotel Kenmore, from a pistol shot wound of the chest. Furthermore, that said shot was fired during a fatal conflict between said James Seymour Ayres and Lola Ida Henri Bonine.

"We, the coroner's jury, hold Lola Ida Henri Bonine for the grand jury."

Before the jury rendered their verdict a number of witnesses were heard. An effort was made to show that Miss Minas could easily have heard voices through the door connecting her room with that of Ayres and that lights could have been seen through the cracks.

Detectives Horn and Woodson testified to this effect, but Miss Minas declared that she saw no lights on the night of the shooting. She also testified that the cries she heard coming from Ayres' room were made by a man's voice and not by a woman's. She was positive that the voice was not that of Mrs. Bonine.

This contradicts Mrs. Bonine, who, in her confession yesterday, said that she had uttered the only vocal sounds made in the room at the time of the tragedy. Detective Horne's testimony concerning yesterday's confession was not materially different from the statement as then given out. District Attorney Gould said that Mrs. Bonine had decided not to appear before the coroner's jury.

In her confession to Detective Horne, yesterday, Mrs. Bonine, whose husband is a drummer for the wholesale drug house of Devitt & Co., of Chicago, explained her presence in Ayres' room at 2 o'clock in the morning by saying that he had come to her room complaining of a chill and asking for medicine, and had induced her to follow him to his room to talk over some matters of difference they had between them. She said she dressed herself in a wrapper and went to his room. He had preceded her and when she opened the door and walked in he quickly closed it and informed her he had enticed her to the room for his own purposes and said if she did not submit to his wishes he would kill her.

Ayres, she said, undressed and had a revolver in his hand, and in a struggle for its possession which ensued immediately after she entered, it was discharged three times, the shots striking Ayres at each discharge, the last one proving fatal.

RACE OFFICERS ELECTED.

At a meeting of the bicycle dealers in the Wayne club last evening the following officers were appointed to serve on Decoration day at the bicycle races at the Driving Park:

Referee—Harry Pickard.
Judges—Will Buckles, T. F. Bresnahan and H. C. Dart.
Announcer—John T. Dougall.
Clerk of Course—Marion Black.
Starter—W. H. W. Peltier.
Special Policemen—F. M. Smith and J. K. Brosius.

Timers—Members of the association.

At this meeting it was unanimously decided that no one residing outside of Allen county would be allowed to enter for any event. The entry blanks for the races are now out, and the prizes for the events, representing about \$350, are now on exhibition in Rarode's window.

COLLINGWOOD ITEMS.

As news from this place has not appeared in this paper for some time we will again try to keep the readers posted.

Miss Ida Garman, while pouring out some lye the other day, splashed some in her eyes, which caused for some time much pain and excitement. It was thought for awhile she would lose her sight, but she is now recovering.

Warner Bros. are about ready to put their sawmill in operation. Church and Sunday school were well attended last Sunday at this place.

Mate Warner, who has been our bicycle repairman for the past year,

has sold out to Charlie Myers and is now painting buggies.

Miss Hattie Flanagan was home over Sunday.

John Flanagan and wife visited at Jacob Belot's Sunday.

Friends from Bluffton visited Jerome Blekman and family Sunday.

Strange and unusual thing to see the people at Collingwood cheered up. Keep an eye on Collingwood items hereafter.

DAWKINS.

There was a box supper at the home of John Ehemmer last Thursday night, which brought in nearly \$100, with which they will buy a bell for the new M. E. church.

Miss Sarah Bloom is some better at this writing.

Miss Leona Bollinger is at home for a few days.

John Ehle has a smile all over his face now, and it is on account of a little girl.

The cold snap seems to linger, yet the oats and barley look good through this section at present.

A. W. Gregg has the foundation of his big barn nearly completed.

The supervisors are helping the roads by grading them.

Sol Leamon is sawing A. W. Gregg's barn timber now.

MR. BEERS WITH COMPANY

INTERESTED IN LIMA-FORT WAYNE ELECTRIC LINE.

Eastern Papers Say Both Men and Capital Are Ready—Talking Over Two Routes.

The Lima, Delphos, Van Wert and Fort Wayne Traction company has just been incorporated to build an electric railway from Lima, O., to Fort Wayne. The Lima Times-Democrat has interviewed Messrs. D. J. Cable and W. F. Muman, both of whom have returned from a trip over the proposed route, and says:

"By way of introduction it was declared by both Mr. Cable and Mr. Muman that those interested were prepared to build the proposed line, and equip it with the best accommodations that could be provided, just as soon as they received from the people along the route the support so necessary to an enterprise of this kind. Their trip to Delphos and Van Wert had its reward and they return to Lima fully convinced that the enterprising citizens of the two towns, as well as the farmers will lend their support to carrying out a project, the advantages of which to all concerned would be hard to estimate.

"A full report has been prepared in which two routes are considered, and it remains to be decided which will be the better. One is known as the north route which would take the line through Elida, thence along the Ridge road, north of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago to Van Wert. The other, the south route, contemplates going through Allen town and via of Middlepoint.

"The two routes are not very far apart, and the only advantage that one has over the other is that the north route would pass through a more thickly settled district, while the south route is a trifle shorter. No specific report has yet been prepared connecting Van Wert and Fort Wayne, but the promoters are familiar with the territory to be traveled.

"The incorporators of the new company are John B. Kerr, W. F. Muman, D. J. Cable, W. L. Parmenter and Henry Neff, while interested in the project are G. W. Beers and several others of Fort Wayne, and some outside capitalists who are practical railroad builders and familiar with all of the requirements which enter into the construction of electric lines."

SAND POINT AND VICINITY.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Wellbaum are both recovering from very severe attacks of mumps.

Miss Ida Fairfield and a lady friend from Fort Wayne were visitors at Christian Endeavor meeting Sunday evening.

Charles Graham is very busy painting buggies. For the past three weeks he has had more than he can attend to.

Miss Olive Wellbaum will return home from attending the Marion normal college next Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. William McMaken were visitors near Hesse Cassel Sunday.

Henry Moore has purchased a new horse.

Several babies were baptized Sunday afternoon at Prairie Grove chapel. Only a small crowd was present on account of the bad weather.

George W. Louttit has filed his final report as administrator of the estate of Frederick Kline.

William C. Melick has filed an application for divorce from his wife, Matilda Melick.

ASSEMBLY BEGINS

PRESBYTERIANS GATHER IN PHILADELPHIA.

A GREAT CROWD IS PRESENT

A STRIKING SOUVENIR IS GIVEN AWAY.

THE MODERATOR'S SERMON

THE WOMEN'S HOME MISSION BOARD MEETS.

Philadelphia, May 16.—The one hundred and thirtieth Presbyterian general assembly was called to order by Moderator Rev. Charles A. Dickey, at 11 o'clock today, in Calvary Presbyterian church.

At 8:30 o'clock Calvary chapel was opened to receive the credentials of the 650 commissioners and alternates and from that hour until the assembly convened Rev. Dr. William H. Roberts, the stated clerk, was kept busy distributing badges and assigning the delegates to their places. The galleries of the edifice were crowded to suffocation when the opening hymn was sung, the spectators joining with the commissioners and alternates in the rendition of the anthem.

A clear sky, a warm sun and a cooling breeze made beautiful the opening day of the session, and the balmy atmosphere resulted in a larger attendance of spectators than had been anticipated. The church was not sufficiently large to accommodate the crowds and many were turned away.

As each commissioner and alternate handed in his certificate he was presented with a hand book issued by the Philadelphia committee of arrangements, containing all the information necessary to those attending the assembly.

A STRIKING INSCRIPTION. The fly leaf bears the following inscription:

1701-1901.

Philadelphia welcomes the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America at the opening of the twentieth century. The Presbyterians of the city in which the general synod (1705), the general synod (1717), and the general assembly (1789), were organized, tender cordial greetings to the representatives of the church in the 200th year since the installation of the pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Philadelphia, and the 190th year since the establishment of a supreme church of judiciary.

The various local and sub-committees are quartered in Calvary chapel and adequate arrangements have been made by these committees for the proper entertainment of the visitors. The sermon of the retiring moderator, Dr. Dickey, occupied the entire morning session and at its conclusion the assembly adjourned until 3 o'clock to prepare for the election of the new moderator, the most important practical business of the day.

Before the recess was taken Dr. Dickey constituted the assembly and Dr. Roberts announced that the roll of commissioners would be called and the assembly organized immediately following the opening of the afternoon session. This, he said, would be followed by the election of the new moderator, who would be inducted into office before adjournment for the day.

HOME MISSION BOARD.

Philadelphia, May 16.—The twenty-second annual meeting of the Women's Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian church began today in the auditorium of the Witherspoon building, Mrs. Darwin R. James, of Brooklyn, president, in the chair. There were forty-six delegates in attendance, but visitors crowded both the floor and the gallery of the auditorium.

The morning session was devoted to the reading of reports.

A discussion of the topic, "Our Spanish Speaking People," was participated in by Mrs. J. C. Ross, of Albuquerque, N. M.; Miss Lydia A. Hays, New Mexico, and Rev. Dr. J. Milton Greene, of Porto Rico.

CELEBRATE GOLDEN WEDDING.

Kentland, Ind., May 21.—Mr. and Mrs. John Ade yesterday celebrated their golden wedding anniversary, being assisted by more than 300 friends from this and surrounding towns and cities. The delegation from Brook brought over a brass band, and one of the features of the day was a concert on the lawn. The public reception began at 4 o'clock and continued until 10 last evening. Hundreds of congratulatory telegrams and letters were received from friends in other states. One of the many gifts was a testimonial from a

large number of the citizens of Kentland. Among the guests at the anniversary celebration were three who attended the wedding at Cheviot, Ohio, fifty years ago. Two years after they were married Mr. and Mrs. Ade moved to Morocco, Ind., being among the first settlers of Newton county, which was then a part of Jasper county. In 1860 they moved to Kentland, where they have lived ever since. Longer than thirty years Mr. Ade has been connected with the Discount and Deposit bank as cashier and partner. Six of their children were present at the celebration. They were Mrs. J. W. Randall, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. John K. Davis, Kentland; William H. Ade, Kentland; Joseph Ade, Lima, Ohio; George Ade, Chicago, and Mrs. Warren T. McCray, Kentland. There are ten grandchildren.

NEW BETHEL CONVENTION.

The Washington township convention held at New Bethel Sunday school Sunday opened its services promptly at 10 o'clock by singing "Rally One and All."

The convention was opened with prayer by Brother Young, vice president of the township, followed by another song by the Sunday school. Brother McMaken gave a talk, the subject being, "The Superintendent and His Work." He said he hadn't any excuse, but would rather some one else would speak upon the subject, but "all would rather be excused," so Brother McMaken gave a very interesting talk, speaking principally of the superintendent, and of each member; how they might use their influence in bringing the boys and girls to Christ.

Mr. Comp not being present, Brother Joseph Griswold took up his subject, "Why Should the Father and Mother be the Most Interested Persons in the Sunday School?" He gave a very interesting talk, giving many practical points.

Next we had a song by the Sunday school and were then favored with a short talk by Mrs. Valentine, of the Valentine Sunday school, speaking on the work of the Sunday school, which was very interesting.

Brother Pratt discussed the subject, "The Boy," giving a very interesting talk, by which all were benefited. He discussed the boy from the cradle through manhood, giving the duties of the parents to the boy, stating that the future of the boy depended on his early training.

We were very glad to have such a goodly number of boys' parents present to hear the most interesting talk given by Brother Pratt. Committees were appointed for the selection of township officers for the ensuing year.

The afternoon session opened by singing "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," after which we were led in prayer by Brother Pratt, followed by a song.

Next we had the report from the committee of the township officers. They were as follows:

President—Joseph Griswold.
Vice President—Ed Pfeiffer.
Secretary—Susie Myers.
Treasurer—Mr. Hubler.
Superintendent of Home Department—Mr. Pratt.

Superintendent of Primary Department—Mrs. McMaken.

We then had a report from each of the four Sunday schools—First New Bethel Sunday school, Wallen Sunday school, Banner Union Sunday school and Maple Grove Sunday school. The report of each was very good and all are doing well.

Mr. Comp gave a very good talk on "Why Should the Father and Mother be the Most Interested Persons in the Sunday School?" which was very much appreciated.

A. S. Covel followed with an address, "The Duty of the Township President," which was very helpful. We were then favored with a duet by Miss Smith and Miss Rich, of Fort Wayne.

Rev. Allen failing to reach the place, Mr. Pratt and Mr. Comp took up his subject, "What Can Be Done to Save the Great Army of Young Men That is Going the Downward Road?" Some splendid points were gathered from their talks.

D. S. Connett then took up his subject, "How Can We Have an Up-to-date Sunday School?" which he handled in a most splendid manner. A vote of thanks was then tendered to Brother McMaken, the outgoing president.

We were then favored with a duet by Miss Smith and Miss Rich, which was highly appreciated by all.

The convention closed with a prayer for the success of the work. We had a splendid convention and a good attendance, the house being crowded the most of the day.

George W. Lowe has qualified as administrator of the estate of Hannah C. Douglass, with the will annexed.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder, it cures painful, smarting, itching feet, and growing corns and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for swollen, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. Be mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

CASH CARRIER SYSTEM FELL

ACCIDENT AT THE FRANK DRY GOODS HOUSE.

Supports Snapped, Allowing Mechanism to Drop—A Young Lady Slightly Injured.

Considerable excitement was caused at the Frank dry goods house early this morning by an accident to the cash-carrier system, which permitted a large part of the wire equipment and carriages to fall to the floor with a crash.

Earlier in the day workmen had tightened up the supporting wires, and from some unknown cause these snapped and the release of the tension resulted in the collapse of the system. Miss Ethel Shordan, a customer, who was standing at a counter about midway of the store, was struck upon the head by the falling mechanism and quite severely bruised. Her injuries are not serious.

Workmen quickly repaired the damaged system and business was uninterrupted.

LINE IS INCORPORATED.

Columbus, Ohio, May 21.—The Findlay, Columbus Grove and Fort Wayne railway company, of Findlay, was incorporated yesterday, with \$50,000 capital stock, by J. A. Kinnel, W. H. Begg, J. H. Whistler, H. M. Day, C. E. Miles and G. W. Reiser. They propose to build an electric line from Findlay, through Hancock, Putnam, Allen and Van Wert counties to the village of Dixon, from Dixon to a point on the Ohio-Indiana state line.

REMOVED AN EYE.

At St. Joseph's hospital this afternoon B. Federspell, a prominent citizen of New Haven, submitted to an operation for the removal of his right eye. Dr. K. K. Wheelock performed the operation. Twenty years ago Mr. Federspell got a piece of iron in the eye, and has been totally blind in that eye since that time. Recently the eye became inflamed and has been causing Mr. Federspell much suffering, so that the removal of the optic was necessary.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Joseph H. Kohlbacker and Katharine Dehmelmer.
Ambrose A. Moser and Catherine E. Kummer.
Leo Galland and Celia Henkenius.
Joseph H. Fox and Mamie H. Tagtmeyer.
Cyrus G. G. Gorrell and Katie Hunker.

DEGREE OF REBEKAH.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 21.—(Special.)—The Rebekah assembly of Indiana, auxiliary to the I. O. O. F., in annual session here, today elected Mrs. Annie Hogate, of Danville, president, and Mrs. Sarah Ray, of Shelbyville, secretary.

SHOOTS EMPLOYEE'S ASSAILANT.

Evansville, Ind., May 21.—John L. Jones, one of the wealthiest merchants of this city, proprietor of department stores here and in ten other places, yesterday shot and killed Thomas Keane, of Cairo, Ill., who had abused and was about to strike Mrs. Keane, a bookkeeper for Jones.

When Jones interfered in the quarrel Keane tried to draw a revolver, but the trigger caught in his pocket. This gave the merchant time to get his weapon and he sent a bullet through Keane's heart, shooting him again after he fell. Jones gave himself up to the authorities.

Keane was the son of wealthy parents who, it is said, had disinherited him. He had been separated from his wife for two years.

TRIES TWICE TO MURDER Foe.

Franklin, Ind., May 21.—On account of an old grudge Will Halstead yesterday made two attempts to take the life of George Dawson, firing a shot last night which took effect in Dawson's neck. The attending physician thinks the wound is not fatal. The first attempt was made yesterday morning. The men quarreled in a saloon and Halstead was knocked down. Later he met Dawson near the court house, and in the absence of a large gathering of spectators, who were watching a dog show parade, he fired one shot at him. The ball missed Dawson's head and struck the court house. Halstead is under arrest for shooting with intent to kill.

A head-end collision occurred on the Nickel Plate at Fostoria, Ohio, at 5:30 o'clock this morning. The trains figuring in the collision were the first section of No. 41, hauled by engine 151, and No. 52, hauled by engines 152 and 28, and they were not moving rapidly at the time.

Conductor James House had his hips and shoulders painfully bruised and Fireman L. N. Bell had a knee injured, both by jumping. One or two of the other members of the crews

were slightly bruised. The tanks of engines 152 and 28 were bent and otherwise damaged and slight damage to engine 151 occurred. None of the cars were derailed and none of them were in the least damaged.

LONG JOURNEY IS BEGUN.

Charles Cecil Fitzmaurice, the former Fort Wayne lad who is making a tour around the world for the Chicago American, seeking to cover the distance in the shortest possible time by new routes, passed through Fort Wayne on the Pennsylvania limited Monday evening. He was accompanied by Miss Leckie, also a representative of the American. The boy is seventeen years of age and was born on Wells street, this city. His father, James Fitzmaurice, was formerly an engineer on the Pennsylvania. At the station young Fitzmaurice alighted from the train and chatted for a few minutes with those about him. He said he remembered his birthplace very well, but had not been in Fort Wayne for several years.

ELECT OFFICERS.

The annual meeting of the congregation of Trinity English Lutheran church was held last evening, and the following officers were elected: Elders, Charles Shidel and Louis Fryer; deacons, George Becker and Mauford W. Smick; trustees, Henry Road and Diederich Myers. The reports of the treasurer indicated an excellent financial standing and the reports of the various societies were most encouraging. The names of twenty-eight applicants were presented and were acted upon favorably.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

RODGERS.

Mrs. L. M. Rodgers, for many years a well known resident of New Haven, died at her home in that place Monday afternoon, at the age of seventy-eight years.

For sixty-three years Mrs. Rodgers had been a resident of Allen county and she was very highly esteemed by all who knew her. Her marriage to L. M. Rodgers occurred in 1840. To this union five children were born, only two of whom survive. They are William F. Rodgers and Mrs. Jessie Hartzell.

Funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon at 1:30 from the M. E. church in New Haven. The pall bearers will be H. F. Schmelker, H. H. Schmelker, F. H. Beuter, L. F. Null, C. W. Bolyea and J. A. Butler.

LOMONT.

Mrs. Victoria Lomont, wife of Alphonse Lomont, a well known farmer of Jefferson township, died Tuesday evening at St. Joseph's hospital, at the age of forty-eight years. Surviving are the husband and nine children.

The remains were removed to the family residence today and funeral services will be held Thursday morning from the Catholic church at Besancon.

LOCAL LINES.

Miss Jennie Batteshall, a teacher at the institute for feeble minded children, has purchased a lot in Industrial Park addition for \$350 and will erect a \$1,500 cottage upon it.

The wedding of Francis Sidney Lumbard, of this city, and Miss Katherine Bentalon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Buehler, of Evanston, Ill., will take place at St. Mark's church, Evanston, Tuesday evening, June 11, at 8 o'clock.

Mr. Lumbard, who has charge of the Lumbard insurance agency of this city, is very well known in social and business circles, and enjoys a wide popularity.

Merchants giving U. S. Stamps will not quit giving them. You need not have any fears but what they will continue to give them and that they will be redeemed.

It is merchants who are not giving UNCLE SAM STAMPS that want to stop the stamps. Buy where you get these stamps. Better premiums than ever.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Claude J. McNabb, deceased, to appear in the Allen circuit court, held at Fort Wayne, Indiana, on the 21st day of June, 1901, and show cause, if any, why the final settlement accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved, and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship and receive their distributive shares.

WILLIAM J. McNABB, Administrator.

Witness the Clerk of said Court, this 21st day of May, 1901.

FRANK J. BELOT, Clerk Allen Circuit Court, S. M. HENCH, Attorney for Estate. 22-222

ABOUT BITTER MILK.

Injudicious or Poor Feeding or Disease Condition of the Udder Responsible for It.

The bacteriologists, some of them at least, say a bacterial organism gets in the milk during milking, which there multiplies so rapidly as to soon make the milk bitter, writes Dr. Smead, in the National Stockman. Well, that may be true sometimes, but more times it is not true in my experience. Some cows long in lactation will produce a bitter, nauseous milk by reason of a natural change going on in their own system. Of this I am fully convinced, and have so expressed myself in a previous article. In other cases, a cow badly fed will give bitter milk, or a diseased condition of the udder will do the same. The latter we can easily find out by simply milking each teat separately, and thus find which quarter is producing this kind of milk, as it is rare indeed that each quarter is ailing. Not so when the cow's liver or digestion is deranged. Then all the teats will furnish bitter milk. The same is true when the length of lactation is the cause.

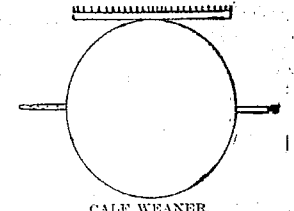
It is, therefore, important to know about these things before prescribing. The cow whose habit is to give bitter milk when five, six or seven months in lactation had better be dried off and sold for beef. The one whose liver or digestion is off should have a pound of epsom salts given as a physic and two drams of powdered hyposulphite of soda morning and night until the trouble ceases. If bad, moldy food is the cause, correct that by a better class of food. If, as the bacteriologists say, she is carrying around on her carcass a lot of fifth-laden germs, ready to drop in the milk, go at her with soap and water, curry comb and brush, backed up with plenty of elbow grease, and scrub off the old cow and make her clean. Then clean the stable. Use lime or hard plaster freely in it, and bed the cow with clean, dry straw. Some men's cows I know of would look a little wild out of their eyes and might cause the owner to believe they were going crazy, but they won't.

FOR WEANING CALVES.

Maryland Dairyman Describes a Simple Contrivance Used by Him for Several Seasons.

I took a calf from its mother at six weeks old. I fed it for six weeks, and then tethered it in my dooryard for a month or more. Then I put it with the cows in the pasture and it went to its mother and began sucking as if it had never been separated from her an hour. I tried all the calf weaners I had ever heard of, and my young heifer got the best of all of them. To make a long story short, I made a calf weaner myself, as follows:

Take a strap one inch wide and let



CALF WEANER.

It fits loosely on its nose. Rivet the ends together. Then take a hickory stick one foot long, one inch wide, and one-fourth inch thick. Take a strap one-half inch wide and put some tacks in it, and rivet strap to hickory stick, heads down, points up. I put this on the calf's nose, with two light straps buckled behind its horns, and turned it into the pasture with the cows. It went straight to its mother, but when it went for milk a more astonished cow or calf I never saw. The calf can graze just as well with it on its nose as without, and it does no injury to the calf.—I. W. Allaire, in Agricultural Economist.

PRACTICAL DAIRY NOTES.

Make butter to suit the tastes of your customers.

Milk of different temperatures should never be mixed.

Milk giving is a maternal function, and a mother should never be abused.

IT IS A MYSTERY

HIMES & ROSENWINKEL'S BI-
CYCLE STORE ROBBED.

OVER \$800 IN CASH IS TAKEN

ROBBERS KNEW COMBINATION
OF THE SAFE.

THE POLICE ARE BAFFLED

HAVE OPINIONS, BUT CLUES
ARE WANTING.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Himes & Rosenwinkel, the Clinton street bicycle dealers, reported a mysterious robbery to Lieutenant Lapp at the police station Sunday morning. Mr. Rosenwinkel on his arrival at the store after going to the postoffice, found that the office safe was open, papers were strewn over the floor, and \$868.68 in currency had disappeared. A twenty-five cent piece and a two-dollar check had been overlooked by the robbers, but otherwise they had made a clean sweep. Mr. Rosenwinkel explained the presence of so much money by stating that he had an engagement to pay Ed C. Miller \$550 Sunday noon and had left the money in the safe so that he could meet the obligation. He stated further that the side door to the store was open and that he supposed the burglar went out that way, and that entrance was gained through a little window in the rear of the store. The safe was not forced, but had been opened in the usual way by working the combination. Detective Coling was at once put on the case and he soon found a very peculiar condition of affairs and circumstances. The window through which the burglar is supposed to have gained an entrance is a small opening about twenty inches square near the ceiling in the rear of the store. It opens into the high school yard, and in the yard a box about three feet long was found standing on end. From the top of the box to the window sill is a distance of about five and one-half or six feet, and it would be extremely difficult for anyone to scramble in there without doing considerable sprawling and pawing. There are no

marks on the side of the building such as would naturally be made by anyone trying to climb in, and neither is the box depressed into the ground from the weight of a person standing on it, although the ground is very soft. The little window was not broken, but the little wooden button which held it on the inside was forced off, although there are no marks on the outside of any chisel, jimmy or any other instrument, and the detective is at a loss to understand where the burglar found a resting place while he was pushing the button off. Inside the store the floor was sprinkled with red pepper and a lot of it was sprinkled on the window sill and on the box outside, having been poured out from the inside, showing that the burglar was in no hurry and took plenty of time to protect his tracks in case bloodhounds should be called in. The safe being worked by the combination is another circumstance that is very baffling, as the proprietors say no one but themselves know the combination. Altogether the robbery is a very confusing one and up to this writing the officers have opinions, but no clues to work on.

IN STUPOR SINCE WEDNESDAY.

Waverly, Ia., May 18.—Mark Gillson, a young clerk in the post office here, has been lying in a stupor since Wednesday night, when he was initiated into the mysteries of the Modern Woodmen. His collapse occurred during that part of the horse-play where the candidate is spun about strapped to a revolving wheel. Physicians were summoned and, after laboring with him nearly all morning without avail, took him to his home, where he remains apparently in deep stupor. His body bears no marks of violence, and his condition is attributed merely to fright.

HONORED THEIR FOREMAN.

The employees of the Rhinesmith & Simonson and the Anthony Wayne Manufacturing company remembered John B. Wagner, foreman of the former factory, Saturday last, when they presented him with two handsome and costly mahogany chairs. The pieces were in the nature of a wedding present.

Miss Mulharen, who was operated upon Saturday at St. Joseph hospital for the removal of a tumor from the neck, is improving rapidly. She is under the care of Dr. Myers.

MAJOR BARNETT IS HONORED

GOVERNOR DURBIN NAMES
FORT WAYNE SURGEONDelegate to National Association of
Military Surgeons' Meet-
ing at St. Paul.

Governor Durbin has honored one of the most prominent of Fort Wayne surgeons in the appointment of Major W. W. Barnett as a delegate to the meeting of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States to be held at St. Paul, Minn., May 30 to June 1.

The notification came to Dr. Barnett on Monday in a letter from the governor's secretary, and will be gratifying not alone to the doctor, but to his professional colleagues and to the volunteers who served with him in the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh regiment during the war with Spain.

COURT NEWS.

The circuit court jury has been discharged until June 5.

William P. Breen has filed his final report as executor of the will of the late James McCarty.

W. J. McNabb has filed his final report as administrator of the estate of Claude J. McNabb.

Judge Vesey is sitting as special judge in the superior court in the case of Willard vs. Rudisill.

William A. Fairfield has commenced suit against Solomon Chapman for damages to the amount of \$100.

John B. Knoll has commenced suit against George Baker et al. to quiet title.

Greenbury B. Erick has commenced suit against David Vanzile on notes amount to \$150.

The wills of L. M. Drury, Ernest Branaing and Jeremiah Furney were admitted to probate.

In the matter of the receivership of

James Taft, the receiver was ordered to not sell the elevator in the building until further order from the court. The ownership of the elevator is claimed by Otto Seidel, owner of the building.

The superior court jury has been discharged until June.

Franklin Crandall was sent to the reform school by Judge O'Rourke this morning. His mother filed an affidavit charging incorrigibility.

Emanuel Voltz has filed his final report as administrator of the estate of Christian Voltz.

William S. O'Rourke has been appointed administrator of the estate of Thomas P. Cordrey, who died suddenly in Cleveland several weeks ago.

ANOTHER ELECTRIC RAILWAY.

The Toledo Times this morning publishes the following special from Columbus Grove, Ohio: "The Findlay, Columbus Grove and Fort Wayne electric railroad will be built through this place. This is an assured fact. Dr. W. H. Begg, of this place, who is one of the incorporators, has given out the information that the new line will be built from Findlay, through Benton Ridge, in Hancock county; Pandora, Columbus Grove, in this county, and west from here to Fort Wayne, via either Kalida or Vaughnsville."

THREE MORE VICTIMS DIE.

Youngstown, O., May 20.—Three more victims of the accident at 6 o'clock yesterday evening at the Ohio plant of the National Steel company died of their injuries during the night, making five fatalities in all. They are: Thomas Maxwell, John Soultz, Paul Washawa. Three other employees who were injured will recover. The exact cause of the explosion has not yet been determined, the supposition being that either the bottom of the converter dropped out or water got into the wind box.

DIED IN COLORADO.

Friends in the city have just been notified of the recent death of John S. Link, which occurred at his home at La Juanita, Col. Mr. Link was formerly a resident of this city and was well known. He was a son of Adam Link, who resided three miles west of Fort Wayne. A brother, William B. Link, and a sister, Mrs. Fannie McMaken, both reside in the city.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Randall is quite ill with typhoid fever.

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Mary Randall, of Avilla, spent Sunday the guest of friends in the city.

Dr. Joseph Morris, of Columbus Grove, Ohio, is in the city. He accompanied a patient to St. Joseph hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Ellison, Mrs. A. D. Guild and others who attended the national congress of boards of charities and correction, have returned home.

Mrs. Lamont, of Dawkins was operated upon at St. Joseph's hospital this morning for fibroid tumors. She is under the care of Dr. Dimen and Dr. Barnett.

Mrs. Franz Burger, who has been a patient at Hope hospital for the past six weeks, returned to her home, 237 East Washington street, Sunday morning. Mrs. Burger underwent an operation for appendicitis.

The entry blanks for the Decoration day bicycle races at the Driving park can be had at any of the bicycle stores of the city. The lists will be open until next Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, and riders are urged to enter as early as possible.

The scholars of the primary department of the Jefferson Street Christian church Sunday school enjoyed a May party at Swinney park on Saturday. There were about seventy-five little people in the party and they had a very pleasant time.

Rev. C. Gross, the venerable pastor of Emanuel Lutheran church, is slowly recovering from an operation, and it will be some time before he will be able to resume his pastoral duties. Rev. H. Juengel, formerly pastor of Zion's church, occupies Rev. Gross's pulpit during the latter's illness.

Prosecutor Emrick on Monday filed three more affidavits against William Mencer, the man brought back from Missouri last week by Sheriff Stout. The affidavits charge embezzlement and larceny to an aggregate amount of \$43 and Ed Finan, of Monroeville, is named as the prosecuting witness. Justice France will hear the evidence on Wednesday. Mencer is now in jail awaiting trial for larceny on a charge preferred by Charles Pape.

Architect Henry Meyer is preparing plans for a number of handsome residences, to be erected within the next two months. Prof. J. H. Hahn, of Emmaus school, will erect an eight-room frame house in South Wayne; W. L. Miller will build a seven-room frame house on East Wayne street, and G. B. Miller will

erect a nine-room residence in Lakeside. Architect Meyer is also preparing plans for a residence for G. L. Murray at Spencerville.

F. H. Fehling, for many years a grocer at Broadway and Taylor street, has purchased the grocery and dwelling of C. W. Myers at Creighton avenue and Miner streets.

A reunion of the Nelson family will be held this week and among those to attend will be William R. Nelson and family, of Kansas City, who will arrive within the next few days.

Architects Wing & Mahurin have made drawings for a bank to be built jointly by the Plymouth State bank and the Masonic lodge at Plymouth. The Masons will occupy a part of the building as a lodge room. The structure will cost about \$10,000.

The annual meeting of the Tri-State Dental association will be held in Indianapolis June 4, 5 and 6, and a number of dentists from this city will attend the sessions and banquet. The association comprises societies in various towns in Indiana, Ohio and Michigan.

The different military organizations of the city, together with the ladies' auxiliaries, will attend divine service at Plymouth Congregational church next Sunday. Rev. J. Webster Bailey will preach a special sermon and the church will be beautifully decorated for the occasion. The choir will render a special music appropriate to the day.

The wedding of Miss Winnie Hartman and Herman Hormel will be solemnized on Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock, the officiating clergyman being Rev. C. Gross, of Emanuel Lutheran church. The attendants will be Miss Augusta Hormel, a sister of the groom, and Theodore Kucher. The bride was formerly society editor of the Daily News and Mr. Hormel was on the staff of the Free Press, but is now cashier of the Allen County Building and Loan association.

H. W. Green is lying at the point of death at his home on Jackson street. Mr. Green was stricken with paralysis last February and suffered a second attack two or three weeks ago. From the latter it is believed he cannot recover. His daughter, Mrs. Lydia Sterling, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city last night and will

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, chafes and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

remain here and help care for her father. Mr. Green is an old resident of the city and is known to nearly all residents.

Four cases of scarlet fever exist in the family of George Van Horn, No. 8 Gay street. Two children are convalescing, and two were taken ill yesterday.

Mrs. D. W. Bitner, wife of the South Calhoun street grocer, has just received the first installment of her distributive share of the estate of her grandparents, who died at Kenton, Ohio.

Messrs. Henry and William Burnling, Robert Casterline and Joe and Henry Shrum delightfully entertained a large number of friends at a 'bus party Saturday night at Burnling's barn, near Robinson park. The evening was spent in dancing, and refreshments were served at 12:30. On the way out the first 'bus ran into a small creek, and the second 'bus narrowly escaped an upset.

WILL GIVE A CONCERT.

The Linden, Haydn and Apollo quartets will give a concert in Bethany Presbyterian church on Friday evening, May 31st, for the benefit of Bethany church. This will be the second appearance of the combined quartets in Fort Wayne, and the concert will undoubtedly be a great success.

ELECTED DELEGATES.

A large representation of the townships was present at the meeting of the Allen county Sunday school board Saturday afternoon, at the city hall. James E. Graham, of this city, and Mrs. Nettie Hubler, of Hoagland, were elected delegates to the state convention at Shelbyville, June 18, 19 and 20. From reports presented it is stated that the Sunday schools of the county were never in better condition.

THEY TAKE THE RANDALL.

Messrs. Jones & Stevens, the new lessees of the Randall hotel, took charge of the house immediately after the breakfast hour this morning. Mr. Stevens will take up his residence there and Ed Reed is installed as manager. There will be little change in the staff of employees of the hotel.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Thomas F. Veraker and Gussie E. Cary.
William W. Maxwell and Alta Van Camp.

EXTRAORDINARY SELLING OF MERCHANDISE.

Entire stock to be closed out to make room for complete modern department . . . store.

Reorganization Sale.

THE FAIR,

4 and 6
Harrison Street.

Stock company organized---customers certificates may be secured from secretary or at store.

BIG SALE IS NOW IN FULL BLAST.

\$50,000.00 worth of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Millinery, Glassware and Crockery at 25c to 50c on the dollar.

It will pay farmers to come 20 miles to this sale. The rich will all be there--the poor can't afford to miss it

Reduction Prices on Shoes.

Ladies' \$2.00 Shoes and Oxfords	25c
Ladies' \$3.00 Shoes and Oxfords	48c
Ladies' \$3.50 Shoes and Oxfords	98c
Men's \$2.00 Shoes	50c
Men's \$2.50 Shoes	75c
Men's \$3.00 Shoes	98c
Boys' \$2.00 Shoes	75c
Girls' \$1.50 Shoes	45c
Children's \$1.00 Shoes	39c
Infants' 50c Shoes	10c

Prices that Know no Competition.

5,000 yards 35c Torchon Lace	4c
5,000 yards 25c Ribbons	5c
5,000 spools King's Thread	1c

Outrageous Prices on Dry Goods.

Calico, per yard	1c
Percales, yard wide	5c
Organdies, Percales, 35c kind	6c
Silkoline, 15c kind	8c
Brilliantines, 25c kind	7c
LADIES' HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, NO ORDINARY QUOTATIONS.	
Ladies' Vests, 15c and 25c kind	3c
Ladies' Vests, 35c kind	9c
Ladies' Seamless Hose	4c
Ladies' Fast Black Hose	9c
Ladies' Fast Black 35c Hose	14c

Wonderful Reduction all Over the Store.

Ladies' \$1.50 and \$2.00 Mercerized Satin Skirts	48c
Ladies' \$1.25 and \$1.50 Shirt Waists	19c

Phenomenal Values in Clothing & Men's Furnishings

E. & W. Collars	1c
50c Neckwear	9c
50c Suspenders	9c
50c Underwear	19c
50c Shirts	18c
25c Hose	9c
15c Hose	4c
\$1.00 Kid Gloves	25c
Men's \$6.00 All-Wool Suits	\$1.90
Men's \$9.00 All-Wool Suits	\$2.19
Men's \$10.00 Clay Worsted Suits	\$2.98
Boys' \$2.00 Suits	39c
Child's \$1.50 Knee Pants	8c

Prices Unjointed on Millinery---Explosion in Prices.

500 shapes, 75c to \$1.50 values, 1c. 200 trimmed hats, \$2, \$3 & \$4 values, 98c. 150 trimmed hats, \$4 & \$5 values, \$1.48. 260 pattern hats, \$8 to \$10 values, \$2.98

Don't wait and say we didn't have the goods. Come early---we will be crowded.

THE FAIR,

4 and 6
Harrison Street

Under the management

P. E. GREENE,
CARL W. DRAKE,

of Chicago.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

GOOD AND BAD AMUSEMENTS—THE PREACHER TELLS HOW THEY MAY BE DISTINGUISHED.

Washington, D. C., May 20.—This discourse of Dr. Talmage is in accord with all innocent hilarities, while it reprehends amusements that belittle and deprave. Text II. Samuel ii., 14. "Let the young men now arise and play before us."

There are two armies encamped by the pool of Gibeon. The time hangs heavily on their hands. One army proposes a game of sword-fencing. Nothing could be more healthful and innocent. The other army accepts the challenge. Twelve men against twelve men, the sport opens. But something went adversely. Perhaps one of the swordsmen got an unlucky clip or in some way had his ire aroused, and that which opened in sportfulness ended in violence, each one taking his contestant by the hair and then with the sword thrusting him in the side, so that that which opened in innocent fun ended in massacre of all the twenty-four sportsmen. Was there ever a better illustration of what was true then, and is true now, that that which is innocent may be made destructive?

What of a worldly nature is more important and strengthening and innocent than amusement and yet what has counted more victims? I have no sympathy for a straight-jacket religion. This is a very bright world to me, and I propose to do all I can to make it bright for others. I never could keep step to a dead march. A book years ago issued says that a Christian man has a right to some amusements; for instance, if he comes home at night weary from his work, and, feeling the need of recreation, puts on his slippers, and goes into his garden and walks lively round the floor several times there can be no harm in it. I believe the church of God has made a great mistake in trying to suppress the sportfulness of youth and drive out from men their love of amusement. If God ever implanted anything in us, he implanted this desire. But instead of providing for this demand of our nature, the church of God has, for the main part, ignored it. As in a riot, the mayor plants a battery at the end of the street, and has it fired off, so that everything is cut down that happens to stand in the range, the good as well as the bad, so there are men in the church who plant their batteries of condemnation, and fire away indiscriminately. Everything is condemned. But Paul, the Apostle, commands those who use the world without abusing it, and in the natural world God has done everything to please and to amuse us. In poetic figure we sometimes speak of natural objects as being in pain, but it is a mere fancy. Poets say the clouds weep, but they never yet shed a tear; and that the winds sigh, but they never did have any trouble; and that the storm howls, but it never loses its temper. The world is a rose, and the universe a garland.

CORRUPTION OF PICTURES.

And I am glad to know that in all our cities there are plenty of places where we may find elevated moral entertainment. But all honest men and good women agree with me in the statement that one of the worst things in these cities is corrupt amusement. Multitudes have gone down under the blasting influence, never to rise. If we judge of what is going on in many of the places of amusement by the pictures on board fences, and in many of the show windows, there is not a much lower depth of profligacy to reach. At Naples, Italy, they keep such pictures locked up from indiscriminate inspection. Those pictures were exhumed from Pompeii, and are not fit for public gaze. If the effrontery of bad places of amusement, in hanging out improper advertisements of what they are doing night by night, grows worse in the same proportion in 50 years some of our modern cities will beat Pompeii.

I project certain principles by which you may judge in regard to any amusement or recreation, finding out for yourself whether it is right or wrong.

I remark, in the first place, that you can judge of the moral character of any amusement by its healthful result, or by its baleful reaction. There are people who seem made up of hard facts. They are a combination of multiplication tables and statistics. If you show them an exquisite picture they will begin to discuss the pigments involved in coloring. If you show them a beautiful rose they will submit it to a botanical analysis which is only the post-mortem examination of a flower. They have no rebound in their nature. They never do anything more than smile. There are no great depths of feeling surging up from the depths of their soul, in billow after billow of reverberating laughter. They seem as if nature had built them by contract, and made a bungling job out of it. But blessed be God, there are people in the world who have bright faces, and whose

life is a song, an anthem, a psalm of victory. Even their troubles are like the vines that crawl up the sides of a great tower, on the top of which the sunlight holds perpetual carnival. They are the people you like to have come to your house; they are people I like to have come to my house. If you but touch the hem of their garment you are healed.

WRONG AMUSEMENT.

Now it is these exhilarant and sympathetic and warm-hearted people that are most tempted to pernicious amusements. In proportion as a ship is swift it wants a strong helmsman; in proportion as a horse is gay, it wants a stout driver; and these people of exuberant nature will do well to look at the reaction of all their amusements. If an amusement sends you home at night nervous so that you cannot sleep, and you rise up in the morning, not because you are slept out, but because your duty drags you from your slumbers, you have been where you ought not to have been. There are amusements that send a man next day to his work with his eyes bloodshot, yawning, stupid, nauseated; and they are wrong kinds of amusement. They are entertainments that give a man disgust with the drudgery of life, with tools because they are not swords, with working aprons because they are not robes, with cattle because they are not infuriated bulls of the arena. If any amusement sends you home longing for a life of romance and thrilling adventure, love that takes poison and shoots itself, moonlight adventures and hair-breadth escapes, you may depend upon it that you are the sacrificed victim of unsanctified pleasure. Our recreations are intended to build us up; and if they pull us down as to our moral or as to our physical strength, you may come to the conclusion that they are obnoxious.

There is nothing more depraving than attendance upon amusements that are full of innuendo and low suggestion. The young man enters. At first he sits far back, with his hat on and his coat collar up, fearful that somebody there may know him. Several nights pass on. He takes off his hat earlier and puts his coat collar down. The blush that first came into his cheek when anything indecent was enacted comes no more to his cheek. Farewell, young man! You have probably started on the long road which ends in consummate destruction. The stars of hope will go out one by one, until you will be left in utter darkness. Hear you not the rush of the maelstrom, in whose outer circle your boat now dances, making merry with the whirling waters? But you are being drawn in, and the gentle motion will become terrific agitation. You cry for help. In vain! You pull at the ear to put back, but the struggle will not avail! You will be tossed, and dashed, and shipwrecked, and swallowed in the whirlpool that has already crushed in its wrath ten thousand hulks. Young men who have just come from country residence to city residence will do well to be on guard and let no one induce them to places of improper amusement. It is mighty alluring when a young man, long a citizen, offers to show a new-comer all around.

Still further; those amusements are wrong which lead you into expenditure beyond your means. Money spent in recreation is not thrown away. It is all folly for us to come from a place of amusement feeling that we have wasted our money and time. You may by it have made an investment worth more than the transaction that yielded you hundreds or thousands of dollars. But how many properties have been ridiculed by costly amusements.

HE WAS A BASILISK.

The first time I ever saw the city—it was the city of Philadelphia—I was a mere lad. I stopped at a hotel, and I remember in the eventide one of these men plied me with his infernal art. He saw I was green. He wanted to show me the sights of the town. He painted the path of sin until it looked like emerald; but I was afraid of him. I shivered back from the basilisk—I made up my mind he was a basilisk. I remember how he wheeled his chair round in front of me, and, with a concentrated and diabolical effort, attempted to destroy my soul; but there were good angels in the air that night. It was no good resolution on my part, but it was the all-encompassing grace of a good God that delivered me. Beware! beware! oh, young man. "There is a way that seemeth right unto a man, but the end thereof is death."

The table has been robbed to pay the club. The champagne has cheated the children's wardrobe. The carousing-party has burned up the boy's primer. The table cloth of the corner saloon is in debt to the wife's faded dress. Excursions that in a day make a tour around a whole month's wages; ladies whose lifetime business it is to "go shopping," large bets on horses, have their counter-

parts in uneducated children, bankruptcies that shock the money market and appal the church, and that send drunkenness staggering across the richly-carpeted floor of the mansion, and dashing into the mirror, and drowning out the carol of music with the whooping of bloated sons come home to break their old mother's heart.

I saw a beautiful home, where the bell rang violently late at night. The son had been off in sinful indulgences. His comrades were bringing him home. They carried him to the door. They rang the bell at 1 o'clock in the morning. Father and mother came down. They were waiting for the wandering son, and then the comrades, as soon as the door was opened, threw the prodigal headlong into the doorway, crying, "There he is, drunk as a fool. Ha! ha!" When men go into amusements that they cannot afford, they first borrow what they cannot earn, and then they steal what they cannot borrow. First they go into embarrassment, and then into lying, and then into theft, and when a man gets as far as that he does not stop short of the penitentiary. There is not a prison in the land where there are not victims of unsanctified amusements.

Merchants, is there a disarrangement in your accounts? Is there a leakage in your money drawer? Did not the cash account come right last night? I will tell you. There is a young man in your store wandering off into bad amusements. The salary you give him may meet lawful expenditures, but not the sinful indulgences in which he has entered, and he takes by theft that which you do not give him in lawful salary.

BRIGHT ROAD TO MISERY.

How brightly the path of unrestrained amusement opens. The young man says, "Now I am off for a good time. Never mind economy. I'll get money somehow. What a fine road! What a beautiful day for a ride! Crack the whip and over the turnpike! Come, boys, all high your glasses. Drink! Long life, health, plenty of rides just like this!" Hard working men hear the clatter of the hoofs, and look up and say, "Why, I wonder where those fellows get their money from? We have to toil and drudge. They do nothing." To these gay men life is a thrill and an excitement. They stare at other people and in turn are stared at. The watch chain jingles. The cup foams. The cheeks flush. The eyes flash. The midnight hears their guffaw. They swagger. They jostle decent men off the sidewalk. They take the name of God in vain. They parody the hymn they learned at their mother's knee, and to all pictures of coming disaster they cry out, "Who cares?" and to the counsel of some Christian friend, "Who are you?" Passing along the street some night, you hear a shriek in some grogshop, the rattle of the watchman's club, the rush of the police. What is the matter now? Oh, this reckless young man has been killed in a grogshop fight. Carry him home to his father's house. Parents will come down and wash his wounds and close his eyes in death. They forgive him all he ever did, although he cannot in his silence ask it. The prodigal has got home at last. Mother will go to her little garden and get the sweetest flowers and twist them into a chaplet for the silent heart of the wayward boy, and push back from the bloated brow the long locks that were once her pride. And the air will be rent with the agony. The great dramatist says, "How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless child."

I go further, and say those are unchristian amusements which become the chief business of a man's life. Life is an earnest thing. Whether we are born in a palace or hovel, whether we are affluent or pinched, we have to work. If you do not sweat with toil, you will sweat with disease. You have a soul that is to be transfigured amidst the pomp of a judgment day, and after the sea has sung its last chant, and the mountain shall have come down in an avalanche of rock, you will live and think and act, high on a throne where seraphs sing, or deep in a dungeon where demons howl. In a world where there is so much to do for yourselves and so much to do for others, God pity that man who has nothing to do.

Your sports are merely means to an end. They are alleviations and helps. The arm of toil is the only arm strong enough to bring up the bucket out of the deep well of pleasure. Amusement is only the bower where business and philanthropy rest while on their way to stirring achievements. Amusements are merely the vines that grow about the anvil of toil and the blossoming of the hammers. Alas for the man who spends his life in laboriously doing nothing, his days in hunting up lounging places and loungers, his nights seeking out some gas-lighted foolery! The man who always has on his sporting jacket, ready to hunt for game in the mountain or fish in the brook, with no time to pray or work or read, is not so well off as the greyhound that runs by his side, or the fly bait with which he whips the stream. A man who does not

work does not know how to play. If God had intended us to do nothing but laugh, he would not have given us shoulders with which to lift, and hands with which to work, and brains with which to think. The amusements of life are merely the orchestra playing while the great tragedy of life plunges through its five acts—infancy, childhood, manhood, old age and death. Then exit the last earthly opportunity. Enter the overwhelming realities of an eternal world!

ROADS TO BAD COMPANY.

I go further, and say that all those amusements are wrong which lead into bad company. If you go to any place where you have to associate with intemperance, with the unclean, with the abandoned, however well they may be dressed, in the name of God quit it. They will despoil your nature. They will undermine your moral character. They will drop you when you are destroyed. They will not give you one cent to support your children when you are dead. They will not weep one tear at your burial.

I had a friend in the west—a rare friend. He was one of the first to welcome me to my new home. To fine personal appearance he added a generosity, frankness and ardor of nature that made me love him like a brother. But I saw evil people gathering around him. They came up from the saloon, from the gambling halls. They plied him with a thousand arts. They seized upon his social nature, and he could not stand the charm. They drove him on the rocks, like a ship full-winged, shivering on the breakers. I used to admonish him. I would say, "Now, I wish you would quit those bad habits and become a Christian." "Oh," he would reply, "I would like to; I would like to; but I have gone so far I don't think there is any way back." In his moments of repentance he would go home and take his little girl of eight years and embrace her convulsively, and cover her with adornments, and strew around her pictures and toys and everything that could make her happy; and then, as though hounded by an evil spirit, he would go out to the enflaming cup and the home of shame, like a fool to the correction of the stocks.

I was summoned to his deathbed. I hastened. I entered the room. I found him, to my surprise, lying in full every-day dress on the top of the couch. I put out my hand. He grasped it excitedly, and said, "Sit down, Mr. Talmage, right there." I sat down. He said, "Last night I saw my mother, who has been dead twenty years, and she sat just where you sit now. It was no dream. I was wide awake. There was no delusion in the matter. I saw her just as plainly as I see you—wife, I wish you would take these strings off me. There are strings spun all around my body. I wish you would take them off me." I saw it was delirium. "Oh," replied his wife, "my dear, there is nothing there, there is nothing there." He went on, and said, "Just where you sit, Mr. Talmage, my mother sat. She said to me: 'Henry, I do wish you would do better.' I got out of bed, put my arms around her, and said, 'Mother, I want to do better. I have been trying to do better? You used to help me.' I saw her—mistake about it, no delusion. I saw her—the cap and the apron and the spectacles, just as she used to look twenty years ago, but I do wish you would take these strings away. They annoy me so. I can hardly talk. Won't you take them away?' I knelt down and prayed, conscious of the fact that he did not realize what I was saying. I got up. I said, 'Good-by; I hope you will be better soon.' He said, 'Good-by, good-by.' That night his soul went up to the God who gave it. Arrangements were made for the obsequies. Some said, 'Don't bring him in the church; he was too dissolute.' "Oh," I said, "bring him. He was a good friend of mine while he was alive, and I shall stand by him now that he is dead. Bring him to the church."

As I sat in the pulpit and saw his body coming up through the aisle, I felt as if I could weep tears of blood. I told the people that day, "This man had his virtues and a good many of them. But if there is any man in this audience who is without sin let him cast the first stone at this coffin lid." On one side of the pulpit sat that little child, rosy, sweet-faced, as beautiful as any little child that sat at your table this morning. I warrant you. She looked up wistfully, not knowing the full sorrows of an orphan child.

FACE THROUGH HORRID DREAM.

Oh, her countenance haunts me to-day, like some sweet face looking upon us through a horrid dream. On the other side of the pulpit were the men who had destroyed him. There they sat, hard-visaged, some of them pale from exhausting disease, some of them flushed until it seemed as if the fires of iniquity flamed through the cheek and creased the forehead. They were the men who had bound him hand and foot. They had kindled the fires. They had poured the wormwood and gall into that orphan's cup.

Did they weep? No. Did they sigh repentingly? No. Did they say, "What a pity that such a brave man should be slain?" No, no; not one bloated hand was lifted to wipe a

tear from a bloated cheek. They sat and looked at the coffin like vultures gazing at the carcass of a lamb whose heart they had ripped out! I cried in the ears as plainly as I could, "There is a God and a judgment day." Did they tremble? Oh, no, no. They went back from the house of God, and that night, though their victim lay in Oakwood cemetery, I was told that they blasphemed, and they drank, and they gambled, and there was not one less customer in all the houses of iniquity. This destroyed man was a Sampson in physical strength, but Delilah sheared him and the Philistines of evil companionship dug his eyes out and threw him into the prison of evil habits. But in the hour of his death he rose up and took hold of the two pillars of curses of God against drunkenness and uncleanness, and threw himself forward, until down upon him and his companions there came the thunders of an eternal catastrophe.

Again: Any amusement that gives you a distaste for domestic life is bad. How many bright domestic circles have been broken up by sinful amusements! The father went off, the mother went off, the child went off. There are today the fragments before me of blasted households. Oh, if you have wandered away, I would like to charm you back by the sound of that one word, "home." Do you not know that you have but little more time to give to domestic welfare? Do you not see, father, that your children are soon to go out into the world, and all the influence for good you are to have over them you must have now? Death will break in on your conjugal relations, and, alas, if you have to stand over the grave of one who perished from your neglect!

GIVE HOME ITS DUES.

I saw a wayward husband standing at the deathbed of his Christian wife and I saw her point to a ring on her finger and heard her say to her husband, "Do you see that ring?" He replied, "Yes, I see it." "Well," said she, "do you remember who put it there?" "Yes," said he, "I put it there," and all the past seemed to rush upon him. By the memory of that day when, in the presence of men and angels, you promised to be faithful in joy and sorrow, and in sickness and in health; by the memory of those pleasant hours when you sat together in your new home talking of a bright future; by the cradle and the joyful hour when one life was spared and another given; by that sick bed, when the little one lifted up the hands and called for help, and you knew he must die, and he put one arm around each of your necks and brought you very near together in that dying kiss; by the little grave in the cemetery that you never think of without a rush of tears; by the family Bible, where amidst stories of heavenly love as the brief but expressive records of births and deaths; by the neglects of the past, and by the agonies of the future; by a judgment day, when husbands and wives, parents and children, in immortal groups, will stand to be caught up in shining array, or to shrink down into darkness; by all that, I beg of you to give to home your best affections.

"Ah my friends, there is an hour coming when our past life will probably pass before us in review. It will be our last hour. If, from our death pillow, we have to look back and see a life spent in sinful amusement, there will be a dart that will strike through our soul sharper than the dagger with which Virginius slew his child. The memory of the past will make us quake like Macbeth. The iniquities and rioting through which we have passed will come upon us weird and skeleton as Meg Merrilies. Death, the old Shylock, will demand and take the remaining pound of flesh and the remaining drop of blood; and upon our last opportunity for repentance and our last chance for heaven the curtain will forever drop.

MIDDLETOWN LOCALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Neireiter and family spent Sunday, May 12, as guests of Sam Nicholson, living Hoagland.

Hervey Hubler is taking music lessons of Professor Yost in Fort Wayne. He makes two trips weekly, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Dr. A. J. Kessler and Attorney H. I. Smith, of Fort Wayne, and Professor Rausch spent Sunday, May 12, at the residence of Simon Somers and family.

Daton Barclay has a brand new buggy.

Albert Rauner assumed work as porter in Wayne hotel, Fort Wayne, last Wednesday morning.

Masters Claude Neireiter, Chester Ruhl and Clarence Van Horn daily herd cattle on the public highways. It is "hey" here and "hey" there as the cattle fill themselves with the sweet grass.

Our assessor, Ernest Witte, is nearly through with this year's duties. Professor Rausch spent last week at New Haven.

Melville Neireiter is working for Joseph Falls. John McCague and Earl Trenary are also employed by the same overseer.

Mr. and Mrs. Crowl opened their home to the following guests last

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The Marion township Sunday school convention will be held in Antioch Lutheran church Saturday evening and Sunday, June 1 and 2, 1901. Following is the program:

—Saturday Evening, 8 O'clock.—

Song Service. Assembly Address—"Prayerfulness the Essential Qualification of the Sunday School Worker". A. D. Craig Essay—"The Consecrated Sabbath School Teacher". Miss Stella Smith —Sunday Morning, 9:30 O'clock.—

Sunday school, conducted by Charles Ruhl, superintendent of Antioch school. Address—"The Catechization of the Children and How Best to Interest Them in the Study of the Bible". Rev. A. J. Douglas Address—"Responsibility of Parents as Regards the Preparation of the Sunday School Lesson". J. C. F. McMaken Address—"How to Keep the Boys". E. H. Roe Address—"Classification in the Sunday School". Alexander Johnson Primary work, discussion opened by W. M. Carpenter. Address—"Parental Influence of the Children of the Church". Rev. W. E. Murray Address—"The Relation of the Sunday School to the Church". Rev. J. H. Miller Frank Hubler is president association and Alvin Hadley is vice president.

The Boston Store.

Ruffled Curtain Sale.

New styles in ruffled curtains at 69c, worth 85c.
New styles in ruffled curtains at \$1.00, worth \$1.25.
New styles in ruffled curtains at \$1.25, worth \$1.75.
New styles in ruffled curtains at \$1.50, worth \$2.00.
Special low prices on all summer underwear.
Special low prices on ladies' and children's hose.
A line of ladies' wrappers at 85c, worth \$1.00.
A line of ladies' waists at 50c, worth 75c.
Special low prices on all colored lawns and dimities.
Special lot of colored lawns at 5c, worth 7c.

DO YOUR TRADING AT THE BOSTON STORE, AS YOU CAN ALWAYS FIND GREAT BARGAINS.

WM. HAHN & COMPANY,

The Boston Store.

Buggies That Wear

THE careful buyer is particular about the wearing quality of his vehicles. We sell only such buggies as we know will wear well and give satisfaction. Its easy to cover up a whole lot of bad material and poor workmanship with fancy paints. Only those dealers who handle large quantities can afford to thoroughly investigate the materials and workmanship of the vehicles they sell. We sell over 1,000 vehicles each year, more to other dealers than we retail. We know the quality of the goods as well as the manufacturers. We are wholesale dealers. This accounts for our low prices on vehicles of such high quality. We have a complete assortment of styles in our repository. Also Road Wagons Spring Wagons, Farm Wagons and Harness.

O. GANDY & CO.

RETAIL REPOSITORY, OHURUBUSCO, IND.

Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. McMaken, of Sand Point, Mr. and Mrs. Koonitz, of Bluffton, Mr. and Mrs. Drum, of Tecumseh, Mr. and Mrs. John Hartzell, of New Haven, Mr. and Mrs. Crowl, of Monroeville and Elias Hartzell and family, of this place.

Walter Rauner and Harley Somers tried their muscle breaking a Montana pony one night last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smitley have returned from Alabama, where they spent the winter. They are well pleased with the country.

Miss Blanche Van Horn is working for Mrs. Neil Crowl this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. William Van Horn, of Dixon, Ohio, spent Sunday as guests of Wilson Van Horn and family.

Mrs. Elias Hartzell spent Tuesday in Fort Wayne at the residence of Mrs. Dresback, of Superior street. Afternoon tea was served in honor of her sister of Colorado.

Mr. and Mrs. James Drage, of Wells county, spent Sunday at his mother's.

Mace Shookman has gone into business in Fort Wayne. He is co-partner with Edward Merriam running a feed store.

Simon Vaughn and family, of Poe, spent Sunday at the residence of Simon Somers.

Corn planters are still going clifty-jerk. Weather is most too cold for the tender shoots of corn which have been planted.

J. C. Ruhl is building a new chicken coop. Messrs. McCague and Trenary are carpenters.

Professor Rausch will soon leave for Ada, Ohio, where he and James Emerick, of Fort Wayne, will attend school.

MAPLE GROVE.

Mr. and Mrs. Luke E. Durnell were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ru-

disill Sunday and were visitors at our Sunday school.

We are having plenty of rain in the vicinity of Maple Grove and everything is growing very nicely.

Miss Jessie Durnell was the guest of the Misses Rudisill Sunday and was also a visitor at our Sunday school.

Miss Bertha Most is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Buecher.

We were sorry on account of the inclement weather last Sunday that our Sunday school wasn't as largely attended as it might have been. Rev. Zartman expected to give an address, but the weather being so bad he did not get to the school, but he has kindly consented to be with us in the near future. It has been suggested that we will have parents' day in a few weeks.

Miss Bertha Bitner was the guest of Mrs. Rudisill last Sunday and was among the number of visitors at our school. She also favored us with a solo.

We were sorry to have Mrs. Monn absent last Sunday on account of sickness.

There was a delightful party given by Fred and Edd Buecher at the home of Mr. Henry Kohlman, on the Lima road. The evening was spent in games and refreshments were served at a late hour.

"KILTIES" MAY COME.

The band of the Forty-eight Highland regiment of Toronto, Ont., may again appear in this city, under the auspices of the Caledonian society. The band played here last December before a crowded house and the concert was conceded to be one of the best of its kind ever heard here. The band will probably appear again under the auspices of the society some time in November, though the matter has not been definitely decided.

OHIO'S FIRST DIP

GREAT BATTLESHIP GLIDES
INTO THE WATER.

IMMENSE CROWD SEES EVENT

FIFTY THOUSAND WITNESSED
THE LAUNCHING.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY THERE

NO MISHAP ATTENDS GREAT
CEREMONY.

San Francisco, May 18.—Miss Barber pressed the button, Miss Deshler smashed a bottle of California champagne and at 12:26 p. m. the big battleship Ohio took her first dip into the sea. Fifty thousand people cheered themselves hoarse, the big guns of the warships boomed a salute and every steam whistle within a radius of five miles shrieked its loudest as the steel monster glided into the water. The noise lasted for nearly half an hour and when it finally simmered down there lay the Ohio, peacefully floating in the little cove in front of the Union Iron works. Later she was towed to the dock, where she will be tied for a year or more, or until finally completed.

MADE A GREAT WAVE.

As the vessel slid into the water stern foremost she created a big wave that made even the largest steamers nearby bob uncomfortably up and down. As for the smaller craft, they nearly stood on end.

Mrs. McKinley was to have pressed the button that started the Ohio down the ways, but, on account of her illness, her niece, Miss Barber, acted in Mrs. McKinley's place.

Hon. Irving M. Scott and Henry T. Scott took the president and Governor Nash and their parties for a cursory inspection of the more important sections of the great yards where the ocean warriors are built. Both President McKinley and Governor Nash followed the explanations concerning the works closely and with evident interest.

By the hour of 12 the greater number of the nation's representatives and other guests had arrived at the stand beside the hull of the big bat-

sharp Irving M. Scott gave Miss Barber the signal and she touched the magic electrical machine. The gull-lotline shot downward like a flash and severed the cord. The dog shore toppled over its weight and the cleverly constructed system of props caved in like a house of cards.

The Ohio seemed to shiver slightly, the tremor running her entire length. There was scarcely a motion perceptible; but, in a twinkling, she began to slide. And then—a rush, a bound, a cracking and creaking and groaning of the timbers beneath and around her—she shot down the ways, stern foremost, and took her dip into the sea.

POPULACE TURNED OUT.

When it became generally known this morning that the president was to attend the launching of the battleship Ohio, most of the population of San Francisco and vicinity seemed to be moving towards the Union Iron works. Although the time for the launching was set for 12:26 p. m., the people commenced to gather about the Iron works many hours before. Only a few were allowed to enter the enclosure surrounding the ways, but thousands of spectators clambered the bluffs overlooking the works. On the bay shore on the further side from the ship of the cove into which the Ohio glided stands had been erected and these were black with people at an early hour.

On the bay the scene was most animated. Every pleasure craft and steamer, sailboat and rowboat that could be pressed into service hovered around the ship and these were kept back with difficulty by the patrol of tugs.

FIFTY THOUSAND SAW IT.

It was estimated that fully 50,000 people saw the big battleship plunge into the water. Three score of picked men who have in their time launched some of the best of the great battleships of which the Pacific coast is proud were selected by the Scotts to do the work of preparing the enormous steel hull for its first dip into salt water. No outsider was allowed in the yard adjoining the ways until the appointed hour for the gates to open—11 o'clock. Work was knocked off at 10:15 for a few minutes so that the men engaged in striking away the blocks could join their fellow-workmen in hearing the address of the president, who had arrived at that hour on the transport Tug Slocum with the cabinet officers and especially invited guests of the army and the navy.

After the speech-making the launching crew returned to their posts and the rattle of mauls and

been provided. The customary decorations prevailed on the launching stand and bunting and banners were in profusion about the adjoining ways and on the vessels building and awaiting repairs at the company's docks.

No vessel was allowed within 100 yards of the channel and small boats were warned to keep to the eastward. The official tug Slocum lay alongside of the dock and near her was the steamer Resolute, with the Ohio delegation, lay to windward.

There was every temptation for the crowd that waited around the president's temporary residence to cheer when they saw the nation's chief come out; but, for fear of disturbing Mrs. McKinley there was no demonstration—merely a respectful lifting of hats as the president passed by.

In the carriage with the president were Henry T. Scott and Police Commissioner George Newhall. A mount-

employees assembled in the big yard. The president was greeted with a cheer and was presented with a gold plate in memory of the occasion. He spoke briefly to the men, thanking them for the gift and complimenting them on their skill as workmen.

After an inspection of the works, Mr. McKinley went to a stand where he saw the launching. When that was over he boarded the Slocum once more and returned to the Scott residence.

FACTORY INSPECTORS.

Fort Wayne's chances for a representative on the board of state factory inspectors, which were considered very good a few days ago, are not in the least encouraging now. Friday Inspector Daniel H. McAbee sent his list of deputy inspectors to Governor Durbin for approval and no Fort Wayne man appeared thereon.



Photo by Taber, San Francisco.

IRVING M. SCOTT, BUILDER OF THE OREGON AND THE OHIO.

ed guard of four policemen accompanied the party.

CHEERED IN THE STREETS.

President McKinley drove rapidly through the streets and was cheered enthusiastically and in response repeatedly lifted his hat. Arrived at the transport dock, he boarded the government tug Slocum, which was to carry the presidential party and congressional delegation and other favored guests to the scene of the launching at the Union Iron works. Besides the cabinet members and their ladies there were on board the little vessel Governor Nash, of Ohio, and his staff and ladies; Miss Barber, niece of Mrs. McKinley, and Miss Deshler and her sister. The Slocum was handsomely decorated with flags and draped with the national colors. As she left the transport dock the screeching of whistles, the clang of bells and the booming of cannon made a volume of sound that could be heard for miles, announcing to the waiting crowds that the presidential party was on its way to the Union Iron works, where so many vessels of warlike type have been constructed during the last fifteen years.

GREAT FLEET OF CRAFT.

A great fleet of craft of every possible description had preceded the president out into the blue waters of the bay, all loaded down to the water's edge with masses of humanity, anxious to do the president honor.

It was a glorious sight.

Flags and bunting streamed from their fastenings in the cool breeze, flags fluttered and streamers of national colors trailed in the wind. Bands played popular airs and there was an incessant cheering.

Added to the noise which issued from the smaller craft was the boom of cannon from several warships anchored in the harbor. All along the water front the fleet of boats were given ovations and returning cheers and salutes were echoed all down the bay. The Ohio party boarded the steamer Resolute and the United States steamer McDowell conveyed them to the meeting of M. V. General Shafter and his officers of post and their ladies to the scene of the festivities.

Barges without number loaded to the utmost capacity floated down the bay by power of the tugs and in and out of the procession steamed the government tugs Governor Markham and Governor Irwin bearing Governor Gage and his staff and other state officers.

ADDRESSKS 3,000 WORKMEN.

President McKinley arrived at the Union Iron works shortly after 10 o'clock. There he found the 3,000

The list was as follows. Chief deputy factory inspector, David F. Speas, of Vincennes; deputies, James H. Roberts, South Bend; Thomas S. Williamson, Anderson; and Harvey A. Richards, Muncie. There is still one appointment to be made, but it is not likely to come to Fort Wayne. The aspirants for the position are C. C. Casterline, of the Pittsburg shops, and Mr. Smith, a former conductor on the Lake Erie and Western road. Mr. Casterline had the approval of the Fort Wayne Trades and Labor council. The chief deputy will receive \$1,500 per annum and the others will receive \$1,000 each. The entire force of deputies will be summoned to Mr. McAbee's office early next week to receive their instructions and to be assigned to the districts of which they will be in charge. The inspection department has prepared a list of rules and instructions for the guidance of factory owners. These instructions place particular emphasis on the increasing number of elevator accidents and urge that factory owners see that elevator shafts are inclosed and that the single-cable elevator be dispensed with. The instructions also refer to emery wheels that revolve at high speed, urging that safety flanges be placed on them. Rules for sanitation of bakeries and other food-producing establishments will soon be sent out from Mr. McAbee's office.

COL. M. V. WALSH SELECTED

FORT WAYNE MAN HONORED BY
GOV. DURBIN.Former Wayne Township Assessor a
Delegate to National Civic
Federation Meeting.

[Special to The Sentinel.] Indianapolis, Ind., May 18.—Governor Durbin this afternoon announced the appointment of M. V. Walsh, of Fort Wayne, as a delegate to the meeting of the National Civic Federation to be held at Buffalo, N. Y. He will be one of the representatives of the state of Indiana in that body.

Dr. and Mrs. E. F. Sites have taken up their residence with Mrs. Sites' father, J. C. Pfeiffer, in the northern part of the city, where they will reside until their new residence is erected at 208 West Wayne street.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

ALBANY STRIKE IS SETTLED

TRACTION MEN RETURNED TO
WORK AT NOON.Corporation and Employees Finally
Reach an Agreement and the
Fight is Ended.

Albany, N. Y., May 18.—The street railway employees' strike, which was inaugurated eleven days ago on the lines of the United Traction company in Albany, Troy, Cohoes, Rensselaer and Watervliet, is at an end, and operations on the entire system were resumed at noon today.

There have been concessions on both sides and an agreement was reached early today at a conference at which both the corporation and the operatives were represented, under which it should be possible to avoid strikes in the future. The company on its part agrees to receive representations regarding grievances from any committee of its employees, representing organized or unorganized labor; that men suspended or discharged by the superintendent shall be entitled to appeal to the executive committee of the company; that in case employees can disprove charges under which they were suspended or discharged they shall be entitled to pay for the time they were idle during such suspension or discharge, and that there will be no discrimination against any of the men who engaged in the strike except those guilty of unlawful or riotous acts.

The company reserves the right to employ union or non-union men and to discharge employees for cause.

The wages of all the motor engineers, conductors, linemen and pitmen is to be 20 cents per hour, and of pitmen helpers 17½ cents per hour.

The men agree that no proposition for a strike shall be acted upon by any division at the same meeting at which it is introduced, but that at least forty-eight hours shall elapse before such proposition shall be voted upon, and that if a strike shall be ordered it shall not take effect until at least six days have elapsed after notice to the company, during which time the employees shall continue their work.

The non-union men brought here to all the places of the strikers will unquestionably withdraw, although the formal agreement does not mention them.

BUILD BELT AROUND CITY

PLAN OF THE SOUTHWESTERN
TRACTION COMPANY.It Will Soon Ask for a Franchise—
Would Provide Terminals for
All Interurban Lines.

An electric belt line to encircle Fort Wayne is the latest plan of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company, and W. S. Reed, the manager of the Southwestern company, announces that within a few days his company will ask the city council for a franchise to permit the construction of the new line.

Mr. Reed is not ready to outline the route over which a franchise will be requested, but it will necessarily have to skirt the city near the corporate limits, as the principal idea of the new project is to provide an entrance into Fort Wayne for any interurban lines that may be constructed. It is pointed out that means of entrance to the city will be practically occupied when two or three interurban lines are constructed, whereas the belt line proposed by the Southwestern would be open to all roads desiring to enter the city. It would also furnish terminal facilities for the incoming lines.

SIGHT RESTORED BY PRAYER.

Amesbury, Mass., May 18.—A peculiar case is the complete restoration of sight to Miss Alma Provencher, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Gillard Provencher, of this town.

The family, which consists of father and eight children, the mother having died some weeks ago, came here from Canada during the winter. Previous to leaving Canada the girl was stricken with some peculiar disease, which affected her eyes so as to cause her to become totally blind. The mother, who was a very religious woman, constantly prayed that her daughter's sight might be restored. As the mother was, she continued praying up to the time of her death. Alma had been treated by several doctors without success. At the time of the mother's death a friend in the home led the child to the death-bed and, lifting a lifeless hand to the eyes of the sightless child, passed the mother's fingers across the same several times.

The girl was soon able to distinguish light and has constantly improved, until now her sight is fully restored. Alma visits St. Joseph's cemetery nightly, where she offers a prayer for her mother's grave in re-

I Have Disposed of My Store
at No. 27 W. Columbia St.,and have bought and will continue
the business of

The Late Firm of J. P. Ross & Co.,

Located at the Corner of Main Street and Maiden Lane.

Hotel known as the ROSS HOUSE has been renovated and refurnished throughout, and new stock has been purchased and already placed in the

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Will strive to make this year's business the biggest in the history of the well known firm.

BURT ROSS.

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You realize the necessity of protecting your house with good paint, but you do not realize the necessity of protecting yourself against poor paint. It all looks alike in the can, but one kind comes off, the other stays on; one kind soon looks shabby, the other keeps new. The kind that holds on strongest, looks new longest, is

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38 AND 40 E. COLUMBIA ST. FORT WAYNE, IND.turn for the many prayers offered in
her behalf.

UNCONSCIOUS IN A DITCH

MRS. BIXLER FOUND NEAR THE
BROOKSIDE FARM.

It was reported at police station last night that Mrs. William Bixler, wife of the old man sentenced to twenty days in jail yesterday for secreting stolen property, had left her home last night in her night clothes and had not since been seen. She left her home about 3 o'clock and had slipped away unnoticed by any of the family. This morning passers-by found the old lady lying unconscious in a ditch by the roadside near Brookside farm. She was taken care of temporarily and the sheriff's office was notified. The sheriff sent a deputy out to take care of her and she was removed to her residence, corner of Runyon avenue and Spring street. Ever since her family became involved in trouble last winter Mrs. Bixler has been showing evidences of failing mind and last night's escapade was the culmination. At this writing the old lady's condition is very precarious and the attending physicians express no hope for her recovery.

CHAIR OF DENTAL SURGERY

ADDED TO FORT WAYNE COL-
LEGE OF MEDICINE.Dental Coterie Has Selected Dr. W.
W. Mungen to Fill the New
Place in the Faculty.

Dr. W. W. Mungen, one of the best known dental surgeons in the city, was last night elected to occupy the chair of dental surgery in the Fort Wayne College of Medicine.

At the recent meeting of the college faculty it was determined to take a step forward and provide special instruction in dental surgery, in accordance with the most advanced of the educational institutions, and arrangements were made to add the chair of dental surgery. The faculty at the same time requested the Isaac Knapp Dental coterie, the local association of dentists, to designate one of its number to fill the college chair. The society at its meeting with Dr. M. I. Rosenthal Friday evening selected Dr. W. W. Mungen for this honor.

Dr. Mungen accepted the honor and will begin his lectures at the opening of the next college term.

Henry Baker, a Barr street saloon-keeper, was Friday fined in Huser's court for selling liquor without a license.

STANLEY HELD UNDER BONDS

NOT CLEARED OF DEATH OF
FATHER PHILLIPS.His Attorneys Issue a Statement of
Defense of Dead Priest's
Character.

New York, May 18.—Kirk Stanley, the massager in whose rooms the body of Rev. Edward Phillips, of Hazleton, Pa., was found Thursday night, was arraigned today before Coroner Bausch, who held him in \$10,000 bonds for examination next Wednesday.

Levey and Unger, the attorneys for Stanley, issued the following statement today:

"After a thorough and conscientious examination into the facts of this case, we state unequivocally that there was no immorality, actively or suggestively, in the conduct of the unfortunate priest. The temporary unusual abuse of stimulants on his part is the sum total of any weakness with what he can be charged. His life was morally pure and we deplore any suggestion to the contrary in an irresponsible moment by a rum-crazed unfortunate. If any women were in that flat they were there before the arrival of Father Phillips, and had departed long before he arrived, nor did he see any women while there."

LOCAL NEWS.

Justice France last Saturday fined Martin Baker, of Woodburn, \$1 and costs for assault and battery on George Miller. Miller was then fined a like amount for provoking Baker.

Walter A. Rogers, of Chicago, a member of the firm of Bates & Rogers, railway builders, was in the city yesterday. Bates & Rogers have the contract of building the Fort Wayne-Butler line for the Wabash company and Mr. Rogers' mission was in that connection. He is looking over the field with a view of placing a contract for crushed stone, which is to be used as ballast on the new line. Mr. Rogers says that the work of building the road will be crowded forward with all possible speed and the fact that he wants delivery of crushed stone to commence within the next two weeks indicates that ballasting will proceed in connection with track building, and that the road will be ready for heavy traffic the minute the rails are in position. This plan was followed in the construction of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western and found much better than the old method of completing track laying and then commencing ballasting.

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Photo by Baker, Columbus.

MISS HELEN DESHLER, WHO CHRISTENED BATTLESHIP OHIO.

tleship. They saw lying there a great shape of steel, ready for the sea.

LAY IN HER CRADLE.

The greater part of the superstructure of the ship wherein the Ohio was built had been removed. The battle craft lay in her great wooden, shoe-like cradle on the slippery ways. Toward the stern the ribs of the cradle ran well up the sides, shortening toward the forward end of the ship and disappearing.

Tall shores, reaching from their firm foundations in the earth to the decks of the ship, were standing close along her sides. On a table on the stand near by was an electrical instrument. The pressing of a button meant the launching of the ship.

The ceremonies were simple, but significant. There was the formal exchange of acceptances on the part of the government and then, the tide having reached its flood, the word was given. The bottle of California champagne depended from the bow by ribbons of red, white and blue braided into a rope.

The hour had come. At 12:26

splitting of timbers gave warning that the cradle was being released down to the restraining block or shore dog. A tugboat and launch patrolled the channel in front of the ways and took final soundings to make certain that all was clear.

SEATS FOR THE GUESTS.

The launching platform had been enlarged somewhat to admit of the seating on the south side of about 20 people. On the platform there was standing room for 150 more. In the lower yard a number of seats were put in place for guests fortunate enough to hold general admission invitations.

To the east of the ways were anchored the barges of the Ohio society with a seating capacity for 800 persons.

The broad hull of the Ohio looked anything but pretty, but the lines of the signal flags and large national banners strung and set fore and aft softened the grim outlines, and when the ship took the water a number of men on the decks waved small American flags with which they had

INFLUENCE OF COMETS

THEIR SUPPOSED RELATION TO FLOODS, DROUGHTS AND OTHER DISASTERS.

The announcement a week or so ago by the press of the country that a new comet had come to visit our planetary system has aroused an interest in these astronomical freaks of varying intensity, according as the interested mind is prone to superstition or to rationalization. It is reported that this celestial traveler is visible at Cape Town, and to various other parts of the world, which means that the chances are the comet will not be visible from any part of the United States. Nevertheless, comets have been seen by Americans still youthful, and once seen are never forgotten, and are always objects of more than passing interest to everyone.

The stars and planets have ever exerted universal fascination. Their immensity as to distance, velocity and volume has always appealed irresistibly to our sense of wonderment, which increases in proportion to our ignorance. No phenomena of the heavens have appealed so strongly to our imagination and curiosity as comets, and there is no heavenly body which has received careful study which has yielded so little knowledge as to its nature, purpose and composition.

The history of the comet is practically a history of what the ancients thought about it, a mass of useless, irrational superstition and myth, which the invention of the telescope has scarcely been able to entirely destroy. It is a pity that anything so interesting as a comet should offer nothing, or next to nothing, of positive knowledge, leaving curious man to satisfy himself as best he can with theorizing. One astronomical savant bobs up and tells us all about his theory, which other starchy experts proceed to pick to pieces, while the ever-patient and long-suffering public keeps on hoping that before death comes its curiosity concerning these celestial visitors will be satisfied.

The telescope, has, however, revealed the fact that comets are constructed practically alike; that is, that they have a nucleus, a coma, and may or may not have a tail. When they do not appear to have a tail it is because the brilliancy of the comet is so faint, or because the comet is so far off that the tail is not visible to the telescope. This is the explanation offered.

There are various theories as to the composition of the comet. Some astronomers regard it as a sort of disarticulated nebula which got lost in some way, and not having density enough to hold its own, becomes the sport of every compact body into whose orbit it happens to whirl. Even its nebulous hypothesis is open to theorizing. It is not known whether a comet is a solid, of exceedingly density, but of small volume, or whether it is a solid mass of extremely light and airy compaction, so light, in fact, as to be unable to produce any disturbance in a planet into whose orbit or vicinity it may chance to come. Still other authorities regard the comet as a small mass of matter in a state of transformation, in which the nebula is the most condensed part, but still diaphanous, and surrounded by a cloud of matter of the same composition as the nebula; that is, the coma; but between the particles of which there is considerable space. This is the latest and perhaps the best explanation offered as to the physical character of the comet. Because the tail of the comet is always directed in a line opposite to the sun it is argued that it is simply the light of the sun shining through the nebulous nucleus and coma upon a train of exceedingly fine cometary matter which trails along after the head for millions of miles in space.

The appearance of a comet has ever filled men with foreboding. In ancient times it was regarded as an omen of evil, a harbinger of disaster and death, either to the nation or to some illustrious personage as the king or ruler. It never was a welcomed visitor, except to the astronomer. As recent as 1843 the great comet of that year brooded like an evil spirit over the minds of Europeans. This comet was, perhaps, the largest one that had been seen since the dawn of history. It was of great brilliancy and its tail extended almost from horizon to horizon.

Every description of influence has been attributed to comets. Droughts, epidemics, weather conditions, dry fogs, etc., have been laid to the charge of a comet.

In 1783 there was what was called a dry fog, which settled upon a vast area of the earth's surface and which presented some curious manifestations. It came all at once and on the same day. It lasted a month and was apparently not due to the action of winds which might have carried it to these places. It was so dense that objects only a few yards away could not be seen at all. There was a bluish color to the haze and a faint luminosity. It was as dense on the top of the Alps as at the sea level, and succeeded in inspiring awe and

terror to pretty much everyone in Europe. Wise men and astronomers were appealed to for an explanation of this strange phenomena. Finally it was explained that the earth was passing through a portion of the tail of a comet and that the dry dust which hung motionless over the land was composed of particles of comet matter which became luminous when the sun shone upon it. Vegetation shriveled and died. Moisture everywhere was licked up. Finally the eyes, nostrils, throat and skin of the people became parched and dry and much suffering ensued. But epidemics and other diseases which depend upon moisture for their development vanished like mist before the wind.

Great floods were attributed in early days to cometary influence. It has even been offered that at the time of the great flood, in which Noah figured so conspicuously, the cause of it was due to a comet of huge proportions which had come very close to the earth. Every time a comet appears there is talk about the earth running into a comet, and various speculations are discussed as to the probable effect on society if that event should take place. Affairs would at least be on a more social level. In 1873 there was a large comet visible throughout the United States which lasted for several weeks. When it disappeared beyond the horizon it was followed by a lighting up of the heavens, which lasted well on into the night. Some of the most marvelous northern light phenomena took place night after night for a considerable period after the comet had disappeared. Somehow the report got abroad that these illuminations were due to the tail of that comet through which the earth was then passing. There was another large comet, of great brilliancy, which appeared to view in this country in 1865, and to many minds the assassination of President Lincoln was inspired by its visitation. This was a revival of the ancient superstition mentioned above and is interesting as showing the tenacity of superstition.

There is, perhaps, no science which has made greater strides during the last century than astronomy, and yet, in respect to the nature and composition of cometary bodies, little advance has been made. Mankind is still in the wonder stage, that stage so conducive to superstition in which supernatural agencies come so naturally as explanations of natural phenomena when positive knowledge is lacking. Popular curiosity will never be satisfied with theorizing. We want to know. We are animated interrogation points. We will not be satisfied until we know why some comets have an elliptical orbit and why others have a parabolic one, and why the latter may, for a brief moment, shoot athwart the heavens and then shoot off again into infinite space and disappear never to return, but go on forever into endless space without cessation and without end. The thought is bewildering and fatuously fascinating to public curiosity which cannot be satisfied with theory. The world-old question is still with us. What is a comet?

BUFFALOES DO NOT FIGHT.

"Here is something that makes me mighty tired," said an old Kansan, as he exhibited a magazine article about buffalo killing in the early days. "This writer talks about the danger the hunter was always in from wounded bulls that would turn on him and fight. I never knew a buffalo to turn and fight in my life. I have heard yarns about such cases, but I never believed them. I have talked with hundreds of buffalo hunters and I never knew one who had been put in danger by a wounded buffalo bull. And this fellow tells about the number of hunters who lost their lives from rattlesnake bite. Did you ever know positively of a man in Kansas who died from the bite of a rattlesnake? I never did. I have known of dozens who were bit, but never one who died from the bite. I believe that nine out of ten men will recover from a rattlesnake bite without the use of any remedy whatever. I had a dog which was bitten scores of times. He never had any treatment except that which he gave himself by rubbing the bitten place in mud and water. When that dog was bit he would make a race for the nearest creek, and after paddling around there an hour or so would come home badly swollen up but out of danger."

Which reminds us of a remark made by Professor Dyche, the mighty hunter of the State university. Dyche has killed bears all over the American continent, and one day when someone passed a remark about the danger of the sport he said: "I never had a wounded bear turn on me to show fight and I have wounded dozens of them. Once in the northwest I wounded a grizzly and

he stood looking at me irresolutely for a few seconds, growling and showing his teeth, but he did not charge, though he had the best chance in the world. I took my time and knocked him over with another shot, and that's the nearest any of my bears ever came to showing fight. A bear is something like a big Newfoundland puppy and about as inconsequential."—Kansas City Journal.

Ascension Island, the British station in the south Atlantic, has just been connected by cable with Sierra Leone and thereby with England.

WONDERS OF THE FLEA

(Martha McCulloch Williams in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.)

The flea possesses all the piratical instincts—bloodthirst, rapacity, cruelty. He is, further, as ingenious in devising tortures as he is untiring in the torment of his victims. Possibly it comes from acting out the nature with which he finds himself endowed.

The wicked flea is built upon lines that make him forever hungry. The more rapaciously he sucks blood, the faster it is voided. In his case, indeed, appetite grows by what he feeds on. In the feeding he assimilates infinitesimally, thereby growing after a few days of plenty less a starveling atomy. But his continuous performance appetite is far from being the oddest thing about him. Proportionately to size, he is the Samson of the universe. If an elephant had the same relative strength he could come near to oversetting a steel-framed skyscraper. A flea, wingless, with a body out of all proportion to his head, and all over less than the sixteenth of an inch in length, will leap upon a strict plane surface over a yard. This, too, when he has been hatched in hair, or straw, or sand, and never known what it was to have a full meal. He makes the distance in a position analogous to the human standing broad jump. Give him the advantage of leaping downward, and he will easily cover six feet. More marvelous still, he will spring perpendicularly upward from one to two feet. Fancy a man or boy standing flat-footed and all of a sudden leaping over a church spire.

Wonderful things have been done with fleas. They have been put into gold collars and set to drag about lengths of gold chain at least 100 times their own weight. Further, an ingenious goldsmith back in the leisurely seventeenth century made a coach and four in ivory and gold, with a coachman upon the box, postilion and outriders, yet all so tiny it was dragged by a pair of educated fleas, working in gold collars. They worked under a bell glass, and were exhibited in London and Paris. When their owner fed them it was by setting them on his own wrist and letting them bite their fill. If the coach in motion was looked at through a magnifying glass it is said the rate of progress appeared equal to fast post horses.

To fight like cats and dogs is the synonym of continuing strife, but even cats and dogs do not fight so bitterly as cat fleas and dog fleas. Oddly enough, the cat fleas are bigger than the dog fleas, so should be always victorious. But here as elsewhere condition tells. If the cat fleas are lazy and luxurious—fat they can never grow—the small, lean, keen-beaked dog fleas kill them out. The combatants stand up to fight like a pair of prize-ring ornaments. As they have six legs, they have plenty to stand on and still spare a couple with which to belabor each other. Upon neutral ground, as a floor or walk, the cat and dog fleas keep the peace. But let one invade a litter, or a coat sacred to the other, and there is straightway a fight to a finish.

HERMITS IN LARGE TOWNS.

A newspaper the other day recorded an anecdote about a prominent western physician on his first visit here. His dinner companion asked him what interested him most in the streets of the city, and the physician replied the fact that so many persons were encountered who were talking to themselves. He could not explain the phenomenon to his own satisfaction, and ventured the opinion that it was because people were so busy and carried their cares about with them. At least he could think of no other reason. Possibly it is because a great city is such a solitary place for many, and solitude, of course, promotes self-communing.

Many a person here is more truly a hermit, cut off by inclination or circumstance from his fellows, than some recluses who live an ostentatious life of isolation. They pass their fellows on the street mutually unknown. Many persons have no friends; some have no desire to make any; others, probably with a gregarious instinct, are too diffident to push an acquaintance. So they talk to themselves as men in a desert learn to talk to themselves. In a smaller place acquaintances would jolt a man out of the habit of talking to himself on the streets, but here nobody cares. —New York Commercial Advertiser.

BANK'S DORMANT FUNDS

Savings Institutions Experience Great Trouble With Inactive Deposits.

(New York Mail and Express.)

Contrary to general supposition, the savings banks don't want dormant accounts. Every dollar a bank takes in is a lien on it until it is paid out. It can never be sure that a deposit will not be called for with proper credentials. Therefore, it must stand ready to pay out at any moment the money that lies inactive in its vaults. Many savings banks have men tracing these accounts and in this investigation odd things frequently come to the surface.

Particularly interesting were the developments in one such case which recently rewarded the investigation of the Greenwich savings bank. The deposit in this case was made in 1833, two years after the founding of that institution. In that year a woman living on Eldridge street placed a small sum of money in its care. She left her book at the bank, with instructions not to pay the money to anybody but herself. Nothing more was heard of the woman. In the course of time, but not for some forty years, the deposit was transferred from the active to the dormant account. By then it had grown to \$1,700.

Recently a search was made for the owner of the money. After much trouble it was ascertained that she had died in 1880. But she had developed miserly traits and those who had known her did not suspect that she had a balance in the bank. For a considerable period prior to her death she had lived on charity. A woman was found who had supplied the old woman with food and on her deathbed with delicacies.

ANOTHER DISCOVERY.

But a more surprising discovery was made. It was learned that the old woman was the aunt of a president of a street railway. This man was dead, but had left a son, and between this son, a man of wealth, and another nephew, the \$1,700 was divided.

A more touching incident was one which came to the notice of a former president (now dead) of the Brooklyn savings bank. A woman, then a domestic in Brooklyn, made a deposit in that institution many years ago. The sum was about \$400. Shortly afterward she removed from Brooklyn to a New Jersey city, not far away. For many years thereafter no call was made for the money, which, in the usual lapse of time—twenty years—was transferred to the dormant fund.

One day, a generation after the deposit was made, a fragile old woman came to the bank. She inquired of the president whether her money was still there. In response to his inquiries she told him that she was the domestic who had made the deposit, but that, after she had gone into New Jersey, she had never, until then, paid New York a visit.

"I thought," she said, in an apologetic manner, "you might have the money yet."

"We have," was the answer. The president called a clerk and told him to calculate interest on the money down to that time. The clerk soon returned with a slip on which were his calculations.

"How much do you think is coming to you?" asked the president.

"Well," she replied, "I left \$400 with you. Oughtn't I get it?"

"There is \$3,000 to your credit." The woman half arose from her chair, with mouth and eyes open in amazement. "Three—thou—Did you say \$3,000?" she asked.

"Yes; it's all yours. You can have it at any time."

She fell back in her chair with unspeakable joy on her face. When she recovered her composure, "I won't have to work any more," she said.

A QUEER CASE.

Recently the account of Mrs. Margaret Daly with the Greenwich bank was closed. Mrs. Daly deposited several hundred dollars in 1855. Five or six years later she died. Since then the money has lain unmolested in the bank. Recently a fresh effort to find her heirs was made. In this investigation about 100 letters were written by the bank. But the effort was successful. A grandniece of Mrs. Daly was found and the deposit with accumulated interest will soon be paid to her. It was learned that Mrs. Daly had some real estate and her heirs supposed that that was all her fortune.

Still another case of interest has been unearthed by this same bank. A merchant of this city died in the early fifties. His assignee deposited the proceeds of the sale of the goods, but died a year later before he made a payment. From that time the money has been in the bank, but recently a list of creditors was found. There were fifteen of these, some of whom have in the meantime become merchant princes here and in Philadelphia and Syracuse. Of the creditors most were relatives of the bankrupt.

There is now perhaps \$1,500 await-

ing distribution and some of the merchant princes will get as much as \$25 in settlement of a debt half a century old.

The largest dormant fund in this city is held by the Seamen's savings bank. It amounts to more than \$200,000 and was largely deposited by sailors who were never heard of after making the deposit. Undoubtedly many of these were lost at sea, but the money will always be in the bank awaiting their return, but they must return in flesh and blood. Their bank book, at least, must not be ghostly.

TOLSTOI'S NEW NOVEL

In spite of excommunication, the thunders of the church and rumors of banishment, Count Tolstoi has been composedly preparing to enlighten the world with a new novel. The correspondent of the London Daily News has just telegraphed to his paper some particulars of this book, a portion of which has lately been read at a public gathering in Moscow in aid of a charity. The title is "Who Is Right?" The plot, as given by the Daily News correspondent and quoted in the Academy, is as follows:

Vladimir Ivanovich Spessivtzeff, who is employed at the ministry of agriculture, has been spending some time abroad with his wife, Maria Nikolaievna, and his sixteen-year-old daughter Vera. In the autumn they return to Russia, and on the way to St. Petersburg visit a brother-in-law, Anatol Dimitritovich Lischin, who is a district president in one of the governments which have greatly suffered from bad harvests. The first conversation among the relatives does not prove altogether agreeable. The liberalism of the sixties is touched upon superficially. Lischin feels insulted at the self-conscious, incautious tone of Spessivtzeff, and this meeting places their by no means friendly relations in a very glaring light. During this time a conversation is being carried on in the bedroom between the ladies, while in the nursery the eldest son of the Lischin family is enchanted with his cousin Vera, a girl full of life, with sparkling eyes and beautiful teeth. The youngest boy, of six years, red-cheeked and hearty, does not take part in the conversation. He is listening for the dinner bell, which will not ring. A neighbor, a prince, is expected for a shooting party, which has been arranged for the morrow. Men and women cooks are doing their best to catch the fowls, a difficult piece of work, but they succeed at last. In the yard stands a peasant offering for sale a sheep, which he at last parts with for 1 ruble 80 copecks, and which is destined to appear at table. During dinner the prince appears, and every endeavor is made to be pleasant to him. The next morning they set off on slippery roads for the shooting. On the way a conversation springs up about the conditions under which the peasant population lives, about bad harvests and the organization of relief. Vera, who is accustomed to having attention paid her on all sides, feels bored; the conversation does not interest her. Only when she hears that it is intended to organize help for the suffering peasantry, and that she can take part in it, does she become lively again. She finally receives permission to remain three weeks with the Lischins. The young and lively girl looks forward to her impending activity as to a partie de plaisir, and at the end of the three weeks, when her old nurse comes to fetch her, she will not return home at any price. In consequence there is a scene at home between the parents, and the father tries to bring his influence to bear upon his daughter, but in vain. It appears that Vera's feelings and views—her whole nature, in short—have undergone a radical change. She refuses to leave people among whom she has an opportunity to work for the good of her neighbor, and where she can prove herself to be a useful member of human society. Moreover, she repudiates the idea of returning to surroundings where she would be condemned to idle inaction and a mere vegetative existence. This transformation is said to be painted in a masterly way by Count Tolstoi, especially from a psychological point of view.

CLEANING THE CLOCK.

A farmer has an ambitious son, twelve years old, who, being left alone for a few hours the other day, tried to clean the clock. He easily got the clock to pieces, but his difficulty lay in putting it together again after cleaning.

At this task he was only partly successful, and upon his father's return home he eagerly exclaimed: "Father, I've cleaned the clock and got enough works left over to make another one!"—Exchange.

A big drop in Meissoniers is reported from Paris. At the Hotel Drouot lately thirty pictures and sketches brought only \$8,800. Among them were "The Guide," sold soon after the artist's death for \$11,600, which went for \$3,400, and "The Hussar," sold for \$700 instead of the \$1,700 it cost.

THE ELECTION OF A POPE

THE COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS FOLLOWED BY THE CARDINALS IN SECRET CONCLAVE.

The election of the successor to Pope Leo XIII., in the event of the latter's decease, will cause the eyes of the entire Christian world to center, with more or less of interest, on Rome. As many details of a papal election may be unknown to the great mass of people, the following account of the function will prove interesting. Probably no one need be told that at the death of a pope the cardinals who are then present in Rome assemble and choose one among their number to fill the chair of Saint Peter. This reunion is called the conclave (cum clavis—under lock and key), because the cardinals are carefully locked up until after the proclamation of the name chosen. The regular number of cardinals composing the Sacred college is seventy, but it is rare that more than sixty are present; many are absent from Rome, and ordinarily the conclave is composed of only forty or forty-five. Unless some departure from the customary usage be made in the next papal election, the following will be the ceremonies observed:

The morning following the funeral of the deceased pope the cardinals assemble at the pontifical palace. On reaching the Pauline chapel the apostolic bull will be read, convening the conclave, and the cardinals will take the required oath, swearing to elect the most worthy among their number. They then proceed to their respective cells, where they receive the visits of diplomats, of officials, and of the Roman nobility, with a crowd of distinguished persons. During the night (nearly at midnight) the signal is given, repeated three times at half-hour intervals, and all strangers leave the conclave. The key is then turned on the various cardinals, who remain thus in their cells, in company with certain of their attendants, while, without the cells, is stationed the guardian of the conclave, known as the perpetual marshal, or governor of the Holy Church.

Along a vast gallery the two rows of cells are ranged, separated by a corridor for service. Each cell is formed of thin wooden partitions, and is furnished or decorated, according to the taste of the occupant, in green or violet serge, and with his coat-of-arms above the door. In conformity with the apostolic constitution these cells must be of uniform size, and placed upon the same line upon the same floor. Each cell contains a small room for the cardinal and a retreat for his conclavists and assistants.

They have no chimneys, and are warmed from the large hall outside. Should the time be winter, all the windows are blocked up, with the exception of a single pane of glass, and in each retreat there is almost entire obscurity. In summer the windows open upon a court or garden. Each cell has about forty square yards of space. They are drawn by lot, and it is not rare to find cardinals of opposite opinion beside each other.

Then, owing to the thinness of the partitions, great precautions are taken not to be overheard on the other side. In his cell the cardinal is assisted by his secretary and a gentleman, who are called conclavists. The cardinals who have the rank of princes are entitled to three. This service obliges the holder to perform the duties of a domestic, which, however, does not deter young prelates from eagerly seeking the position. A sacristan and sub-sacristan, a confessor, a sacristan of the college, four masters of ceremonies, two doctors, two apothecaries, two barbers, with two aids, a mason, a carpenter and twelve facchini—valets dressed in violet costume—compose the service of the conclave. When the cardinals have entered their cells, after being solemnly warned to withdraw if they do not feel strong enough to hold out to the end of the election, all doors are locked, and the college is cum clavis, or in conclave. All the avenues are guarded within and without as far as the Castle of St. Angelo, and throughout the Via Longata. It is by the towers of the palace that food is brought in, and it is by them that communication is held with the ambassadors without, in presence and with the authorization of the chefs d'ordre, placed under the control of the High Cardinal Camerlengo, who exercises papal authority during the interim. If a cardinal is taken sick he can leave the conclave, but cannot enter it again. The apostolic chamber pays all expenses, provides for the cardinals' tables, gives them service, except when, as is generally the case, they prefer to be waited on by their own servants.

The transport of the dinners forms a long cortege. On arriving at the Vatican each chef names his own master, and the doors are opened to him, but he is always under guard and all the articles of food are examined. The guards have the

right to open the fowls, the ples, the game, and the fish, all that can contain a secret communication. The glasses and bottles must be transparent. The dishes must have no suspicion of false bottoms. Everything is minutely examined and probed. But it is said that, in spite of these precautions, it is by the ailments that secret communications are conveyed, and that the dishes have been made to represent a hieroglyphic alphabet. The dessert is rumored to be, above all, rich in emblems, and the fruits may have a peculiar language.

It is said that a piece of news once transmitted in a nutshell destroyed the chances of a man who would have been elected, and overturned the combination. A French ambassador is rumored to have been the author of this ruse. It is in the famous Sistine chapel that the votes are placed after being taken, with a thousand precautions, from the cardinals. Each vote, prepared in advance by the conclavists, contains the name of the candidate and of the voter, with a particular device, which is also written upon the outside. The votes of sick candidates are brought by infirmiers; the others are delivered in person, and placed in a locked box. In the chapel they are received in the presence of many people, and great care is taken to prevent fraud.

To be elected pope two-thirds of the votes are necessary. The votes annulled are immediately burned, and a faint smoke arising from a certain chimney in the Vatican is the sign to the lynx-eyed populace waiting in the open place in front of St. Peter's that the votes have been taken.

TEA CULTURE IN AMERICA.

A deal of humor has been expended on American tea gardens and no man was more ridiculed than William G. LeDue, of Minnesota, for expressing the belief when he had charge of the old agricultural bureau that American tea drinkers would one day be getting all the tea they want out of American soil. The South Carolina tea culture has been often described, but Mrs. Ellis writes in a more hopeful vein than others.

After inaugurating tea culture in 1881 the government gave it up in 1883 on the ground that climatic conditions were unfavorable. Dr. Shepard, a gentleman of culture, then undertook to produce the tea and was aided by the government with tea seed from Asia. Near Summerville, S. C., he has shown that the tea plant can be successfully cultivated in the south Atlantic section of this country and tea made commercially profitable. He has overcome all alleged climatic difficulties and tested all available varieties of tea and soils. Dr. Shepard has seventy-five acres planted to tea and other tea gardens have been opened. It costs 27½ cents a pound to produce the American tea and he sells it (at retail) at \$1 a pound. He expects to reduce the cost of production to 14 cents are long. At the wholesale selling price of 50 cents a pound the producer gets a profit of 22½ cents a pound. It is shown that, with some varieties, the profit per acre is nearly \$70, while \$40 is a usual profit per acre. The prospect of raising tea for home consumption is apparently good. We consume nearly 93,000,000 pounds a year of tea. If we produced it a new and profitable industry, employing many thousands of people, would be established. The feat does not seem impossible of accomplishment.—Review of Reviews.

GOLD ALONG THE POTOMAC.

There are said to be no less than six gold mines in operation along the Potomac river within walking distance of the capital. Prospecting is now going on from a point near Georgetown up the river to beyond Great Falls. It is said the Montgomery mine, on Rock run, has produced nuggets weighing three ounces. The Harrison property, near the Conduit road, is reported to have yielded gold, assaying almost \$30 per ton. The local belt is about eight miles wide, running northeast and southwest, following the Potomac. It is part of the auriferous deposits of the Appalachian mountains, known about Spottsylvania county, Va., since colonial times. Between 1829 and 1854 records of the mint show about \$1,500,000 of gold to have been sent from Virginia. Since the war, it is said, hardly more than \$15,000 a year has been sent.—Baltimore Sun.

THE CARES OF RICHES.

"Do you find the possession of a large sum of money occasions worry?" said the inquisitive man. "I do," answered the millionaire. "What sort of worry?" "Worry for fear somebody is going to get it away from me."—Washington Star.

FATAL TO THREE

VIOLENCE OF ALBANY STRIKE
CAUSES DEATH.

TROOPS FIRE INTO CROWDS

BULLETS STRIKE INNOCENT BY-
STANDERS.

A PROMINENT CITIZEN SLAIN

AN EFFORT BEING MADE TO
SETTLE STRIKE.

Albany, N. Y., May 17.—Two dead, one dying and sixteen suffering from injuries more or less severe is the record at 9 o'clock today of the casualties occurring from the strike of United Traction company employees in this city. Of the three men who were wounded by the fire of the national guardsmen yesterday William Walsh and E. Leroy Smith are dead, while William Rooney's wound is not dangerous.

William Marshall, the non-union motorman whose skull was fractured by stones thrown by the mob that attacked the car he was taking out of the barn Tuesday, cannot recover.

Mr. Smith was prominent in business, political and social life here, and was the presiding officer at the last session of the American Whist congress.

Major General Roe, Brigadier General Oliver and Colonel Barnes, of the Twenty-third regiment, which did the fatal shooting, said today that, while they regretted the shooting, the soldiers had been ordered to stop mob violence and to shoot if attacked, and the only safety for peaceable citizens was to move away at the first indication of disorder.

The Ninth regiment of the national guard, which reached the city today, swells the number of troops in Albany to 3,000. The Ninth will be stationed in South Albany, where the United Traction company has a large power house.

Twenty-five non-union men who reached the city early in the day were escorted by a battalion of the Twenty-third regiment to the car barns.

The directors of the United Traction company went into conference at 11 o'clock to consider the situation. Meanwhile, no effort was made to operate cars.

A dispatch from Troy says that word has been received at the headquarters of the strikers from their representative in this city that the prospects for a settlement are so assuring that the strikers can prepare to go to work at 3 o'clock. The statement is premature.

The conference committee has adjourned without coming to any agreement, further than that the railway officers will meet a committee of the strikers at 4 o'clock for discussion.

HOME FROM LOGANSPOUT.

A large contingent of the Fort Wayne delegation to the G. A. R. encampment at Logansport returned to the city last Thursday. Explaining the failure to secure the next encampment for this city, they say they went to the encampment believing they had a clear field. It soon developed that Anderson was an aspirant for the meeting, setting forth the fact that Fort Wayne had entertained the gathering ten years ago, and that Anderson had not yet been given that privilege. The Anderson mayor made a ringing speech for his city, and Capt. A. H. Douglass presented Fort Wayne's invitation, but before the matter came to a vote Fort Wayne gracefully withdrew, leaving a clear field for the Madison county town.

BROKERAGE FIRM CLOSED.

Washington, May 17.—The doors of the office of the brokerage firm of Gurley & Johnson were not opened today. Mr. Gurley, the senior member of the firm, said:

"I know little more about the matter than any one else. My connection with the business has been entirely local. The trouble is due to the New York panic and the facts cannot be stated until the accounts bearing upon that end of the business are disentangled."

Mr. Gurley added that his partner, Mr. Johnson, had not been at his office today and that he did not know his whereabouts.

"I suspect," he said, "that he and our expert accountant are together making an effort to straighten out the books, but I don't know where they are."

He also said that the statement that the liabilities of the firm were \$100,000 was, in his opinion, substantially correct.

WAGNER-BOWEN WEDDING.

Last Thursday evening John B. Wagner and Miss Lillie Bowen were married at the home of the bride, corner of East Washington and Hanna streets. The ceremony was per-

formed by Rev. E. W. Allen, of the Jefferson Street Church of Christ, and the witnesses were the members of the families of the bride and groom and a few intimate friends. Following the ceremony and congratulations came a most sumptuous supper. The guests from abroad were Miss Rollie Libersberger, of Kalamazoo, and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Barnett, of Chicago. The bride was dressed in white and the floral decorations were lilies of the valley. Mr. and Mrs. Wagner will take a wedding trip later, possibly to the Pan-American exposition. Mr. Wagner is foreman of the Rhineland & Simonson factory and one of the best known young men in the city. Mrs. Wagner is also well known. For several years she was employed as a teacher in the public schools, retiring from that position last fall.

SEVEN WERE KILLED.

Fairmont, W. Va., May 18.—Carl Hunter, who was injured by the Farmington mine explosion yesterday, died late last night, making seven dead in all. Two others, Joe Blaney and Hershell Everson, are not expected to survive. Mine Inspector R. H. Thomas is making an examination today with a view of determining the responsibility for the disaster.

HERE'S A STORY FROM MUNCIE

L. E. AND W. SAID TO BE GROOMING FOR A FIGHT.

Report That Railroad Company Will Oppose New Line by Going Into Traction Business Itself.

(Muncie Times.)

It is rumored, and a man standing close to the Lake Erie company is authority, that the Lake Erie and Western railroad company will place an electric traction service on its road between this city and Fort Wayne to compete with the proposed Muncie-Hartford City-Fort Wayne line. The proposition, according to the report now in circulation, is to build an immense power house in this city and to establish an inter-urban service similar to those of other traction lines. The Muncie-Hartford City-Fort Wayne lines, according to the proposed plans, will touch about the same towns that are now being served by the Fort Wayne division of the Lake Erie and Western. It is said that if the Fort Wayne road is used for both electric and steam cars the power houses will be established and the rolling stock bought before the completion of the traction line north, in order to discourage any further work in that direction. Many think the plan wholly impracticable, however.

AFTER RIGHT-OF-WAY.

(Decatur Democrat.)
O. L. Swineford, James B. Stogdill, James J. Decker, of Willshire, Ohio, the latter being the genial editor of the Willshire Herald, and Alex. Johnson, of Chattanooga, Ohio, were in the city Monday afternoon in the interest of the Fort Wayne, Dayton and Cincinnati traction line, who are seeking the right-of-way from Dayton, through Celina, Chattanooga, Willshire, Pleasant Mills, to this city, on to Fort Wayne. It does not take longer than about seven weeks to divulge the merits of the line, especially to the business men and citizens of this city. It reaches a territory that will come to this city often with such an opportunity, and Decatur people will not be the least bit slow in helping the good work along. Correspondence has already been opened with Dr. George, president of the company, as to their needs and desires and we hope within a very short time to have the matter focused as a sure thing for this city.

SCHOOLS CLOSE JUNE 19.

Wednesday, June 19, will mark the closing of the Fort Wayne public schools for the present term and the commencement exercises of the high school will be held on the evening of that day. The commencement address will be delivered by President W. W. Parsons, of the state normal school, and about thirty-five pupils will receive diplomas.

WANT THE HICKSVILLE LINE.

(Hicksville News.)
The electric line from Fort Wayne to Huntington will be running by July. When they are done in that direction we hope they will try and revive the line to Hicksville. No one could want a better section of country to furnish patronage for such a line.

SPEAKS AT DELPHOS.

Dr. C. B. Stemen, of this city, has accepted an invitation to deliver the Decoration day address at Delphos, Ohio, near his old home.

Bishop Alverding administered the sacrament of confirmation at Decatur Thursday, the class of communicants numbering 116.

MAY BE A MURDER

REV. FATHER PHILLIPS FOUND
DEAD IN NEW YORK.

FAMOUS HAZLETON PRIEST

DECOMPOSED REMAINS FOUND
IN LODGING HOUSE.

WAS MISSING FOR MANY DAYS

MAN NAMED STANLEY IS HELD
BY THE POLICE.

New York, May 17.—The body of a man found late last night in a house in Ninth avenue has been identified as that of Rev. Edward S. Phillips, of St. Gabriel's church, Hazleton, Pa., who recently had a conference with J. Pierpont Morgan in reference to the threatened strike in the iron and coal regions of Pennsylvania.

The coroner says that the identification can hardly be questioned, as papers found on the body seem to prove it.

The police are working on what may prove to be a murder.

Kirk Stanley, a massage operator, in whose rooms the body was found, is under arrest as a suspicious person.

REMAINS DECOMPOSED.

Decomposition had advanced so far when the body was discovered that a cursory examination was not sufficient to reveal the cause of death, and an autopsy will be held.

Stanley has been subjected to a rigid examination and is said to have told conflicting stories. Mrs. Bernius, from whom Stanley leased four rooms, in one of which the body was found, says that her tenant claimed to be from San Francisco, and called himself "Dr. Stanley." He was accompanied by a young woman whom he introduced as his wife. The body was discovered by Mrs. Bernius' daughter, who went into Stanley's apartments to remove some bedding which was hanging out of the window. The police were immediately notified and a search of the body disclosed a number of papers. Among them was a letter from John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, and addressed to Rev. Dr. Edward S. Phillips, Hazleton, Pa.

There were also several telegrams from Mitchell addressed to the priest, a half fare railway coupon, such as is issued to clergymen, and several receipts made out in Dr. Phillips' name. It was made public for the first time after the identification of the body that two confidential alarms had been sent out by Captain of Detectives Titus for Mr. Phillips, who, according to this information, had been missing from his home in Hazleton since April 28.

The first alarm was sent out on May 8 and the second yesterday, and detectives from the Central office have been quietly searching the hotels and hospitals in this city for the mission clergyman.

Police Captain Donohue, after examining the body, the rooms and effects of the dead man, sent out a general alarm for the apprehension of Stanley.

STANLEY ARRESTED.
Shortly after midnight Stanley was seen walking through Fifth street. When he came to the corner of Ninth avenue, half a block from his apartments, he stopped. A policeman saw him. Stanley saw the policeman at the same moment and at once turned and walked rapidly through Fifth street towards Eighth avenue.

The policeman ran after him, and touching him on the shoulder, said the captain desired to see him. Stanley accompanied the policeman, and when he reached the station house was taken at once to Captain Donohue's private office. He and the captain were closeted together for more than an hour. The captain then took Stanley before Sergeant Shibley and told the sergeant to lock him up.

The prisoner seemed to be suffering from the effects of drink or drugs. His manner was that of a man who was badly dazed. He said his name was Kirk Stanley, and that he had come to this city about a year and a half ago. He said they called him doctor, but he had no diploma. He was a massage operator and intended to open an office here.

Captain Donohue was reticent in discussing the case. All that he would say was that the prisoner had made conflicting statements. He had denied knowing the man whose body was found in his rooms and said he had never seen him before, and that he did not know that there was a body there until told by the police.

The police are searching for the woman who was known as Stanley's wife. They say this woman left the house in Ninth avenue on May 9 and has not returned. Father Phillips disappeared on May 8.

Stanley was arraigned in police court and was remanded to the custody of the coroner. He refused to make any statement in court.

Stanley is said to have a wife and

twelve-year-old son living in San Francisco, and is said to have resided at the Palace hotel in that city. After coming to New York he frequently received \$100 checks from Alameda, Cal. He professed to cure rheumatism by the application of air at a temperature of about 400 degrees.

BORHAM DECLARED GUILTY

JURY CONVICTS SLIPPERY INDIVIDUAL.

Is Charged With Bringing Stolen Goods Into State—Will Rest for Six Months.

Thomas Borham, indicted for bringing stolen property into the county, was found guilty by the circuit court jury and his punishment was fixed at thirty days' imprisonment and the payment of \$1 fine. Last winter he came to town on a Grand Rapids train and upon its arrival he was arrested on complaint of a man named Sowers, who charged that he had robbed him of a pocketbook containing over \$100. The money was found on his person, but he explained that he had found it on the seat vacated by Sowers. Sowers, who lives in Huntington county, was willing to drop the matter provided he got his money back, as he did not want to stay here to prosecute the case. At police court after the money was returned, Borham was discharged with orders to get out of town at once. The next night the Log Cabin saloon was held up and the following day Detective Coling arrested Borham for vagrancy, he having refused to leave town as ordered. After his arrest the proprietor of the Log Cabin saloon identified him as the man who had held him up. Borham was tried on that charge, but was acquitted by Judge O'Rourke, whereupon he was rearrested on the charge upon which he was tried Thursday. He has been locked up for four months and fourteen days and the sentence received on Friday together with the costs will keep him in the county jail for about six months longer. The prisoner has quite a record, having been caught in crooked work at Racine, Wis.; Milwaukee, Grand Rapids and Flint, Mich., and some towns in Illinois. He was recently arrested in Chicago, but was kept just inside the law so that he escaped with very light punishment or none at all in each instance. He would have escaped here had he not got smart and told the officers that he proposed to stay in town until he got good and ready to leave. He is probably ready to leave now, but will be prevented by the lattice work on the jail entrance.

COURT NOTES.
Helen G. Trentman has instituted attachment proceedings against the Keeley Brewing Co. for \$450, money due for rent of the building at the corner of the Nickel Plate railroad and Calhoun street, occupied as a saloon by William Hatch.

The National Mutual Edge Co. sues the W. L. Carnahan Co. for \$500, alleging breach of contract. The complaint states that defendants ordered a lot of advertising matter which was prepared for them and which they subsequently failed to lift. The Woodburn district contest cases, six in number, have been docketed in the circuit court.

William Bixler entered a plea of guilty to secreting stolen property and threw himself on the mercy of the court. Judge O'Rourke took the prisoner's age into consideration and sentenced him to twenty days in the county jail.

The superior court after a recess of a week is again in session. In the case of the Great Western Manufacturing Co. vs. Marion Black, defendant's plea to a proposition to always managed to the amount of \$70 and costs, which proposition was accepted and judgment was rendered accordingly.

In the case of Jameson vs. the Union Life Insurance company, plaintiff filed a bill of exceptions.

The case of J. M. Vaughn vs. J. W. Palmer has been settled and dismissed. The damage proceedings of Great Park vs. the Pennsylvania company for \$10,000 have been transferred from the circuit court to the United States district court.

C. W. Edgerton has filed a final report as administrator of the estate of J. K. Edgerton and has been discharged.

HON. EDWIN F. UHL IS DEAD

SUCCUMBS AFTER HARD FIGHT WITH DISEASE.

Was Assistant Secretary of State and Ambassador to Germany Under Cleveland.

IN JUSTICES' COURTS.

Sheriff Stout returned from Greenville, Mo., at 5 o'clock Friday morning having in custody William Menor, the Monroville lumber manipulator, who faked himself Charles Page out of \$72 several weeks ago on a spurious lumber deal. Greenville is about 100 miles south of St. Louis. The prisoner came without requisition papers and immediately upon his arrival in the city he was taken before Justice France, who bound him over to the circuit court in the sum of \$300, in default of which bond he was sent to jail.

After a week or two of painful silence, it is to the front again with his regular quota of scraps. Constable Hagerty went to the enterprising town this morning and arrested Martin Baker, charged with committing assault and battery on George Miller. The trouble grew out of the recent election squabble and will be tried tomorrow morning.

NOTHING IN THE STORY.

Officials of the Fort Wayne Southwestern Traction company say they have no report printed in an evening paper to the effect that Matthew Slush, of Mt. Clemens, Mich., and C. R. Hannan, of Council Bluffs, Ia., had succeeded Messrs. Townsend & Reed as the promoters of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company. These gentlemen are and have been for years associated with Messrs. Townsend and Reed, the firm being Townsend, Reed & Co., and are financially interested in the Fort Wayne and Huntington line precisely as they have been in all other lines constructed by this firm. Their advent here is not a new departure, and the report that C. R. Miller is no longer interested in the company is also pronounced untrue.

President Cleveland later offered Mr. Uhl the post of ambassador to Germany and it was accepted. Mr. Uhl serving until President McKinley appointed his successor. While in Germany Mr. Uhl took a decided stand against "free silver" and withdrew his support from the democratic party in the campaign of '96. This greatly affected his party standing in Grand Rapids and when he returned home from Germany he retired from politics.

Mr. Uhl was married in 1865 and is survived by a widow and three daughters.

WORK AT HUNTINGTON.

(Huntington Herald.)
R. D. Smith today staked off the ground for the power house of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company, and Contractor Shutt will begin work on the excavation for the foundation of the first of the week. One mile of grading has already been done on the roadbed east of the Erie tracks for the traction line and work is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Baude, of 252 East Jefferson street—a daughter.

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Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Baude, of 252 East Jefferson street—a daughter.

Always Tired

Of course you are. Tired when you go to bed, tired when you get up, tired all the time.

Your doctor calls it nerve exhaustion, general debility. He recommends a nerve-lifter, a general tonic.

Ask him what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla for this. We are willing to leave the question with him. He knows all about our Sarsaparilla and what it will do.

For half-sick and half-well people there isn't a medicine its equal in the whole world.

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gave the name of May Roberts, and claimed to be a resident of Allen county, living east of the Summit City. She had been loitering about this place for two or three days, and one night took lodging at the city cooler, and during the darkness of another day clambered in a barn in the east part of town. Thursday morning three of the can brigade and the fair one began to have a time of their own. When the officers were called, they went to the scene and got a distant view of two young men, who were engaged in a struggle. May was one of the gallant boys, who did duty in the Philippines, and claims Milford as his home, stood their grounds. They were marched to the city and the young men were given a lecture and their freedom. May was lodged in the county jail and the town-ship trustee was sought, who furnished transportation to the next county seat east of here. The youths, no doubt, have learned a lesson.

AN EARTHQUAKE IN OHIO

MANY TOWNS SHAKEN BY THE CONVULSION.

Direction of the Undulation Was From West to East and the Waves Were Distinct.

Perrysburg, O., May 17.—An earthquake shock was felt here at 1 a. m. Houses were shaken as if by a heavy explosion. Hundreds of persons rushed into the streets in their nightclothes and it was some time before the excitement subsided. No serious damage was done. Wellington, O., May 17.—A most pronounced earthquake was felt here at 2 a. m. today. The first disturbance was of sufficient force to awaken many persons. It was followed by two hard convulsive tremors of the earth that displaced furniture in many houses. Huntington, W. Va., May 17.—A severe earthquake was felt here about 2 a. m. Zanesville, O., May 17.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here at 1 a. m. Troy, O., May 17.—An earthquake shock was felt here about 1 a. m. It passed directly west to east. A succession of violent undulations, almost merged, lasted thirty seconds. Many residents were aroused and not a few were nauseated by the rocking motion of the earth.

AN EAST SIDE W. C. T. U.

A new branch of the Women's Christian Temperance union was organized Thursday in the eastern part of the city by Mrs. M. C. Smith, the local president. It will be known as the East Side union and the officers chosen are as follows: President, Mrs. Barkley; vice president, Mrs. S. F. Bowser; recording secretary, Mrs. Woodruff; treasurer, Mrs. D. C. Craig.

The local W. C. T. U., together with the East Side union and the Health and Beauty club will give a basket picnic at Swinney park, June 4.

SOME BOERS SURRENDER.

Petersburg, Northern Transvaal, Wednesday, May 8.—Ninety Boers, including Barndorff and Heystak, the former land-rover, and many former officials, have surrendered. The district is rapidly settling down to the usual conditions.

LOCAL LINES.

A letter from Dr. G. C. Stemen, at Denver, Col., brings the gratifying information that Mrs. Stemen's health has wonderfully improved and that she is now quite well. The third child in the family of George Van Horn, of 8 Gay street, is ill with small fever. One child has recovered, a second is ill and the third was stricken with the disease Friday.

Shannon Banner: Mrs. W. J. Schadewald and little child arrived in the city last evening from Fort Wayne to join Mr. Schadewald, who is employed as one of the expert mechanics at the washing machine factory. They are at present living with John Dickerson and family on East Central avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Gray Kelly, of Milan, Mich., have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Leila Emma Kelley, and Walter R. Seavey, of this city. The nuptial event will be solemnized at the residence in Milan, Wednesday, May 29, at 2:30 o'clock. The young couple will take up their residence in Fort Wayne and will be at home at 235 West Main street after September 1.

MRS. LYMAN J. GAGE DEAD.

Washington, May 18.—Mrs. Lyman J. Gage, wife of the secretary of the treasury, died at 9:30 o'clock last evening. The immediate cause of death was heart failure, a result of wasted strength due to an attack of the grip. Mrs. Gage was conscious almost to the last moment. At the final moment there were present at her bedside her husband, her daughter, Mrs. Pierce, of Evanston; Dr. Johnston and a trained nurse. Though able to converse at times with those about her, Mrs. Gage was not informed of the serious illness of Mrs. McKinley and died unaware that the shadow had also been hanging over the mistress of the white

house. Mrs. Gage was taken ill on March 11 while on a visit to her daughter. On that day she wrote the secretary that she had a chill and that the doctor had ordered her to bed. For ten days she remained ill at Evanston and then recovered sufficiently to come to Washington.

Mrs. Gage was born in Albany, N. Y., in 1841. Her maiden name was Cornelia Lansing and her family was well known in New York. She was one of the belles of Albany and old residents of that city remember her as a beautiful, fascinating girl. She was married three times. Her second husband was Lloyd G. Gage, brother of Lyman J. Gage.

WRITTEN BY STUDENTS.

The students of St. Augustine's academy have written a play entitled, "Ave Maris Stella," which will be presented by them at the time of the commencement exercises, about June 21. The play is in four acts and five scenes. The heroine is Eliza, afterwards named Stella. The little girl, in company with her mother, passes an academy at the recreation hour, during which time a number of the children are at play. She is noticed by Angelica, one of the girls, and through her she enters the academy. The third act represents a period ten years later, during which the girls have grown to womanhood and are attending a commencement exercise. The carriage in which Angelica is riding is wrecked and the young girl is fatally injured. The last act represents the deathbed scene and as the girl's life ebbs away, she bequeaths to her protegee, "Ave Maris Stella," her life's task, that of being a "Star of Hope." The play represents the beautiful life of a pure young girl whose life work is to do good and be an



Bed Time
Cordova Candles
They give a light that is soft and bright. No odor. Many styles. Sold everywhere.

MONEY TO LOAN.....

FIVE PER CENT
ON FARM PROPERTY.
C. B. FITCH,
CLINTON STREET.

CAMERA EXCHANGE

for Professional and Amateur Photographers.

Before purchasing elsewhere send for our catalogue and price list of Cameras Kodaks and Photo Supplies. We carry a full and complete stock for the Professional and Amateur. Camera bought, sold, exchanged. A trial will convince you that we deal only in first-class goods at lowest cash prices. Our developing and finishing department conducted by experts in second to none. Mail orders promptly filled. Graves & Co., 35 E. Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

THIEME
the
TAILOR.

Suits made to order at \$15, \$18, \$20.

Pants at \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8.

Fit and Trimmings First-Class.

39 E. Columbia St.
Fort Wayne, Ind.

BUY YOUR PAINT
BY YEARS—SQUARE YARDS.

.....NOT GALLONS

B. P. S.

Stands For

BEST**PAINT**

SOLD

Beauty, Purity, Superiority.

Sold Only By

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

22 CALHOUN STREET.

Both 'Phones.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL \$200,000.00

CORNER MAIN AND COURT STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of \$1.00 and upwards.

Loans money on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:

Henry C. Paul, President.

Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.

Andrew Hoffman, Vice Pres.

Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.

William Paul, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

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Charles A. Wilding,

John C. Peters,

George W. Fisher,

William W. Mosier,

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NINE LIVES LOST

EXPLOSION IN A WEST VIRGINIA COAL SHAFT.

MANY MINERS WERE BURNED

THREE OF THE INJURED WILL NOT RECOVER.

LIVES LOST IN TUGBOAT FIRE

FOUR MEN BURNED TO DEATH ON OHIO RIVER.

Farmington, W. Va., May 15.—Nine men were killed, three fatally injured and a number of others burned by an explosion in the shaft of the George's Creek Coal and Iron company at this place at 9:15 o'clock today.

The number of dead may exceed nine, as several miners are still missing and only a few of the bodies have been brought out of the mine. The known dead are:

Carl Hunter, Daniel Alferic, Tony Romanic, I. H. Everson, Joseph Nichols, Manor Beauty and three unknown Italians.

Injured: Jeff East, fatally injured; Joseph Blaney, fatally injured; Pershal Everson, fatally injured; Thomas Bambridge, Charles Carpenter and several unknown Italians.

The explosion is said to be due to carrying a lighted torch in the mine. Forty men were in the shaft and their wives and children are gathered around the mouth of the mine weeping and wailing. Physicians were telegraphed for to Farmington and they are now on their way to the scene of the accident.

FOUR BURNED TO DEATH.

Evansville, Ind., May 15.—Four men were killed during the night in a fire which destroyed the steamer Owensboro, a tow boat, tied up at dock at Calhoun, Ky. The dead:

Fireman Greshaw, of Evansville. Fireman Brinkman, of Evansville.

Two roustabouts, names unknown. A fire broke out aboard the boat shortly before midnight and in a short time it burned to the water's edge. Captain Eastman and Engineer Robinson barely had time to escape. The others are supposed to have been asleep in the hold and were overcome by smoke.

Loss on boat \$6,000.

BUT FIVE LOST ON PADUCAH.

St. Louis, Mo., May 15.—Developments show that not more than five lives were lost in the wreck of the steamer City of Paducah, in the Mississippi river Sunday night.

Of the seven persons reported missing, all but one, a white fireman, have appeared at the office of the Packet company in this city.

TO CALL IT "THE OHNECK."

"The Ohneck" is the name selected for the handsome new cafe soon to be opened on East Berry street by G. D. Ohneck & Co. In accordance with a previous announcement several hundred names had been suggested for the cafe, both by citizens of Fort Wayne and by many persons at a distance. These were mailed to Mr. Ohneck, and on Tuesday afternoon a committee of newspaper men composed of T. F. Bresnahan, of the Journal-Gazette, J. T. Dougall, of the News, and a representative of The Sentinel made the selection from the list submitted. The prize of \$5 goes to Mrs. C. C. Miller, of West Jefferson street, who had suggested the name which was finally chosen.

BRIDGE SALE CONFIRMED.

Kansas City, Mo., May 14.—The federal court has confirmed the sale for \$100,000 of the Winner bridge piers in the Missouri river here and the terminals of the Kansas City and Atlantic Railway company to Theodore C. Bates, of Boston, who represents a company of eastern capitalists. This makes it possible for the eastern interests to proceed with the completion of the bridge, the construction of a belt line railroad, and a new union depot.

MEETING HAS CLOSED.

The Catholic Benevolent League of Indiana concluded its sessions last week, electing the following officers: President, John B. Mager, of Garrett; vice president, Stephen J. Hermesen, of Frankfort; secretary, Julian F. Franke, of Fort Wayne; treasurer, John J. Kohrman, of Fort Wayne; chancellor, Henry A. Breckweg, of Lafayette; orator, Thomas J. McLaughlin, of Fort Wayne; marshal, A. A. Gocke, of Fort Wayne; guard, George Christen, of Fort Wayne; chief medical examiner, Dr. J. E. Bickel, of Fort Wayne; trustees for three years, John Kiefer, of Tippecanoe; finance, Henry C. Berghoff, of Fort Wayne; supreme spiritual director,

Rev. Charles E. McCabe, of Lafayette.

The supreme council decided to hold the next annual convention in this city on the second Tuesday in May, 1902.

GOES TO BLUFFTON.

(Bluffton Banner.) Josiah Drewitt, of Fort Wayne, has accepted the position in the Bluffton Manufacturing company's plant held for the past thirteen years by John Lewis, whose death occurred last week. Mr. Drewitt is an excellent wood carver and has been holding a good position in Fort Wayne for the past several years, but accepted the place here without hesitation, as the family greatly prefer to live in this city where they resided so long. They will move to this city this week and Mr. Drewitt will begin work next Monday.

PROGRESS OF THE PILGRIMS

RAUCH AND BOSCHET NOW CROSSING KENTUCKY.

Fort Wayne Men Who are Making the Journey by Wagon to Tennessee Home.

Messrs. Rauch and Boschet, who left Fort Wayne early last week on a trip to Tennessee, write The Sentinel from Richmond, Ky., under date of May 10, as follows:

"We are just ready to leave this town, where we arrived at 6 o'clock last evening, 128 miles from Cincinnati. It was a magnificent trip from that city over the hills of Kentucky. We came through on the Covington, Lexington and Richmond pike, and will have but sixteen miles more of stone pike until we enter the foothills of the Cumberland mountains. These we cross through the gap about three miles beyond Middlesborough, Ky.

"We expect an interesting trip through the mountains and will report again from Cumberland Gap. It is 120 miles through the mountains and we are told that it will take a week and that we are likely to have some trouble in crossing Rock Cassel river. There is no bridge and we may have to build one. We are now prepared for almost anything from a cyclone to a camp of moonshiners.

"There is not much fruit in this section. Over on the Kentucky river we found a little fluid extract of mountain apple, and as Boschet was not feeling very well, I prescribed it for him and we got it. He is better now. Dr. A. J. Rauch."

KILLED AT A DANCE.

Scottsdale, Pa., May 16.—At a negro dance in East Scottsdale last night Wm. Poor shot and killed Eli Sheller. After the shooting the dead man was carried out in the yard to let the dance proceed. Poor made his escape.

BOY KING IN THE SADDLE.

Madrid, May 17.—King Alfonso yesterday for the first time took a prominent part in the grand maneuvers of the Madrid garrison. He appeared on horseback, surrounded by General Weyler, the minister of war; General Molto, the captain general of Madrid, and the marshals resident at the capital and a numerous and brilliant suite. The young ruler was in excellent health. He remained in the saddle for five hours and took the keenest interest in the operations. Queen Regent Christina and others of the royal family were present in open carriages. All the elite of society and thousands of other inhabitants of Madrid attended the camp to witness the brilliant military display. Both the troops and spectators gave the king an enthusiastic reception. His majesty subsequently gave a luncheon to the cadets of four academies.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

John B. Wagner and Lillie V. Bowen.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. may3eod&v

ONE CENT A MILE

To the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo, via the Nickel Plate road, May 15th and 29th. Train leaves Claypool, Ind., 6:32 p. m., arriving Buffalo 7:35 a. m. following morning. Tickets good returning within three days on any of our Peerless Trio of Daily Express Trains, where scheduled to stop. For rates and time of train at intermediate stations, see bills or call on nearest agent, or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind. 18-tu&th-12t

Jacob Zahender and daughter, of San Bernardino, Cal., are visiting John and James Zahender at Leo. Mr. Zahender left this city thirty-six years ago to locate in the far west.

OFFICERS ELECTED

BY CONGREGATIONAL STATE ASSOCIATION TODAY.

REV. CHOATE IS MODERATOR

SOME BUSY SESSIONS AT PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

HOME MISSIONARY LEADERS

STATISTICS OF THE CHURCH IN INDIANA.

(From Wednesday's Daily, May 15.) At Plymouth church this morning the forty-third annual meeting of the General Association of Congregational Churches and Ministers of Indiana elected officers for the ensuing year as follows:

Moderator—Rev. Charles W. Choate, of Kokomo.

Assistant Moderator—Rev. James Challen Smith, of Alexandria.

Registrar and Treasurer—Rev. N. H. Hyde, D. D., of Indianapolis.

Scribe—Rev. Samuel S. Osgood, of Indianapolis.

The selection was made soon after the opening devotions had been conducted by Rev. L. C. Talmage, of Bremen, and following it Dr. Hyde,

organized during the year—Franklin church at Furnessville, Wabash church at East Mt. Carmel, Central church at South Bend, and the Congregational church at Millers. Missions were also organized at Lacrosse and Robertsedale. Church and parsonage building shows an encouraging growth.

Ministers were ordained as follows: Harvey A. Lyman, Hammond; Thomas Gray, East Chicago; J. Perry Ratzell, Orland; John Gordon, Marion; Hugh Kirkland, Cardonia; Franklin W. Keagy, Central, and L. Curtis Talmage, Bremen.

GAVE FINE PAPERS.

"The Church Amid Hard Surroundings," by Rev. J. Challen Smith, of Alexandria, and "An Essential Element in Home Missionary Enterprise," by O. L. Keplinger, of East Chicago, were two splendid papers that were heartily received by the convention.

The newly elected moderator, Rev. Choate, was called home by a telegram, and he gave his paper, "The Contribution of Congregationalism to the Spiritual and Intellectual Leadership of the Country," at the afternoon session in place of the address of L. F. Perdus, of Terre Haute, which takes Rev. Choate's place on tomorrow's program. Others who spoke this afternoon were Rev. W. B. Street, of Anderson; Rev. D. T. Williams, of this city; Rev. Theodore Clifton, of Chicago, and Rev. W. F. McMillan, of Chicago.

The visitors are planning a visit to the state school for feeble minded on Thursday afternoon if time will permit.

PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Where the Sessions Are Being Held.

the treasurer, presented his report for the past year.

The registrars—H. L. Whitehead, for the Central association, E. D. Boyer for the Kokomo association, O. D. Keplinger for the Michigan City association, and Rev. J. R. Preston, of Ontario, for the Fort Wayne association—presented reports of the state of religion in the several districts. The situation is encouraging in every portion of the state except the south, where active workers are needed.

HOME MISSION TOPICS.

The latter part of the morning session was given over to the work of the Home Missionary Society of Indiana, and Rev. N. H. Hyde presided, prefacing the business session with a talk on the anniversary of the state of religion in the several districts. The situation is encouraging in every portion of the state except the south, where active workers are needed.

There was a fair attendance of both clergy and laity from over the state when the association was called to order for the opening session Tuesday evening. Rev. J. Perry Ratzell, of Orland, read the scriptural lesson, and prayer was offered by Rev. L. L. Thomas, of Marion.

"Personal Religious Experience the Touchstone of Power" was the theme of the opening sermon by Rev. Robert S. Osgood, the gifted young pastor of Mayflower church at Indianapolis. His text was based upon the verses beginning at Acts 19:13, recounting the futile efforts of the vagabond Jews to perform miracles after the manner of Paul, but without his experience of communion with Christ. In part he said:

"We need to have a broad message. We are looking for results, and we need a message that will not only appeal to all mankind, but one which will prove itself. The text points out to us the one real requisite of effective preaching and effective work for God—personal experience. Contrast the fruits of Paul's work and the disastrous results of those who attempted to counterfeit it, and we are shown plainly that if man would speak Christ he must speak not the message of someone else, but the message which has burned itself into his own heart. He must know for himself. It is utterly futile for any man to employ even the most approved methods if he lacks the experience worked in his heart. He must have a religious experience of his own on which to base his statements."

SECTARIANISM IS WEAKNESS.

"Sectarianism, at its worst or at its best, is self-confessed weakness. The church that preaches the Christ of Calvin, or of Wesley, or of the pilgrim fathers, if it has no experience of its own, is doomed to failure. The devil laughs when he sees men come to preach a message which is not in their own hearts."

The speaker referred to the magazines and methods published for preachers and offering a short cut to power preaching, and said: "The man who is building his message on the gospel as preached by man will fail if he has nothing deeper than an outline, or a method at the bottom of it. Real Christian spirit is not likely to be induced by complying to a mere form. Even a deep knowledge of the Bible itself will not suffice for this personal experience which each man must have. It is a first-hand knowledge of Christ that men must have if they are going forth to speak with authority."

"But how attain it? Analyze your own Christian life and I venture that

your mind will be carried back to that home or that Sunday school where you unconsciously perhaps began drinking in a liking for Christ. Here is the foundation. Then nurture is important. No part of the church's work is more important than that of the Sunday school and the Junior Endeavor among children. But we must often stop with Christian nurture."

It is also demanded that we have a definite experience of conversion. It is reasonable and ought to be assuredly looked for. Then we need to broaden and deepen it by the experience of the great church at large. We can not separate that which we profess from that which we know in our heart. Let me plead with all of you to seek to know completely the gospel which you profess, so that you may answer with the steadfast faith of the psalmist, 'Though my father and my mother forsake me, yet will the Lord take me up.'

THE FORMAL WELCOME.

Rev. J. Webster Bailey, the pastor of Plymouth church, expressed the formal welcome of the Fort Wayne churches to the visiting ministers and delegates in an address full of whole-hearted greeting and good cheer. In part he said:

"Welcome! It's a splendid word—a good, old Anglo-Saxon term that means 'well come.' We trust you have come well come and well filled with the spirit and the power. We need the benefits that association in God's work gives, and I am sure that the result will be that not only our churches here but also the churches which you represent may receive power which will result in the saving of souls. Speaking both for Plymouth and for the South church, I bid you welcome again to our homes, and I want each one of you to feel that during your stay you have been entertained in the very best homes in Fort Wayne."

MR. BREED RESPONDS.

The response of the moderator, Richard E. Breed, of Marion, was a clever conception and was delightfully received. "We heartily reciprocate your kindly greetings," said Mr. Breed. "You are glad to have us here; we are glad to be here; glad to be in a city whose history goes back to the early days, whose fame is second to that of the capital alone, and whose very name is a monument to a hero of the revolution. We come on a mission of peace and good-will. We have no axes to grind, no causes to try, no creeds to revise, no quarrels to adjust. Sometimes church representatives meet because they love to fight. You may not know it, but fighting is the greatest fun in the world for some people. Congregationalists are not of that stripe."

"The Congregational church is an instrument of love. We come here to strengthen your conviction of the superiority of the Congregational way of doing things. Congregationalism is the progressivism. Its heart is warm, its ideas liberal, its mansions roomy. May we not congratulate ourselves that we are in it and of it, and that we partake of its progress onward and upward?"

ANDERSON GETS IT.

(From Thursday's Daily.) The general association of Congregational Churches and Ministers of Indiana, in session at Plymouth church, this afternoon voted to hold its next annual session at Anderson. No other city had presented a formal request for the gathering and the business committee recommended the acceptance of the Anderson invitation.

The work of the closing day of the Fort Wayne session followed closely the outlines of the program. Rev. A. J. Elleman, of Amboy, conducted the opening devotions this morning, and the two papers which followed by Rev. J. Perry Ratzell, of Orland, and Rev. O. C. Helming, of Indianapolis, set forth the problems of both city and country churches, cited the difficulties presented in each field of labor and discussed the best means of overcoming them. A general discussion followed.

Rev. W. A. Waterman, D. D., of Terre Haute, presented an exhaustive review of the book, "Reconstruction in Theology," by Prof. H. C. King, and while the allotted time did not permit Mr. Waterman to entirely conclude the reading of his paper, he was heard with much interest and was commended in the discussion which followed.

Rev. Joseph E. Roy, D. D., of Chicago, who addressed the ladies' missionary meeting early in the week, was heard again today in the interest of the American Missionary association, of which he is district secretary.

REV. BAILEY HONORED.

Rev. J. Webster Bailey, pastor of Plymouth church in this city, was this afternoon elected as a delegate to represent the state association at the national convention, which meets at Portland, Maine.

Following the devotions at the opening of the session this afternoon, conducted by B. Paul Mossman, of this city, Rev. C. H. Taintor, D. D., of Chicago, who arrived last evening, gave his address on the Congregational Church Building society. Rev. Charles W. Choate, of Kokomo, followed with a paper, "The Contribution of Congregationalism to the Intellectual and Spiritual Leadership of Our Country."

At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon the ministers and delegates left on a special car to visit the state sanatorium for Feeble Minded Youth, in response to an invitation from Superintendent Johnson.

A VIGOROUS PROTEST.

When in the course of his address Wednesday evening Rev. H. C. Meserve, of Indianapolis, made the statement that the name of Professor Gilbert would be remembered long after those who demanded his resignation had been forgotten, he precipitated, unconsciously perhaps, the liveliest sort of a discussion and aroused a most vigorous protest from some of the older ministers of the assembly.

Professor Gilbert was a professor at the Chicago Theological seminary, one of the educational institutions of the Congregational church, and within the past month the board of trustees invited him to resign on account of teaching principles contrary to the faith of the church. When Rev. Meserve had concluded, Rev. W. A. Waterman, of Terre Haute, who had visited the institution as the representative of the state society, was on his feet in an instant asking to be heard in defense of the trustees. He was sustained by Rev. Dr. Hyde, a member of the board of trustees, and after some discussion was permitted to proceed. Rev. Waterman delivered a vigorous speech with much feeling, reciting the causes which led to the dismissal of Professor Gilbert, defending the action of the seminary board, and asserting that the criticism used had traduced the memory of the fathers who had built the foundation on which the Congregational church might stand.

As he concluded the moderator said he knew the hearts of the ministers were much nearer together than their remarks might seem to indicate; that their heads were, and asked the audience to arise and sing "Blest Be the Tie That Binds."

"The Church and Social Problems" was the theme of Rev. Andrew U. Ogilvie, of Elkhart.

MODERN CHURCH PROBLEMS.

Rev. H. C. Meserve, pastor of Plymouth church at Indianapolis, spoke on "Modern Church Membership; Its Basis, Privileges and Obligations."

"Modern church problems," he said, "date back to the time of Jesus. It is easy to see how we came to think of church membership as we do, until we sometimes have a very artificial and wholly useless thing instead of the real idea which Jesus planted in the world. All through history we have been building up certain artificial barriers against truth, which is free, and which all may enjoy. The men who have blazed the way for all progressive thought have stood upon the courage of their convictions. I had rather be one of these, true to my personal convictions, than one of those who simply conform to tradition."

Here the speaker commended the position of those who had stood out against opposition, and continued: "I don't remember that Jesus ever asked a man if he was in good standing in the Jewish church, but He was interested in knowing whether he believed in righteousness, and whether he practiced basis for church membership. I am interested in the man who is doing right for right's sake. The true basis of church membership is not in creed, but is that man should be irresistibly drawn to Christ. A man should not be met at the church door by a committee and asked foolish questions."

"We ought to say, 'Our fellowship is yours; we bid you welcome.' I do not find that any church is able to make Christian people do the things they do not want to do. No iron pledge will accomplish this. It is an impossibility to make human kind do what the human heart is not disposed to do, but if we have that true Christian fellowship, there is then present a desire that only earnest work for the Master can satisfy. If we can forget the traditions of the past—for they are no sacred, let us build this fellowship in our own churches. Let us say, our doors are open to you, but follow the line of service and fellowship that leads to the Divine service; not tagged with any sect or creed name, but as servants, friends of our common Lord and Master, Jesus Christ."

ARE OFF FOR THEIR HOMES.

Ministers and lay delegates who have been in the city attending the annual convention of the state association of Congregational churches, departed today for their homes, Thursday evening's session completing the program.

A large crowd was present at Plymouth church Thursday evening to hear Dr. Hitchcock's lecture, "The Truth About China," but it was deemed to disappointment. The wreck of the Pennsylvania near Warsaw prevented Dr. Hitchcock from reaching the city, though it was not until 8:30 o'clock that the lecturer gave it up and telegraphed from Warsaw that he was unable to get beyond that point.

EXPRESS APPRECIATION.

The committee on resolutions, composed of Rev. A. U. Ogilvie, of Elkhart; Rev. L. L. Thomas, of Marion, and Rev. O. L. Keplinger, of East Chicago, presented the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That this association

LOTS MORE LIKE IT.

PLENTY MORE PROOF LIKE THIS AND ALL FROM FORT WAYNE PEOPLE.

No chance for argument here. No better proof can be had.

What a Fort Wayne citizen says is the best of evidence for Fort Wayne people.

Read this case. We have lots more like it.

Mrs. May Tegtmeyer, of 37 J. street, says:—"I suffered with kidney trouble for about a year, when I happened to read about Doan's Kidney Pills and the cures they were making. The first time I was down town I stepped into Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store and got a box. Shortly after I commenced their use the severe backache which had nearly used me up began to grow better and the dizziness I was bothered with disappeared. I kept on with the treatment and each day grew stronger until I was in better health than I had been in twelve months. My father, Mr. Brinshtiner, also took Doan's Kidney Pills and was greatly benefited by them."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box. Doan's Ointment is a specific for all itching skin diseases, Piles, Eczema, Chills, Chafing, any irritation and all itches of the skin. Gives instant relief. We mail a free sample box on application. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

expresses to the members and friends of the Plymouth and South churches of Fort Wayne its appreciation of the cordial welcome received, the hospitality given and the unfailing courtesy of the Revs. J. Webster Bailey and D. T. Williams, with their people, to make our stay in their city in the highest sense agreeable.

"Resolved, Furthermore, that this body extend to the press of the city its appreciation of the generous space it has given to the reports of the business and addresses of this body."

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The standing committees as appointed by the moderator are as follows:

On Business and Program for Next Meeting—Rev. W. B. Street, of Anderson; Rev. J. Challen Smith, of Alexandria; Rev. R. S. Osgood, of Indianapolis.

On Education—Rev. O. C. Helming, Indianapolis; Rev. O. L. Keplinger, East Chicago.

On Ministerial Aid—Rev. H. N. Hyde, D. D., Indianapolis.

On Church Building Society—Rev. R. C. Meserve, Indianapolis.

On Sunday Schools—Rev. R. S. Osgood, Indianapolis.

On American Missionary Association—Rev. J. Webster Bailey, Fort Wayne.

Visitor to Chicago Theological Seminary—Rev. W. A. Waterman, D. D., Terre Haute.

FILLED THE PROGRAM.

While the unavoidable failure of Dr. Hitchcock to reach the city was deeply regretted, the program Thursday evening was acceptably filled by Rev. O. L. Keplinger, of East Chicago, Rev. H. C. Meserve, of Indianapolis, and Rev. A. U. Ogilvie, of Elkhart, who gave brief impromptu addresses on Christian life and duty that were highly appreciated. The convention as a whole is regarded as successful and helpful and the visitors were delighted with their cordial reception in Fort Wayne.

THE MUNICIPAL JUDGESHIP

MAYOR MAKES ANSWER TO THE DREIBELBISS SUIT.

Mayor Berghoff, Thursday, through his attorneys, filed an answer to Robert Dreibelbiss' application for a writ of mandamus to compel him to accept his post as judge of the municipal court. The answer sets up that George W. Louttit had been elected by a popular vote at a general election to the position of judge of said court and had already qualified and that therefore when Mr. Dreibelbiss presented his commission and bond there was no vacancy. The answer is quite lengthy and abounds in quotations and denies the constitutionality of an act making a judgeship an appointive office when an election intervenes. Mr. Dreibelbiss filed a demurrer to the answer and to the return of the writ. The Berghoff attorneys on the demurrers were postponed until after the disposal of the criminal case, which will be some time this afternoon. Counsel for the plaintiffs in the mandatory proceeding against Controller Fox notified the court that they did not insist on the case being delayed to await a brief from Judge Taylor, but asked the court to pass upon the case without delay. Judge O'Rourke has not yet signified when he would be ready to hand down his decision. Judge Taylor will be heard in support of the demurrers in the Dreibelbiss case.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Joseph Denzel and Josephine Prepsing.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

Noble county has 6,514 children of school age and of this number only three are colored.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

HOW REVIVALS MAY BE SECURED—NEED IN CHURCHES OF
POWER GIVEN BY THE HOLY SPIRIT.

(John Lindsay Withrow, D. D., Park Street Church, Boston, in the Chicago Record-Herald.)
Lesson for Sunday, May 26, 1901.
Topic—"The Holy Spirit Given."
Text—Acts I, 1-14.

GOD IS A SPIRIT.

When Jesus talked (John iv., 5-24) with the Samaritan woman at the well He taught her that "God is a spirit, and they that worship Him must worship Him in spirit and in truth." One limitless difference between our true religion and all false and defective faiths is, that the God of the Bible is not a visible object, as heathen idols are, but "a spirit." As a spirit He is everywhere and all-ways and all-powerful. Hence, in this lesson, every class should be clearly shown at the outset that the gift of the Holy Spirit, of which we are to speak, was not the bestowal of a favor never before granted unto this world.

As "God is a spirit," so the Holy One given at Pentecost is only God giving out Himself in a plenitude previously unknown. There is no probability of doing much good to a Sunday school class by talking on the deep doctrine of Trinity. That has depths where all our thoughts are drowned, and caution becomes the most carefully trained scholastic, much more does it the average instructor of young minds.

But without venturing to ventilate the truth of the tri-personality of the Deity, we may safely insist that the Scriptures teach us, not only that "God is a spirit" (not many spirits, but one) but that this one spirit is shown to be Father and Son and Holy Spirit. As God over all, blessed forever, we call Him Father. As the word, who was "with God and was God," we call Jesus the Son. And as the Gracious Comforter, ever present and working out the designs of Deity, we call Him the Holy Spirit.

ENDOWED THE PROPHETS.

In the very opening of holy scripture God, in the Holy Spirit (Genesis, i., 2), "moved upon the face of the waters and said Let there be light, and there was light." Also we are instructed that the ancient prophets taught and foretold by the wisdom given them through the ample endowment of the Holy Spirit. There were no educational methods that could have given Moses and Daniel, Isaiah and Ezekiel their foreknowledge of the events which they outlined many centuries before the prophetic events became facts of record.

Most of all, it was the Holy Spirit in Jesus which equipped and crowned Him with divine attributes. There was given unto Him "the spirit without measure." Then, being ready "to depart" out of this world, Jesus promised His most devoted followers that (John, xvi., 7) He would send upon them the same Holy Spirit who inhabited Him. Get a clear view of this and then turn to the closing scenes of Jesus' life after His resurrection, where (Acts, vii., 5 and 8) He pledged an empowering by the Spirit's descent, and we are ready for the Pentecostal scene in our lesson.

The feast of Pentecost, or "Fiftieth," was celebrated by the Jews at the end of seven weeks from the second day of the Passover (Leviticus, 23). It was an after harvest feast, and typified the ingathering of the people of God. Fifty days had elapsed since Jesus, as God's paschal lamb, had suffered to save men. Now the Holy Spirit of the ascended Savior comes to begin the ingathering of those for whom He died, and an ever memorable occasion it was.

During all the Christian centuries the church of Christ has been looking back and recalling the outpouring of the Holy Spirit at Pentecost. The craving desire and oft-heard cry has been that we might have a recurrence of the revival at old Pentecost. Let us note something which may not be expected to occur again, and then some which we may have, on conditions, at any time.

NEED STARTLING BEGINNING.

We should not expect the (lesson v., 2) outshining which is represented in the record by the "rushing, mighty wind" and the "cloven tongues as of fire." The start of a movement, as we observe in our everyday life, may need attending circumstances that will be more impressive to the senses than after operations, which are much less spectacular, but more essential. Take one illustration, late of date and familiar to all.

When the civil government of the United States was about to be inaugurated in Porto Rico there was a splendid display of force and flowers of glory. Pomp was the surest means of influencing the islanders with the majesty of these United States. But it has not been a thing of everyday to exhibit insignia of supremacy. The gentler operations of education in the service of citizen-

ship move on noiselessly and all the while there is a growing strength of better government.

So in the outset of the kingdom of Christ, as it was to be administered by the Holy Spirit, and is now administered, there was need of an irresistible address to the senses at first to convince the world that instead of the rejection of Jesus making an end of Him His power was now, for the first time, fully liberated at Pentecost. By His spoken word the man of Nazareth had overawed wind and waves and wicked spirits, making them all subject to His holy and august will.

DAY OF PENTECOST.

On the transfiguration occasion He had become lustrous, transparent, luminous. In the temple His word of command had expelled the degenerate crowd from what should ever be kept clean, His Father's house. But to all these instances and exhibitions of His inherent heavenly glory was confined to His own person. But, having left an unfinished work for His followers to accomplish, through the indwelling and energy of the Holy Spirit, it was needful that this gracious Holy Ghost should have His day. And this He had at Pentecost.

His coming was (verse 2) "sudden," as a great gust of wind in nature. So that this spiritual affluence swept the place. And as each looked at the other there were, "as it were," tongues of fire blazing, but (as the burning bush Moses saw) not burning. Such external attendants of the Spirit's initial operation would convince the world of the grandeur and glory of the work which He undertook to do. But since that day of introduction any profession of ability to speak with tongues—and such has been claimed—has been but a pretense. Just so has been the belief or dream of those who have asserted they saw bright lights and other astonishing signs of the Holy Spirit's presence in connection with their conversion to Christ. It is all as empty of reality as moonshine is of morning light.

There at Pentecost (lesson verses 8-11) people of many tongues heard the apostles' and understood languages they had never learned, because there was no time to impart instruction. It was an instantaneous and overpowering impression that was needed and that could not be imparted to this much mixed company in any other way than giving them miraculously power to understand what were to them unknown tongues.

A DIFFERENCE OF REVIVALS.

But if we may not expect a repetition of the miraculous and amazing features of the Pentecostal event, what may we have over again? To this we answer, first, we may have what is more vital and valuable in our case. It is not vital or valuable that a great noise shall shock our senses and startle our astonished ears. But it is that the Holy Spirit shall so come upon the church and those outside it that an effect shall follow which cannot be explained but by saying: "This is the Spirit of God."

Between the incidents of what has been called revivals and what really are revivals there is as great difference as there was in those surprising deeds done by Pharaoh's magicians and those done by Moses. For a few times the magicians imitated the wonders done by Moses with entire ease. But at last the Lord's servant performed a wonder at which the king's wise men stood aghast, saying: "This is the finger of God."

Man-made revivals are after the pattern of the magicians' tricks. True revivals are the direct result of the Holy Spirit's work. These genuine ones we can have whenever we fulfill all the conditions. And so, second, we can reproduce the conditions which preceded Pentecost—what are they? United, prolonged and expectant prayer. If anyone would know infallibly how to secure another Pentecost he must appeal to the same source that supplied the power at the first Pentecost.

Christ knew how weak His followers were in confidence. How feeble their faith was in His final triumph. Their minds were infatuated if not filled (Acts i., 6) with the notion that He would set up a political kingdom, and therefore the more slow were they to grasp the thought that all to be done in His name and by His spirit was to be spiritual.

UNMATCHED PRAYER MEETING. Consequently He directed them to wait in Jerusalem, doing nothing but expect and pray until the Holy Spirit should be poured upon them. And they did. The unmatched prayer meeting of the world's history was held in that "upper room." Whether it was the same chamber in which He had gathered with them after His resurrection we know not. It is pleasant to suppose it was the same. But wherever the gathering

was read Acts i., 13, and see what a company was there. Peter was there, first and foremost; fully restored, not only to affectionate intimacy with his Christ, but in that confidence with his fellow disciples which opened to him the chief place.

And there was Thomas, who had been dimly depressed, and so unbelieving in the possibility of the resurrection that he wrote himself down the champion doubter of the Christian church for all time. There were also the saintly women, whose sisters have from that day to this been the most effective element in meetings of prayer. They prayed so that it is written, "these all continued in prayer." For what, we know by necessary implication. It was for the coming upon them, that "power" which Jesus had promised.

Again, we can have unity of action if we will. This band of followers of Christ at first were not naturally brotherly. They were rather divisive than devoted to each other. Indeed, I doubt if they ever became sentimentally and mutually affectionate. But in one thing they did become united after persistent and importunate prayer—they were united in entreaty for the Holy Spirit's effusion of power. Christ's church is immensely more numerous now than it was at the beginning of the last century. There are millions of the thousand who are members of the Christian church now. There are scores of millions of persons in opulent circumstances and high social position who are professed Christians now. But all our membership and money and eminence put together are not equal to the task of shaking a city as Jerusalem was shaken when the Holy Spirit was given in great and gracious effusion at Pentecost.

UNITY IS NECESSARY.

We have more of everything else than of spiritual power. And one difficulty in the way of securing this spiritual power is a want of unity. Are denominations a curse to Christianity? No, but the bad feelings between them is. How many professing Christians have you known who for some slight offense refuse to recognize a fellow Christian? Are such church really Christians? But let all human hindrances be put away and great desire for the Holy Spirit's coming; draw the church into necessary supplication, and let the spirit's vitalizing grace begin to operate, and then what may we have?

Answer: An astonished audience of unbelievers! There is little faith in the divinity of Christianity among the world's people, while there is dearth and deathliness of a spiritual kind. But let there come showers of blessing on the church, and waves of power from on high, so that preachers and teachers and people all begin to make religion their chief concern, and very soon they "of the contrary part" will confess that "God is in this place."

A dry church gives no distress to the powers of darkness. A church the religious condition of which may be compared with that fig tree on which Jesus found "only leaves," that is, only ceremonies and ritual, a mere parade of religion, there is no influence in such that Satan fears. Just so it is with an individual whose religion consists of forms and frills. But "Satan trembles when he sees The weakest saint upon his knees." Would that we all who study and teach this lesson might so crave the Holy Spirit's power that on bended knees we might imitate those first Christians who "all continued with one accord in prayer and (Acts i., 14) supplication" until the irresistible energy came upon them and made them God's greatest giants, giants in spiritual power.

MARRIAGE PLANS GO WRONG.

Indianapolis, May 18.—Mun Brady and Fred Smith, of Hume, Ill., were arrested here yesterday on complaint of Miss Mattie Plank, of Metcalf, Ill. She told the police that Brady proposed that they should drive through to Indiana and be married. She consented and with Smith the two drove over to a town near Terre Haute, where they stopped a day or two. Then they came to Indianapolis. When they arrived here, instead of getting married, as she expected, Miss Plank said she was taken to a low resort and was arrested. Yesterday she made a full confession and sat in Matron Reiser's office crying for two hours. Superintendent Zugli, wired for her father and the case was continued.

RATHER FIGHT THAN MARRY.

Frankfort, Ind., May 18.—David Goff and Miss Mollie Austin were to have been married Thursday night. The guests were assembled and the officiating clergyman was on hand, but the groom did not arrive. At a late hour the guests were dismissed. Miss Austin was prostrated. Nothing was heard of the groom until yesterday afternoon, when Miss Austin received a telephone message from Indianapolis stating that her lover had enlisted in the regular army and would leave at once for the Philippines.

South Bend, Ind., May 18.—The police are endeavoring to locate Gottfried Dinnerboiler, who, it is charged, has deserted his bride, to whom he was married but twenty-four hours

previous. The wife is unable to account for the conduct of her spouse and is almost prostrated with grief over her unfortunate plight.

MUNCIE-FORT WAYNE ROAD.

Concerning this projected line, the following special dispatch to the Indianapolis News yesterday will be interesting to Fort Wayne readers: "Muncie, Ind., May 17.—The final transfer of the right-of-way for the traction road that is to run from Muncie north to Fort Wayne took place at a meeting held here yesterday afternoon. F. G. Brownell, owner of the right-of-way, formally gave over to S. M. Hexter, S. A. Scheuer and A. Lewenthal, Cleveland capitalists, and others, the road that he has been at work upon for years. A stock company with a capital of \$1,500,000 is being formed. Part of this stock will be taken by wealthy men in the cities and towns through which the road will pass. Three-quarters of a million dollars will be in the name of two Cleveland capitalists.

"The road will be known either as the Muncie, Hartford City and Fort Wayne or the Eastern Indiana Traction line."

WANAMAKER HOME BURNED

FINE OLD MANSION WIPED OUT BY FLAMES.

It Was the Property of Thomas B. Wanamaker and Contained Rare Treasures of Art.

Philadelphia, May 18.—The country home of Thomas B. Wanamaker, at Meadow Brook, Montgomery county, was struck by lightning this morning and entirely destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$500,000.

The house was adorned with valuable paintings and bric-a-brac, all of which was destroyed.

Mr. Wanamaker and his family were at their Philadelphia home at the time. A woman caretaker and her child and a man servant, who were sleeping in the house, narrowly escaped being burned to death.

The house was of the colonial style and was built in 1828. In size it rivalled a hotel. Its abutting wings contained scores of bed rooms, a ball room, banquet hall, library and picture gallery.

The pictures in the art gallery are an irreparable loss. Their approximate value is \$250,000, and several of the paintings were specimens of the old masters. One alone, a Van Dyke of Charles I., cost Mr. Wanamaker \$43,000. There were also many other splendid specimens of the Dutch school, and the modern school of art was represented by some of the greatest masters.

MANY WILL GO.

The annual festival for the benefit of the Lutherans' orphan home at Indianapolis will be held on Sunday, June 9, and thousands of Lutherans from all parts of the state will be in attendance. About a thousand Indianapolis Lutherans came to Fort Wayne for the dedication of Emmaus Lutheran church, and Fort Wayne Lutherans will return the compliment with interest. A special train will be run from here on that day over the Lake Erie and many hundreds from here will in all probability take advantage of the occasion to visit the capital city.

Eczema for Forty Years.

The Unqualified Statement of a Well Known Attorney, St. Ignace, Mich.

Some of the cures made by Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment of stubborn and long continued eczema and skin diseases are causing much comment. People are beginning to realize that this Ointment is a wonderworker with all kinds of skin trouble. Attorney James J. Brown, St. Ignace, Michigan, writes as follows:

Dr. A. W. Chase N. Y. Gent:—I cannot refrain from expressing my acknowledgement for the relief I have felt from Dr. Chase's Ointment. For 40 years I was afflicted with a skin disease which was located in one spot upon my leg. I have spent at a rough estimate five hundred dollars trying to effect a cure, and not until I applied this ointment did I get relief. You are strangers to me and this letter is prompted directly because I want to say and I feel as though I ought to say it. That Chase's ointment has effected a complete cure of my affliction. I was also suffering from itching piles and applied the ointment which gave the best of satisfaction by affording me rest at night and rapidly causing the disease to disappear. I have received such relief and comfort from the ointment that I cannot withhold expressing my gratitude. I was so long afflicted with the tortures of eczema. I feel now that I am cured, a word of recommendation is due from me. Yours truly,

JAMES J. BROWN.
Dr. Chase's Ointment is sold at 50 cents a box at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
Sold in Fort Wayne by Meyer Bros. & Co.

IS MUCH BETTER

MRS. MCKINLEY CONTINUES TO IMPROVE.

GAINED THROUGH THE NIGHT

PROSPECTS FOR RECOVERY NOW BRIGHT.

SAID TO BE OUT OF DANGER

THE PRESIDENT LEAVES HER FOR SHORT TIME.

San Francisco, May 18.—At 8:45 a. m. Secretary Cortlyou gave out the following statement: "Mrs. Hirschfelder, Gibbons and Cushing met Dr. Rixey at 8 a. m. and found Mrs. McKinley's condition decidedly improved since last evening."

San Francisco, May 18.—Mrs. McKinley is reported by Henry T. Scott to be in an improved condition this morning. The president will attend the launching of the battleship Ohio.

San Francisco, May 18.—Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock stated this morning that he now considers Mrs. McKinley out of danger.

San Francisco, May 18.—11 a. m.—During the president's absence at the launching Mrs. McKinley slept quietly and it was reported to the president that her condition is constantly improving.

San Francisco, May 18.—The news that Mrs. McKinley had decidedly improved came this morning after a quiet and uneventful night. After the announcement by Secretary Cortlyou at 10:30 last night that there would be no further bulletins sent up, was seen to stir about the house. Shortly after midnight the nurse raised the window blind in the sick chamber a few inches and for a time the light in the room burned more brightly. This was construed by some of the watchers on the outside to indicate a change for the worse, but there were no later and substantiating developments to warrant the acceptance of this theory.

No one entered or left the house after 11:15 o'clock, at which hour C. A. Moore, of New York, one of the president's party, left the house after an hour spent with the president.

WEATHER MORE PLEASANT.

The weather was pleasant during the night without any of the climatic conditions that made the two previous nights disagreeable to the guards and newspaper reporters. The sun came up in a clear sky, promising perfect weather for the ceremony of launching the battleship Ohio. The announcement had been made last night that the president would make every effort to attend the launching, and his final decision this morning was anxiously awaited.

When it was announced this morning that President McKinley would attend the launching of the Ohio the mounted guard was seen to draw up in front of the house preparatory to his departure to the Union Iron works and there was a feeling of great relief.

PRESIDENT MORE BOYANT.

President McKinley's actions seemed to give more assurance of his wife's improvement in health than any statement from the doctors could have done. When the chief executive left the Scott house at 9:40 o'clock he walked briskly down the stairs to his carriage. He appeared to be in good spirits and the careworn expression of his face which had been noticeable for the past few days had disappeared.

THE TURNING POINT.

San Francisco, May 18.—At an early hour today inquiries at the temporary home of the president failed to elicit any definite information regarding the condition of Mrs. McKinley. It is learned today that the rally which marked the turning point in Mrs. McKinley's illness came immediately after a treatment Thursday, which included a saline injection directly into the blood.

Her pulse showed quick improvement all day yesterday. Leading physicians who have been informed of the course of treatment which has been pursued not only entertain the hope, but have confidence in the prediction that the patient will have better health in the future than she has had for many years.

WANTED FRIED CHICKEN.

Yesterday she talked to her attendants and smilingly told one of her physicians that she wanted fried chicken.

She made an effort to get up, contrary to the advice of her physicians. The patient was blessed with several hours of natural sleep early yesterday morning. Opiates were not administered to 'invite sleep, but a powerful stimulant was given to re-



OLD MEN.

Thousands of old men who thought their remaining days on earth would be few—now bless the day that they commenced the use of this greatest of all strength builders, LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO. SEATTLE, WASH. It will bring about a degree of health and strength for you away beyond the average man of your years, and give you peace and comfort. Price, \$1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Dreier & Bro., Agents.

"Come and Look, and You'll Stay to Buy."

With a Large Line of Imperial and Gibbs Plows

we are prepared to meet any demands in the way of a plow.

Call and see our plows. Also all kinds of Plow Points, Repairs and Plow Supplies.

Frost, McMullen and Henley Fence Wire. Call and see us before you buy hardware for a barn or house.

H. Pfeiffer & Son.,

9 EAST COLUMBIA ST.
Near the corner of Calhoun.

inforce the action of the heart.

The expected desire for solid nourishment was accepted as a hopeful sign, but the doctors believe that it is not prudent to oblige in this respect. It is yet impossible to determine when Mrs. McKinley will be able to leave this city for her home, even if she continues to improve as rapidly as appeared before feverish symptoms were again noted late last night.

Last evening it was thought at the house that Mrs. McKinley might safely be put on an eastbound train as early as next Monday or Tuesday, but it is more than likely that the Scott residence will be the home of the president for at least ten days to come.

STAY MAY BE LONG.

In fact, one circumstance indicated strongly that the president and his official family may be compelled to remain in the city for even a longer time than that. This fact is that the John Hooper residence, on the corner of Clay and LaCuna streets, has been offered to the president for the use of the members of his cabinet in order that they might be nearer to him for the consideration of affairs of state. The offer was considered, but no definite answer has been given.

The newspapers have established temporary headquarters for their reporters in the neighborhood of the Scott residence and a vigil is maintained day and night. Very few facts concerning the situation in the sick room are given out, however, except the statements contained in the official bulletins, which are invariably brief. Hundreds of people constantly linger about the slopes of Lafayette park, just across the street, affording a good view of the temporary mansion. The president's appearance is eagerly awaited and his every movement is closely observed.

The crowd, however, is quiet and respectful, all realizing that manifestations of enthusiasm are out of place while Mrs. McKinley lies so critically ill.

A CASE WITH A QUEER ODOR

MIXED-UP MESS FOUND IN A JUSTICE'S COURT.

Justice Bullermann was called from his home to his office Friday night at midnight to acknowledge two affidavits filed against Lillian Potter, also known as Hazel Wright, for prostitution. The affidavits were filed by two young men of respectable connection, who had previously been arrested for associating with the said Potter-Wright woman. It was alleged that the woman herself was responsible for the arrest of the young men, but this she denies. An attempted investigation by The Sentinel disclosed nothing save such an interminably mixed up mess that it was impossible to get head or tail to the previous proceedings. The affidavits against the men for associating had mysteriously disappeared, and instead the record on Justice Tancey's docket shows that they were fined for provoking Constable McDaniels. As the alleged provocation occurred, according to McDaniels' own statement, when he served the warrants for associating it might be interesting to know what became of the original affidavit. McDaniels says it was changed by the prosecutor and

ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE.

Aaron Rothschild last Saturday commenced suit against Harry Sprague and John Van Roy for \$2,200 damages. Mr. Rothschild last week was doing some business with Northern Pacific when that stock was acting very badly on Mr. Rothschild's side of the fence. He kept putting up margins until he was in \$2,200. He now claims that Sprague and Van Roy did not use his money as instructed, but converted it to their own uses. H. G. Keegan is Mr. Rothschild's attorney.

PICKED UP

Hundreds of Fort Wayne People Volunteer Evidence That Dispel Doubt.

The columns of this newspaper are day by day publishing fresh evidence from Fort Wayne people which establishes more fully the great reputation of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. The manner in which they take hold of the run-down and debilitated is so prompt, strength and energy is so quickly picked up by their use home evidence is plentiful.

Mrs. A. B. Stemmer, of 13 Monroe St., Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are an excellent general and nerve tonic. From a use in our house we can safely recommend them to those who from any cause are debilitated, run down, nervous and generally out of sorts. In such a case as this with us they proved their value, building the patient up in general health and strength as well as nerve strength. We procured the pills at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s Drug Store, No. 14 Calhoun street."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

Fort Wayne, Ind.

ANOTHER ELECTRIC RAILROAD.

W. F. Numan, a prominent citizen of Lima, Ohio, is at the head of a party of capitalists who may build an electric railway from Lima to Fort Wayne. Mr. Numan has just completed a trip over the proposed route, getting the sentiment of the farmers and residents of the towns through which the line would pass towards the project. He has met with encouragement on every side and Mr. Numan will probably have the company incorporated in a week or two and push the project to a consummation.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

NEW HOPE GIVEN

MRS. MCKINLEY SHOWS MUCH IMPROVEMENT.

PASSED NIGHT FAIRLY WELL

REPORT OF PHYSICIANS IS ENCOURAGING.

A LONG, WEARY VIGIL KEPT

THE PRESIDENT GOES OUT FOR A DRIVE.

San Francisco, May 17.—There is absolutely no truth in the report of the death of Mrs. McKinley. At 7:10 a. m. a telephone message from the house said there was no change in her condition.

San Francisco, May 17.—10:45 a. m.—Secretary Cortelyou left the Scott mansion in company with Secretary Hitchcock this morning for the first time since the bulletin issued at 8:45. Mrs. McKinley was holding her own and the prospects were very favorable for continued improvement. At noon President McKinley will go for a short drive.

San Francisco, May 17.—When Postmaster General Smith called on the president this morning he found the countenance of the chief executive exceedingly jubilant. The president gleefully described the change in Mrs. McKinley's condition as a transformation. There was only a slight tendency to the relapse that had been so dreaded in the early hours of the morning. She passed safely through that crisis and awoke bright and cheerful. She asked to be allowed to wash her hands and asked for food.

The president said that if she can hold her own for twenty-four hours that the crisis will be passed.

The doctors expressed themselves as astonished at her remarkable show of vitality.

San Francisco, May 17.—11:50 a. m.—M. H. DeYoung called on the president this morning. Mr. McKinley was most cheerful and stated to Mr. DeYoung that if Mrs. McKinley continued to improve he should attend the launching tomorrow.

San Francisco, May 17.—12:15 p. m.—President McKinley, accompanied by Henry T. Scott and Chief of Police Sullivan, left the Scott residence at 12:10 o'clock for a short drive. President McKinley's face has lost much of the worried look it bore yesterday and this is taken as a certain indication that he has taken hope from the favorable reports from the sick room today.

It was decided to forego the review of the school children, which was to have taken place today. Mr. McKinley looked forward to this review with pleasurable anticipation, but he was persuaded to ask that the program for today be called off, as he hardly felt that he could leave Mrs. McKinley for any length of time.

San Francisco, Cal., May 17.—News from the bedside of Mrs. McKinley this morning is more hopeful. At 8:45 a. m. Secretary Cortelyou gave out the first official bulletin of the day, announcing that Mrs. McKinley had passed a restful night and appeared very much improved over her condition yesterday and last night.

This was the first official news that had been given out since 9 o'clock last night, and it came as a relief not only to those within the Scott residence, but also to the band of watchers that had kept weary vigil throughout the long hours of the night.

After the last bulletin of the night had been given out and Dr. Hirschfelder, the consulting physician, had left for the night, announcing that he would not return until morning, the lights were extinguished except in the sick room, where a shaded lamp burned low and where only a nurse was in attendance upon the patient.

A NIGHT OF FOG.

The night was extremely disagreeable. Fog came in from the ocean in great clouds that settled over the hills and soon developed into a penetrating mist that saturated everything with water. A score of newspaper reporters and half a score of police officers walked about the house or stood in sheltered doorways, seeking what comfort that could be had under the disagreeable conditions.

Not a single light was shown in any part of the house except a faint glow in the sick room and in the telegraph room, where a corps of telegraphers and stenographers were kept busy until the early hours of the morning receiving and transmitting official telegrams over a direct wire to Washington.

With the cessation of work in the

telegraph room the house was wrapped in darkness and not a sound or sign of life was visible. Stillness prevailed outside and the ceaseless tread of the policemen pacing the beats about the residence was the only noise to be heard. With the extinguishing of the lights in the telegraph room the crowd of curious that had stood for hours in Lafayette square opposite the Scott residence, kept at a respectful distance by the police cordon, melted away.

MR. MCKINLEY UP EARLY.

With the first indication of daylight the heavy fog began to dissipate and the day broke clear and bright. The president arose at 5 o'clock and raised the window blinds facing the east, allowing the sun to stream in.

At 5:30 the trained nurse was seen to slightly raise the blinds of the sick room in order that the patient might get the sunlight.

There was not a stir in other parts of the house and those waiting for news from the distinguished patient felt relief in the situation, as everything indicated continued improvement, or at least no change for the worse.

The president sent word to have his breakfast served early, presumably in order that he might devote his attention to executive business.

At 7 o'clock the relief nurse arrived and took up her position at the bedside, and at 7:30 Henry S. Scott, who had passed the night at a neighboring residence, called to learn Mrs. McKinley's condition. He remained only a few minutes and came out looking cheerful and relieved.

PASSED A RESTFUL NIGHT.

In response to a query as to the patient's condition he said:

"I feel greatly gratified and relieved at Mrs. McKinley's condition this morning. She passed a restful night and this morning called for a cup of coffee. When it was served she remarked to the president and the nurse that the cup in which it was served was not as large as she had been used to. In view of these facts I consider her greatly improved and feel that she will continue to improve from now on."

When asked as to whether the entire party would remain in San Francisco until the president shall be ready to return to Washington, he replied that such is his understanding, but the contingency largely depends upon Mrs. McKinley's improvement.

As soon as she is able to travel, however, the president will, he said, take her direct to Washington over the route already announced in these dispatches.

Shortly after Mr. Scott had left the house Dr. Hirschfelder drove up and was shown into the sick room.

A few minutes later Secretary Cortelyou sent for the waiting reporters and read to them the official bulletin herein quoted.

A SENSE OF RELIEF.

There was a decided sense of relief to all. The serious aspect of the case during the early hours of last night prepared the public for news of the worst character, but the quiet night passed by the patient, the short realization this morning, and the reassuring bulletin issuing therefrom all tended to substantiate the statement made by Mr. Scott and later by Secretary Cortelyou.

The president did not leave the house during the morning, but it was said he hoped to take a drive about noon. He was considerably annoyed yesterday by the presence of persons with kodaks at every turn he made and it is thought this annoying feature has deterred him from walking in the immediate vicinity of the house today.

Secretaries Smith and Hitchcock are now with the president and will spend the day with him.

The president is greatly encouraged over Mrs. McKinley's improvement.

CONSCIOUS AT INTERVALS.

At intervals Mrs. McKinley has been conscious and has recognized her husband, who has remained almost constantly at her side. He is bowed with sorrow and his careworn expression is noticeable to all who see him during his brief walks in Lafayette park, opposite his temporary home.

He has expressed himself as deeply touched by the sympathy extended to him. From every quarter of the civilized world cablegrams have poured in, each message breathing an earnest prayer that the wife of the chief executive may be spared. The president has personally requested each member of his cabinet to keep all engagements and not to permit the illness of his wife to mar the pleasures of their trip. They have been loth to do this, however, as all share in the general sorrow.

Secretary Hay, worn out with work and worry, remained in his apartment all day yesterday, but expects to join the other cabinet members in reviewing the school children of the city on Van Ness avenue today.

PRESIDENT TO BE ABSENT.

This was one of the features of the week's program, which was anticipated with pleasure by President McKinley, and at his request it will be carried out, though without his presence. According to recent plans, the launching of the battleship Ohio to-

morrow will take place, but the president and members of the cabinet will not be there, there will be no banquet by the citizens Saturday night and all receptions and trips that have been in contemplation have been abandoned. The only public appearance of the president in San Francisco, excepting in the neighborhood of the Scott residence, where he is sojourning, will be when he takes a carriage to his waiting train on his way back east.

He said that only a sense of duty had caused him to cancel his many engagements. He had desired to visit the northwest and expected to greatly enjoy his trip through the Yellowstone park. The gift prepared by the employees of the Union Iron works for the president, who was to have addressed them tomorrow, will be sent to Washington and presented to him at some appropriate time. The Knights Templar will also send to Washington the beautiful silken flag with gold mounted staff which they intended to present to the president in this city.

CABINET MEETING MONDAY.

There was no cabinet meeting this week. It was planned to have the customary Monday afternoon session on board the president's special at San Jose, but the collapse of Mrs. McKinley compelling the hasty departure from Del Monte changed the program.

A meeting will be held next Monday afternoon at the Scott residence unless the condition of Mrs. McKinley is such as to render a gathering impracticable. If it takes place it will be the first meeting of a national cabinet ever held on the Pacific coast. The telegraph and telephone companies are over-whelmed with work in connection with the presence of the presidential party and the illness of Mrs. McKinley. Special wires have been run into the Scott residence and extra operators are kept busy at all hours transmitting official messages and answers to inquiries from all parts of the globe.

UNIVERSAL SYMPATHY.

People of all creeds and nationalities are represented in the expressions of sympathy sent to the president and though unable to reply to all of them, he deeply appreciates the sentiments they convey.

At a special service held at the Bush street synagogue, Rabbi Isador Myers recited in Hebrew an impressive prayer for the recovery of Mrs. McKinley. The Daily Chinese World (printed in Chinese and English) in its latest issue contains the following:

"It is our custom that each household erect within the living room of his residence, however humble though the home may be, a shrine before which he may worship after his own faith, and we request that this night the elder of each and every Chinese family pray fervently and tenderly to the Greater to spare and restore to health the wife of this great man; the heart of his heart, for whom he has shown a devotion which must excite the admiration of every true-hearted man, be he Christian or pagan. We may differ materially in our religious faiths and because of thousands of years of training it is sometimes difficult for us to agree, on certain ceremonial laws still our love for those for whom we have taken our hearts is identical, and the same tender love for wife and family is common to all mankind. Our sympathy for the president is as sincere and as intense as it could be, were it expressed by his own people."

AGUINALDO GIVES OPINION

GOVERNMENT SHOULD CONFORM TO CONSTITUTION.

Concerning Political and Commercial Future He is Reticent—In No Fear of Life.

Manila, May 17.—Aguinaldo, in an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press today, expressed the opinion that the American government of the Philippines, in order to be unquestionably satisfactory, should conform strictly to the constitution. Asked whether he considered the Filipinos capable of exercising all the privileges guaranteed by a liberal interpretation and application of the constitution, he declined to express an opinion.

Concerning the political and commercial future of the archipelago, Aguinaldo was reserved. He said it was hardly time to discuss it, while in what he considered to be captivity. The military officials say he is kept guarded principally for his own protection.

Aguinaldo says that he knows of no enemies, needs no protection and is willing to go out unattended if permitted to do so. He is pleased with the municipal law conferring full local self-government.

Concerning the provincial law, by which the governor only is an elective officer, Aguinaldo was uncommunicative.

It is not expected that Aguinaldo will continue to be prominent in Philippine affairs, though his friends concede his exceptional abilities for leadership.

Next week the balance of the First infantry will proceed to the Island of Samar. Squadrons of the Ninth and Tenth cavalry will also be sent to Samar. Nine new American judges called on General MacArthur today. The general said their duties were of greater importance than those of any officers who preceded them. He commended the establishment of laws and a just judiciary ahead of the coming commercial activity.

INSURGENTS SURRENDER.

Manila, May 17.—5:35 p. m.—General Mascardo, with 328 men, has surrendered to Capt. Joseph P. O'Neil, of the Twenty-fifth infantry, at San Antonio, Zambales province.

Washington, May 17.—The following cablegram confirmatory of the Manila dispatch was received at the war department today from General MacArthur at Manila:

"General Mascardo, twenty-one officers, 331 men and rifles, surrendered to Capt. Joseph P. O'Neil, Sannarveiso, Zambales province, May 16."

DEATH'S RECORD OF THE DAY

MRS. E. W. JEFFERS EXPIRES AT HOPE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Edward Sordelet Dies at Her Home in Eel River Township—Other Mortuary Matters.

Mrs. Julia Louise Jeffers, wife of E. W. Jeffers, residing at 42 Wells street, died Thursday midnight at Hope hospital from childbirth. Mrs. Jeffers' age was thirty-three years, four months and twenty-seven days. She was born in Noble county, and was married but little more than a year ago.

SORDELET.

Mrs. Edward Sordelet, who resided on the McCulloch farm in Eel River township, died at 6 o'clock Thursday evening. Mrs. Sordelet was twenty-three years of age, and leaves the husband and three children, the youngest but three weeks old. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Holmes, of Eel River township, and resided in Fort Wayne until the removal to the farm in February last. Besides the parents, other relatives include two sisters and three brothers. Mrs. Sordelet was a devoted member of St. Vincent's Catholic church.

COX.

Gladys Cox, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Cox, residing in Jefferson township, Whitley county, near the Allen county line, died Tuesday evening at 8:30 o'clock from convulsions, at the age of four weeks.

EASY TO CURE A COLD

If you go about it right. Take two or three Krause's Cold Cure Capsules during the day and two before retiring at night. This will insure a good night's rest and a free movement of the bowels next morning. Continue the treatment next day and your cold will melt away. Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

FORECASTLE TASTE CHANGED.

"This has become a most unprofitable business," said the dealer, as he held up to view a highly colored lithograph of a shipwreck in mid-ocean.

Men, women and children were floating about the surface of the stormy sea, clinging to upturned boats, spars and bits of wreckage. The entire forward part of the steamer had disappeared from view beneath the waves and a small part of the stern alone was above the water's edge and was packed with humanity.

"Good picture," continued the dealer. "Good picture, but it does not seem to be any too popular these days. I remember the time not long ago when you couldn't find a forecastle without a half dozen pictures of wrecks at sea. Now they rot away in the showcases before we sell a single one."

"Every notion store window along South and West streets was an art gallery. Except for a few old-timers nobody sells these pictures along the water front now. The reason for the change is that the forecastles are now filled with stokers, trimmers and grinders knows what else."

"One or two western marine papers still offer nautical lithographs for sale, but I imagine they do not bank money with the proceeds. I recall the time when the walls of the average forecastle were lined with world-famed pictures. Pictures of the Dreadnaught, Sovereign of the Seas, Red Jacket, Flying Cloud, Lightning, Challenger and other crack Yankee clipper ships were sold by the thousands. They usually brought 25 and 50 cents each, but not infrequently went for \$1."

"Pictures of the loss of the Arctic, Atlantic, Hungarian, Anglo Saxon, Ville Due Havre, Schiller and Deutschland used to sell like hot cakes do now along Park row on pay day."

"It is odd that sailors of the old

Cancer Cured

Thousands of hopeless cases among the cured. We guarantee to cure cancer, to stay cured.

CANCER of the Eye, Nose, Lip, Ear, Neck, Breast, Womb, and in fact all the internal and external organs or tissues, cured in every case without the use of the knife.

WE KNOW THAT THIS TREATMENT IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD. IF IT WERE NOT SO, WE CERTAINLY WOULD NOT BEG THE PRIVILEGE TO GUARANTEE A CURE. What the cancer patient wants to know and be certain of, is that when he has followed directions, and paid for the treatment, he will not be doomed to disappointment.

I believe that I am the only one in this practice who knows THE TRUE REMEDY, AND HOW TO APPLY IT. No other person knows my secret. I do not say any spirit of buncombe, but sincerely believe that there is no other principle upon which a permanent cure of cancer can be based. Until it is demonstrated to me that there is another cure for this loathsome disease, I'll claim that I HAVE THE ONLY CURE ON EARTH.

Come and be cured. Come and learn our method of treating the sick. Come unprejudiced if you can, and be ready to be convinced. That is all which those who know ask of you. The truth invites investigation and loves the light, you will be benefited.

A book of testimonials for the asking. Write your address on a postal card and send to

Without the Use of the Surgeon's Chastity Knife.

Thousands of hopeless cases among the cured. We guarantee to cure cancer, to stay cured.

THE APOSTOLIC METHODS AND APPLIANCES FOR CREATING FEMALE DISEASES, MIBROID TUMORS, etc., etc.

CONSUMPTION.

Catarrh, Hay Fever, Asthma—My Method of Treatment.

Inhalations of Medicated and Refined Air; San Jose treatment, Vapo-Pulmonary Massage and MEDICATED AIR-TIGHT ROOMS CURES WHILE YOU SLEEP. We use the above methods for their direct healing effects upon the air-passages of the diseased organs; and at the same time administering such medicine by stomach as will most effectively drive out the disease, purify the blood, give tone to the nervous system, build up and strengthen the general constitution. In other words I employ combined local and general treatment. Dr. Zimmerman has cured thousands of so-called inoperable cases. So do not despair. It matters not who has failed, there is help for you.

35 YEARS SUCCESS CURING

WITHOUT THE USE OF KNIFE. VARI-COCCLE, STRICTURE, NERVOUS debility, Weakness, Violation of the Laws of Health, Blood and Skin Diseases, Kidney, Bladder and kindred Diseases. Booklet free.

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90 Calhoun Street. ASK FOR TRADING STAMPS.

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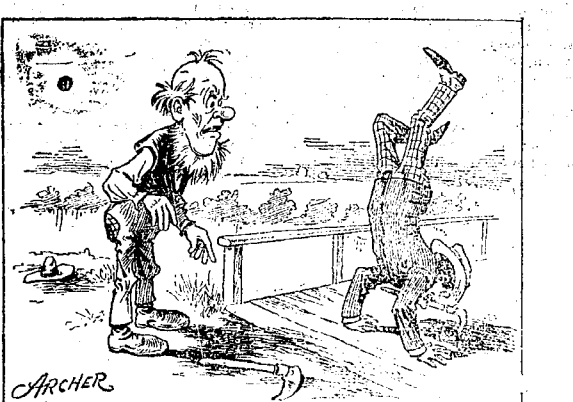
25 years European and American hospital and private practice experience for all Diseases of Head, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidney, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Bladder, Blood, Skin, Eye, Ear and Sexual Diseases. Kidney and Urinary weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, sediment in urine, back and bladder, painful, urticarial, Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder. Private Diseases—Gleet, Gonorrhea, Inflammations, Discharges, Strictures, Weakness of Organs, Syphilis, Mydriasis, Varicose and kindred troubles quickly restored. Lost Manhood and all its attending ailments, both young, middle-aged and old men. The awful effects of early indiscretions, producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, loss of energy and weakness of both body and brain. Cancers, Tumors, Piles cured without knife or pain. Do not let timidity or prejudice keep you from calling. OFFICE DAYS—Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays. Sunday hours, 2 to 4 only.

Dr. N. R. Wenger, 126 Calhoun Street, FORT WAYNE, IND.

FOILED.



1. Farmer—High, there, stranger, that's a toll bridge; 15 cents for a wagon, 10 cents on horse-back, and 5 cents afoot.



2. Sig. Somersault (late of Barnum's)—All right, pard; I'll just cross this way and it won't cost me a cent.

A RULE OF RIFLES

TROOPS GUARDING ALBANY'S STREET CAR LINES.

ROCKS THROWN AT MILITIA

TRAIN BEARING NATIONAL GUARD IS DERAILED.

WOMEN JEER THE SOLDIERS

PROGRESS OF THE BIG STRIKE IN THE EAST.

Albany, N. Y., May 15.—The traction strike was productive of no serious disorders during the night. The company made no further effort to operate cars or repair its lines and will probably remain inactive until the military force called by the state is in a position to afford the fullest protection. A strong effort was made during the night to bring the contending interests into conference, but it failed, and at this time the breach is as wide as ever.

The establishment of the militia patrol began shortly before midnight, when three companies of the Tenth battalion were quietly and quickly dispatched from the Washington avenue armory. One company was ordered to the traction power house, another to the upper town barn and the third to the northern barn.

When company D, which was ordered to the up town barn, swung into Quail street a jeering crowd fell in on its flanks and rear and followed it down to the barn.

THROW ROCKS AT MILITIA.
As it halted in front of the barn a shower of rocks and other missiles fell among the men. It was thought for a time that there would be a clash, but the police drove the crowd back and the soldiers made no menacing move. The police withdrew as soon as the national guard picket line was established around the traction company's plant and as the night wore on the crowd melted away.

As the new day came the crowd re-assembled and at daylight it numbered about 500. The sentries kept the street clear.

The women were particularly vindictive and howled out their choicest epithets at the non-union men who showed themselves at the upper windows of the barn.

The first detachment of the Twenty-third infantry arrived here at 7:45 o'clock this morning and its opening part in this great industrial struggle came near being a tragedy.

TROOPS' TRAIN DERAILED.

Just after their train had crossed the New York Central bridge spanning the Hudson it struck a misplaced switch. The powerful mogul engine drawing it jumped from the track and went tumbling over on its side. None of the cars left the track, but they were given a jolt that shook every man in the train. There were 400 men in the detachment, under Lieutenant Colonel Brady. The entire Second regiment, under command of Colonel Lloyd, of Troy, and including one thousand men from Troy, Cohoes, Hoosic Falls, Schenectady and Saratoga, have been ordered to report in this city this afternoon. This will make the total military strength about 2,200.

CLEARED THE STREETS.

The first active step of the military forces was taken shortly after 10 o'clock, when the Third signal corps, mounted, and a detachment of mounted police cleared the streets around the Quail street barn. A zone of four blocks was cleared and a new picket line established at its outer edge.

This move, it is understood, is preliminary to the repairing of the lines in that vicinity and the clearing away of the wrecked cars and obstructions on the tracks.

MAHAN GIVES IT UP.

W. D. Mahan, international president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees of America, left the city today. Before going away Mr. Mahan gave out a statement in which it was said that Chairman Dilworth and he had come to Albany to bring about an adjustment of the difficulties between the Union Traction company and its employees, but that owing to the existing bitterness there was no present prospect of bringing the contending forces together. It had therefore been decided to leave affairs here in the hands of the two local organizations until such time as they deemed the presence of the international officers might be of assistance to them.

Mr. Mahan added that the strikers have the support of the international organization.

QUIET IN TROY.

Troy, N. Y., May 15.—The situation with reference to the street car strike here is unchanged today and the city is quiet. The tearing up of the railway tracks on the bridge over

the Poestenkill is attributed by the strikers to hoodlums.

The Troy companies of the Second regiment are assembling at the armory.

Albany, N. Y., May 16.—Promptly at 8 o'clock this morning the United Traction company began preparations to move its cars. At that hour General Barnes, in command of the Twenty-third regiment, brought out before the Quail street barn his entire regiment. At the same time the Tenth battalion started down town dropping out details at the street corners along the traction line running to Broadway. One company of the Twenty-third, Company A, started to clear out the mob massed at the curve on Central avenue.

CHARGE WITH BAYONETS.

Persuasion was of no avail. Back went the company a dozen paces. "Charge bayonets," shouted Lieutenant Colonel Brady, who was near by. Down went the gleaming points and on a rush the men started for the crowd. Just as they reached them there was a quick reverse of the guns and the butts smashed against human bodies. With a howl the crowd started back, some with bloody faces and some with broken bones. The mob was not allowed to stop until it had been driven three blocks away. Then every side street for blocks around was cleared and details began the work of closing up the saloons and houses. In two corner saloons they found surly groups, and in one the soldiers had to club the men with their rifles. General Barnes then ordered windows in the houses closed. Usually a rifle pointed was sufficient, but in one or two cases details had to enter the houses and close them, the women defying them.

All the time inside the barn doors were five open cars ready manned with non-union men waiting the word to run out.

CARS CARRY PINKERTONS.

On each car were two motormen, two conductors and two Pinkerton detectives, the latter with loaded rifles in their hands. "The men are ordered not to fire except it is absolutely necessary," said Superintendent Bassett, of the road.

At 8:30 o'clock the first car emerged from the barn and rounded the curve to the spot where the crowd had wrecked two others Tuesday. General Barnes was there and when the car reached the obstructions a coupling was made and the damaged cars soon removed to the barn. The crowd was too far distant to even see the operation, and if a window went up a guardsman soon shut it with an order.

While this was going on the street corners along the State street route began to assume the conditions of military hosts. Details of soldiers in every prominent square kept people moving, so that no large crowd could gather.

SOLDIERS ON CARS.

At 9:20 a second car left the stable and started over towards Madison avenue, a thoroughfare not guarded. On board of it were Lieutenant Colonel Brady and a company of the Twenty-third regiment guarding two motormen and two conductors. They proceeded over Quail street, stopping to remove flagstone obstructions from the track. The car was an open one.

When the road officials were ready to move a car word was sent to Colonel Lloyd, in command of the Second regiment at North Albany, and he immediately began placing his men along Broadway at points where trouble was feared. Household doors were warned that a brick thrown from a house top or a window would mean the arrest of all the inmates, and stragglers on the street corners were notified to keep moving.

MILITIA CHARGES CROWD.

As the numerous cars kept coming down the hill the crowd near the post-office increased in numbers and began to get excited. The military charged upon the crowd and drove them two blocks away from the junction of State and Broadway. The cars ran up Broadway as far as the company's cars, and although there were several thousand people there the hostile demonstration was limited to jeering of those on the cars.

Following the procession of cars the repair wagons, guarded by seventy mounted signal corps men, came down the street and turned up Broadway, where there was some repairing to be done.

The United Traction company has added to its five rewards offered yesterday for information as to who hurt the non-union men, five more rewards of \$100 each.

STRIKERS WANT ARBITRATION.

A conference was held in the office of Mayor Blessing today between the mayor, Corporation Counsel Andrews, and Attorney H. Woodward, the latter representing the strikers.

It was there decided that the strikers should hold a meeting late this afternoon for the purpose of drawing up a compromise proposition to submit to the traction company as the basis for settlement of the strike. The mayor will act as arbitrator between the strikers and the company.

WALLACE CIRCUS COMING.

The agent of the Wallace circus was in the city today arranging for the appearance of the shows in Fort Wayne early in June.

VETERANS GATHER

INDIANA G. A. R. HAS CAPTURED LOGANSPOUT.

BOYS IN BLUE OWN THE TOWN

FORT WAYNE REPRESENTATIVES IN EVIDENCE.

ARE AFTER THE ENCAMPMENT

BUSINESS SESSIONS OF ENCAMPMENT BEGIN.

[Special to The Sentinel.]
Logansport, Ind., May 15.—Thousands of veterans of the civil war, together with other thousands of visitors, have captured this city and own it for the time being.

The state encampment of the Department of Indiana, Grand Army of the Republic, began in earnest this morning. From every section of Indiana have come the old boys in blue and the towns, cities and countryside within excursion distance of Logansport have poured in throngs of sightseers until the city is congested with humanity.

The city is in gala attire and old glory tosses from flagstaffs or droops from windows all over the city. In the business section a gleaming mass of color greets the eye on every hand.

A large delegation from Fort Wayne arrived this forenoon and is making its presence felt. Together with the advance guard of boomers who came yesterday the Fort Wayne veterans are waging an aggressive campaign for holding next year's encampment in the Summit City. The encampment here will be regularly besieged and the Fort Wayne boys expect to carry the day. Anderson is the only competitor of Fort Wayne for the honor.

The first business session of the department meeting was held this morning at 9 o'clock in the Broadway rink. Department Commander Beem delivered his annual address. Among other things he said:

"It is now more than forty years since the opening gun of the rebellion was fired, and thirty-six years have rolled by since the echoes of the last died away over the hills and valleys of the south. Of the mighty men of valor and patriotism who went forth at the call of our beloved Lincoln to lead our armies to victory, nearly all have passed away. A careful investigation shows that of the colonels of the 158 Indiana regiments appointed by Governor Morton, sixteen only survive. The average age of the soldiers of the civil war is over sixty years. It is not strange, therefore, that the membership of this department should have steadily declined for several years. Notwithstanding this decline, however, the situation has some encouraging features. The membership last year was 16,618; gained during the year since, 1,708; total, if no losses, 18,326. Losses by death, 419; losses from other causes, 1,691; total losses, 2,110. Membership at the present time, 16,211.

"We have, therefore, lost in membership during the year only fifteen members except from deaths. Considering the age, infirmity and poverty of so many of our comrades, this is a creditable showing. The number of posts in good standing last year was 455; there have been organized six new posts, and eighteen have disbanded, leaving at this time 443 posts in good standing, a loss of twelve. It is a pleasant fact to state that only three posts, and they small ones, have failed to make proper reports and pay the per capita tax, which shows a promptness unprecedented in the history of the department. All honor to the gray-haired veterans of this department, who thus manifest their fidelity to the Grand Army of the Republic and are so nobly standing by their colors."

Commander Beem paid a glowing tribute to the veteran's late comrade, Gen. Benjamin Harrison. He reviewed matters in connection with the woman's auxiliaries to the Grand Army and reported on the conditions of the state soldiers' homes. On the general subject of pensions the commander said:

"So much uncertainty has appeared, and so many arbitrary and obstructive rules have been adopted, that great unrest and dissatisfaction exists among the pensioners and their friends. I sometimes think that those charged with the administration of public affairs have a narrow conception of the importance of this great question and do not fully realize the earnestness of the old soldiers in regard to it. The veterans of the civil war have been as conspicuous in their support of the government in time of peace as they were loyal in time of rebellion. They risked their lives for the Union when it was in peril, and they have faithfully stood by every administration which they believed to be in the right since the war. But it is not safe for those in authority to assume that there is no limit to forbearance.

Congressmen, senators, cabinet officers, presidents and all in authority should know that the men who in time of war struck so many valiant blows for the Union and for the right, can in time of peace, if the necessity arises, in the way that freemen express their choice, strike effective blows for their own rights."

In the annual parade today thousands of veterans were in line and marched between cheering throngs. National Commander Louis Rassieur, of St. Louis, arrived today and reviewed the parade. The weather has been ideal and conducted greatly to the large number of veterans in the parade.

KOKOMO MAN WINS FIGHT

[Special to The Sentinel.]
Logansport, Ind., May 16.—The state encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic came officially to an end at noon today with the election of officers.

The proposed resolutions condemning the dismissal of Col. Russell B. Harrison from the army did not come up. The opposition to such action by the encampment became very strong and was nurtured in some instances by friends of Colonel Harrison, who did not believe his case would be improved any by such a course.

THE NEW OFFICERS.

The election of officers today gives the department of Indiana this official roster:

Department Commander—Capt. Milton N. Garrigus, Kokomo.
Senior Vice Commander—Rodney Strain, Logan.
Junior Vice Commander—C. E. Brown, Delaney post, Indianapolis.
Chaplain—B. F. Shephard, Pleasantville.
Medical Director—Warren L. King, M. D., Greenfield.
Council of Administration—J. F. Hammel, Madison; M. C. Rankin, Terre Haute; W. B. Harris, Indianapolis; J. D. Braden, Elkhart; H. A. Rest, Michigan City.
Delegate-at-Large—Ben Starr, Richmond; alternate, A. R. Tucker, Noblesville.

Captain Garrigus, of Kokomo, and E. E. Georgia, of Muncie, were the only candidates for department commander and Captain Garrigus was generally conceded last night to have the honor secure.

The next encampment will be held in Anderson. Fort Wayne generously withdrew from the contest and allowed Anderson a clear field for the honor.

LADIES OF THE G. A. R.

[Special to The Sentinel.]
Logansport, Ind., May 16.—At the meeting of the Ladies of the G. A. R. this forenoon Mrs. E. W. Sawtell, of Fort Wayne, was elected president of the state organization. The other officers elected were as follows:

Senior Vice President—Mrs. Margaret Blose, of Richmond.
Junior Vice President—Ella Tryon, of Monroeville.
The report of the state president, Mrs. Jennie Irvin, of New Albany, for the year just closed, shows that there are twenty-one circles in the state, with 1,277 members, exclusive of 645 comrades of the Grand Army who hold associate membership. There were three candidates for department president.

W. R. C. CONVENTION.

Logansport, Ind., May 16.—The W. R. C. convention assembled yesterday morning in the beautiful Masonic hall, with a large attendance, with Mrs. Laura S. Burr, of Anderson, department president, in the chair. In her address Mrs. Burr spoke hopefully of the condition of the organization in the state. In a report sent to Commander Beem, President Burr presents the following statistics for the year and March 31 last: Number of corps in the state, 183; members in good standing, 6,757; cash expended for relief, \$2,251.41; other relief, \$3,020.26; amount turned over to posts, \$1,303.39; number of veterans assisted during the year, 596; number in soldiers' families, 2,011; number of members assisted, 284; total number of persons assisted, 3,373.

Only one candidate appeared for president yesterday afternoon when the W. R. C. convention came to elect, Mrs. Mary E. Swain, of Richmond. Consequently she was unanimously elected. Mrs. Lizzie Brown, of Logansport, was elected senior vice president.

A DELICATE OPERATION.

Drs. R. Parks White and C. C. F. Nieschlag last week performed a very delicate operation at St. Joseph's hospital. The patient was Miss Maggie Woods, of Larwill, aged fifteen years, and the young girl withstood the operation very well and she is now progressing rapidly toward recovery. The operation consisted of the removal of an osseous growth behind the right eye, the growth extending from the base of the frontal brain to the roof of the mouth. In order to remove the growth it was necessary to partially remove the nose and this was done. After the growth had been removed it was found that portions of the bone in that part of the skull had commenced



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to decay and the necrosed parts were removed also. The growth had closed up the passages in that part of the girl's head, rendering it impossible for her to breathe in the proper manner, and it had almost displaced the right eye from the socket. The operation was successful in every way and was a very delicate piece of surgical work.

PRIZES FOR BICYCLE RACES

EXCELLENT LIST FOR DECORATION DAY EVENTS.

Five Bicycles, Besides Numerous Other Valuable Articles on the List—Driving Club Races.

INDICTED AT INDIANAPOLIS

FEDERAL GRAND JURY HOLDS TWO FORT WAYNE MEN.

Returns Bills Against J. K. Ross and Harry Snow—Both for Revenue Tax Violation.

[Special to The Sentinel.]

Indianapolis, May 16.—The federal grand jury today returned indictments against J. K. Ross and Harry Snow, of Fort Wayne, for violation of the revenue tax law. Ross was charged with having sold beer from his grocery, and Snow, it is alleged, conducted a saloon without having paid the revenue tax. Snow was released by Commissioner Logan on his personal recognizance and fled before the date for his preliminary hearing.

G. R. HENCH IS DELEGATE.

G. R. Hench, foreman of The Sentinel composing room, was honored at the meeting of Fort Wayne Typographical union, No. 78, Wednesday evening, by election as delegate to the annual convention of the International Typographical union, to be held at Birmingham, Ala., August 12. There were four candidates and the contest was a very close one. Harry Keller, of the Journal-Gazette office, was elected alternate.

HENRY BERNING DEAD.

Henry Berning, a wealthy farmer and well-known in Fort Wayne, died Thursday at his home in Adams county, about seventeen miles south of this city. Mr. Berning was about fifty-five years of age, and leaves a widow and several children.

The funeral services will be held Saturday at 12:30 from the Lutheran church at Bingen.

GIFTED WRITER SUICIDES.

New York, May 15.—In poor health and discouraged because of the misery prevailing in the city, especially among the children, to whom she had devoted years of her life, Mrs. Edith Thomas, friend of the poor and a gifted writer, sent a bullet through her heart in the West side branch of the University Settlement last night. Among the books written by Mrs. Thomas were "Your Money or Your Life," "Cross Kriss," and "A Modern Rosalind." Mrs. Thomas has sought for years to advance the children of the poor. She has worked among the crowded tenement districts for nearly ten years.

LACES AT CENTIVRE'S PARK.

The Amateur Driving club met last week and arranged a program for Decoration day at Centivire park. The track has been put in fine condition and some fast work is anticipated. The races begin at 1:30 p. m. and the program is as follows:

First Race, 2:40 Trot—Colonel Dewey, owned by Eli Rosenthal; Besie B, Henry Wurtz; Victor C, R. Walter; Bud N, Frank Notestine; Jim T, Christ Siebold; Allen Wilkes, A. B. Tonsley; Trus Bill, Gust Hobrock.

Second Race, 2:30 Pace—Sorel Dan, Joe Stewart; Lottie S, Charles Buuck; Mr. Carter, Peter Carter; Lady Ethelphs, J. W. Pierce; White

Wonder, Charles Gruber; Indian Chief, Fred Tapp; Zenora, Charles Centivire; Royzella, John Wilkens.

Third Race, 2:55 Pace—Harry Noble, Henry Braun; Pat Gilmore, Will Rhinehart; Carl C, Charles Centivire; Bill C, Tom Snook; Red Hill, John Wilkens; Busy Bell, Martin Ankenbruck.

The committees are as follows: Race Committee—Charles Centivire, Andrew McGovern and Tom Snook.

Committee on Arrangements—Martin Ankenbruck, William C. Pape and Tom Snook.

TROOPS MAY BE WITHDRAWN

AGREEMENT ON INDEMNITIES MAKES IT POSSIBLE.

Germany Will Accept Prolongation of Payments to Thirty Years—Is Favorably Disposed.

Berlin, May 15.—Officials here, discussing the answer of the Chinese peace commissioners, say the fact of prime significance therein is that the commissioners agree to the indemnities as demanded, and the withdrawal of the troops can now proceed forthwith, but that not all the foreign forces will be withdrawn at once.

The Chinese proposition to raise the import and export duties will probably be accepted, since the only other possibility of increasing China's revenues is the reform of the liken duties, which the powers particularly wish to avoid, because it would require too much mixing in the internal affairs of China.

Further international control over the customs will be unnecessary, beyond Sir Robert Hart's.

The prolongation of the payments to thirty years will probably be accepted. Germany appears favorably disposed thereto. The request for a reduction of the indemnities will still be discussed by the ministers at Peking, who must first get the instructions from their governments. It is anticipated here that other nations will make stronger objections to a reduction than Germany, which appears to be willing to reduce the amount if it is seen China is unable to pay all.

GOING TO WABASH.

(Wabash Plaindealer.)

George Townsend and W. S. Reed, vice president and general manager of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company, are expected in the city tomorrow to arrange for entering Wabash with their trolley line now in process of construction from Fort Wayne to Wabash. It is not probable there will be further opposition to the acquisition of the towpath by the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction line, which expects to have cars running between Fort Wayne and Wabash by fall.

THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION

At Buffalo opens May 1st, 1901, and don't forget that the Nickel Plate road is the shortest and most expedient route to Buffalo and will land you directly at the Exposition gates. Rates are in effect April 30th, 1901, and good going or returning on any of our Trio of Daily Express trains. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent. C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind.

McH 28-th-tu-w tju 1st

WERE MARRIED WEDNESDAY.

Joseph Reichelderfer, foreman at the state farm, and Miss Ida Vernon were united in marriage Wednesday last at the home of the bride's parents, in Elkhart county. Mr. and Mrs. Reichelderfer will return to Fort Wayne early next week and will take up their residence at Oak Lawn farm.

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